"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Unsettled, occasional showers to-day and to-morrow; colder; south winds.
For full weather report see Page 12.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,455. * * * NEW YORK, MONDAY, MAY 1, 1911.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

WOMAN HAD MILLION, BUT LIVED IN SQUALOR

Jane Perkins Williams, Once a Wall Street Figure, Goes from Her Home to Asylum.

HER WEALTH STRANGELY HID

Checks for Dividends, Stocks and Bonds Found in Wretched Rooms Where She Immured Herself.

Homer C. Babcock, special agent of the State Lunacy Commission, will apply to-day to the Supreme Court for the appointment of a committee to look after the estate of Miss Jane Perkins Williams, who amassed nearly $1,000,000 and then retired to spend her last days in a one-story, dilapidated frame shack at 452 Prospect Avenue, Brooklyn.

Several days ago neighbors complained that Miss Williams, who is 75, needed attention. She was removed to the Long Island State Hospital for the Insane, and yesterday Special Agent Babcock examined her hovel to find out something about her, as she resolutely refused to talk about herself, and her neighbors could throw no light upon her life. What Mr. Babcock found in the hovel gave him the surprise of his life.

Buried beneath thousands of old newspapers and heaps of trash he found stocks, bonds, mortgages, and other papers representing nearly $500,000. Evidence that the recluse has at least $500,000 more in safety deposit vaults in Brooklyn, New York, and Albany was also discovered. Wherever the searchers looked they came upon valuable securities.

Stocks and bonds worth thousands of dollars were tucked away in old china, in an ancient mattress, in holes in the walls, and under the floor. Bundles of letters which had never been opened contained checks for dividends which the old woman had never collected. There were newspaper clippings, fondly treasured for years, which showed that Miss Williams a generation ago was a notable figure in Wall Street and was known as the Hetty Green of her day. In fact, Miss Williams knew Mrs. Green well, and she was on intimate terms with many other financiers.

Since 1875 and until a few years ago Miss Williams was a familiar figure in Wall Street. She went there every day, visiting her lawyers and brokers and attending to her financial affairs. Several years ago she became too feeble to make the pilgrimage and shut herself up in her Brooklyn home, where she refused to allow any one to visit her. She was an object of terror to the children and of curiosity to the older people. Wall Street missed her for a time and then forgot.

Lived in Squalor.

The old woman lived in squalor. She subsisted almost entirely upon milk which was furnished daily by Mrs. Gallagher of 455 Prospect Avenue. As Miss Williams would allow no one to enter the house, the milk was left on the doorstep and Miss Williams opened the door just wide enough to allow her hand to slip through and seize the bottle. Hundreds of empty milk bottles were found in the house.

What few meals the old woman ate she cooked on a little rusty stove. She slept on a broken-down couch piled high with newspapers. The house had not been cleaned for twenty years at least.

The enormous stack of unopened letters was seized by the lunacy authorities. Many of the checks they contained were from J. P. Morgan & Co. It was learned from the letters that the old woman had invested extensively in railroad and industrial securities. She had bought United States Steel common when it was selling below 10. Although most of the stocks and bonds she held increased enormously in value, Miss Williams never collected dividends or interest. The value of the interest and dividends alone will amount to thousands of dollars. One letter, from the New York, Ontario & Western Railroad, is a request to cash seven dividend checks which had accumulated, the company informing her it desired to straighten out her accounts.

It was learned that Miss Williams's bankers were and still are Henry Clews & Co. The foundation of her fortune is believed to be a legacy consisting of valuable property in Albany. The money derived from this estate Miss Williams invested and speculated with judiciously. An effort will be made to-day to discover the safety deposit vaults in which she kept other valuable stocks and money.

Illness Drove Her Out.

About three weeks ago the old woman tottered out of her house and across the street to the Gallagher home. She complained of feeling ill, and said that she was afraid to remain alone. She remained two days with the Gallaghers. Finally she begged to be taken to the home of Mrs. George Lawson at 458 Prospect Avenue. Mrs. Gallagher complied with this request, and the old woman stopped at the Lawson home for a fortnight. During this time it was apparent that the old woman was laboring under some hallucination. She talked continually of rich relatives, and it was finally decided to have her taken to the asylum.

Investigation of her papers showed that at one time Benjamin Chadsey, the Brooklyn lawyer who disappeared, was her attorney. In 1903, a few days after his disappearance, Miss Williams published the following notice:

Miss Jane Perkins Williams, twenty-seven years in Wall Street, medicinal doses, asks Benjamin Chadsey to turn State's evidence on seven other lawyers, all worse than himself. Miss Williams holds the legal papers and is promised a military protection. Her lifelong address, P. O. Box 257, Albany, N. Y.

She explained at the time that Chadsey was her lawyer in a will case in 1892. Miss Williams had a passion for newspapers, and when she went about would carry bundles of them. Some times, if any contained a mention of her, she would have hundreds of them mailed to her home.

She Loved Wall Street's Air.

She kept these religiously, and piled them into the four small rooms until they reached the ceiling. One contained this interview with her:

I am proud to say that I can earn my living in Wall Street, for I'd rather be there than anywhere else. I love the atmosphere of Wall Street. It's a good atmosphere, and the men I know there have been kinder, at least in my case, than any other class of persons. I went into it after the panic of '73.

My father was a Wall Street man who made $70,000 out of nothing at all. Every night of my life I go through the whole list of the stocks. I couldn't rest unless I did it, and I have done it so many years that I can almost do it in my sleep.

After the panic of '73 I waited until stocks were at the very lowest they had ever

Continued on Page 2.

BABY ON HER HANDS.

Mother Went Back for Her Purse, but She Never Returned.

Lieut. Mahoney of the East Thirty-fifth Street station, on desk duty late last night, was surprised on looking up to see a woman pasing a bundle to him with the remark:

"I want you to take care of this baby."

She had come in so quietly that the suddenness of the proposal quite took away the Lieutenant's breath. However, he pushed the baby gently back and informed the woman that it would be quite impossible.

She said she was Mrs. Annie Gay of 341 East Thirty-sixth Street, and told this story:

She advertised last week in the newspapers that she would take a baby to board. In response a stylishly dressed young woman brought to her house on April 26 the little girl baby she now had on her hands. The child's name was given as "Jessie Martin," and her age as three months. The stylish young woman said, according to Mrs. Gay, that she was Mrs. Martin of 314 East Twenty-fifth Street. The baby was expensively dressed, and both the child and the woman had every appearance of having means. The mother explained to Mrs. Gay that she was employed as a clerk in daytime and wanted a good home for the child. She suddenly opened, according to Mrs. Gay, a big handbag, and expressed surprise at not finding a small purse which she said she thought she had in it.

She said, however, that she would hurry to her home, which was near by, and get the money to pay a month's board in advance. The last Mrs. Gay saw of the woman was when she departed to get this money. She never returned. So last night Mrs. Gay took the child to the police.

After an investigation of the woman's story, which corroborated it, the child was taken to Bellevue Hospital. Detectives were sent out to seek the mother.

A TORPEDO FOR AERIAL WAR.

Firing of Krupp Device Does Not Disturb an Airship's Stability.

BERLIN, April 30.—Details of the new aerial torpedo, on which the Krupp firm has taken out American patents, show that the weapon is primarily designed for carrying on the long-discussed "war in the air," its principal feature being the absence of recoil, which has been the chief obstacle to the installation of regular guns or artillery on a delicately balanced aeroplane or balloon.

The new weapon, which, like the marine torpedo, is self-propelling, can be fired from a dirigible or aeroplane against a hostile balloon without disturbing the stability of the machine. Experiments with the torpedo, which is a development of a Swedish invention, have been carried on since November, 1909. The results have been kept secret, though it is known that ranges of 5,000 yards with a torpedo carrying a six-pound load of explosives were attained in the early stages of the experiments.

The torpedo, which acts on the principle of the ordinary skyrocket, is composed of two portions, the explosive head and a rear chamber containing a slow-burning powder charge, the gases from which issue through tubes at the rear and drive the projectile through the air. A launching device, operated by a light powder charge, but, on dirigibles, energized by electricity, gives the torpedo its original momentum, the burning powder charge then maintaining the flight at a constantly increasing speed. The gas tubes are set at an angle, giving the torpedo a spin like that of a rifle bullet to steady its flight.

The American patent taken out last month covers, it is thought, only the device for exploding the torpedo when it strikes the bag of the balloon or dirigible. The percussion device, which is necessarily far more delicate than that used in regular artillery, is locked to prevent premature explosion, the lock releasing only when the torpedo has attained a certain speed of rotation.

SLANG AMAZED GRAND DUKE.

Jobless Clerk Asked Him for "Tin," or "Dough," That He Might Get a Job.

DARMSTADT, April 30.—The Grand Duke Wilhelm Ernest of Hesse delights to go among his people in disguise, and one day last week, in this way, met with an amusing adventure. He was strolling alone in the city park, clothed almost shabbily, when he fell into conversation with a young man, who turned out to be a clerk out of employment.

The Grand Duke sympathized with him. The stranger, taking his companion for a fellow-clerk, asked, after a time, if he might ask him for the loan of a little of the German equivalent for "tin." English slang for money. If he could let him have some, he could probably obtain a job.

"Tin" was an entirely new expression to the Grand Duke, who wondered what such a metal could have to do with a clerk obtaining employment. Desirous of discovering the connection, he inquired and received the reply:

"Why! I mean 'dough,' of course."

This completely nonplussed the Grand Duke, who, not caring to display his ignorance further, remained silent. His companion, thinking he was hesitating, then said:

"You need not be afraid. If you will lend me the 'tin' I can buy a suit, and I will repay you out of my first wages, because I can certainly get a job."

Then it dawned on the Grand Duke what was wanted, and, without replying, he led the way towards the palace gates. The sentries, much to the young man's astonishment, saluted, and then a gorgeously uniformed official appeared and asked: "What are your Highness's commands?"

The Grand Duke replied: "Take this young man to my tailor's and see that he gets a suit and have the bill sent to the palace." Then said a hearty good-by to the out-of-work clerk and wished him success in his search for employment.

Latest Shipping News.

By Wireless.—SS. Nieuw Amsterdam, incoming from Rotterdam, was reported 363 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7:50 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, late to-day.

SS. Kronprinz Wilhelm, incoming from Southampton, was reported 1,156 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6:40 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Wednesday morning.

Arrived—SS. Baltic, Liverpool, April 22; SS. Ince Bank, Cienfuegos, April 22.

How to be Sure of Receiving The Times.

Owing to the largely increased circulation of The New York Times and the fact that it has reached the limit of press facilities in its present building, newsdealers outside the City of New York are compelled to limit their supplies of The New York Times to the actual daily sale—no returns of unsold copies are permitted. Readers who are served by newsdealers should at once place their order for regular delivery if they wish to be assured of not missing a copy.—Adv.

ARREST BURNS MEN AS BRIBE GIVERS

Three Detectives Accused by Ohio Legislator Whom They Were Trying to Trap.

HARMON BACK OF INQUIRY

Called In Burns After Hearing That Lobbyists Were Buying Votes—Lawmakers to be Arrested.

BURNS PROMISES STARTLING EXPOSURES.

By Telegraph to The New York Times.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 30.

The corruption of some of the members of the Ohio Legislature became so notorious a time ago that a committee of prominent citizens took it upon themselves to retain my agency to make an investigation. The case is not yet ready for publication, but I am able to say that we have succeeded in trapping the crooked members who have been soliciting bribes to pass or kill legislation.

It promises to be one of the most sensational exposures of recent years because of the effectiveness of the means employed to get the evidence. Every word of the conversation of the crooks was transmitted through a dictagraph to a court stenographer at the other end of the line. Complete details of the case will not be developed till to-morrow. W. J. BURNS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 30.—The arrest at an early hour this morning of three Burns detectives on warrants sworn out by George B. Nye, a member of the lower branch of the General Assembly, is the first development in what is expected to prove a legislative bribery scandal. The detectives are charged with bribery. With their arrest it became generally known for the first time that the men in custody were employed to trap bribe-taking or bribe-soliciting legislators.

The detectives were released under $20,000 bail, after which one of them said:

"Representative Nye was not quick or clever enough to catch us. When the whole matter has been aired in court the dictaphones we used in the case will show whether he is the innocent man he claims to be."

The Legislature, although strongly Democratic, has opposed Gov. Harmon's programme in regard to legislation right along. The legislative chambers have swarmed with lobbyists representing various interests and there have been strong hints of bribery in connection with several bills. As a solution for the hold-up of special legislation demanded by Gov. Harmon, certain interests friendly to the Governor arranged with Detective W. J. Burns to send three of his operatives to this city to investigate the charges of bribery.

The detectives have been here three weeks and reported on their work frequently to the prosecuting attorney of Franklin County. The tables were turned on them when they were arrested. They are David F. Berry, A. G. Bailey, and F. S. Harrison.

Representative Nye expressed great surprise when he learned that the prisoners were Burns's men. He says that the detectives paid him $200 to vote against the Whittemore Insurance bill and an additional $200 for voting against the Green bill, providing a nine-hour work day for women. They asked him, he said, to use his influence in getting other members of the Assembly to vote as he directed, and offered to furnish him with plenty of money to carry out the project.

Nye asserts that immediately after receiving the money he went to Speaker Vining and told the whole story. He says he and the Speaker arranged a scheme whereby the alleged bribers could be caught. Speaker Vining suggested that two members of the House be chosen, one from each party, to aid in the detection of the men who are now accused. The men suggested were J. H. Lowry of Henry County, Republican, and Owen J. Evans of Stark County, Democrat. Nye approached these men, told them the whole story, and obtained their consent to co-operate.

This was followed by the meeting last Thursday, where, it is alleged, in the presence of Nye, $500 was offered to Representative Lowry. Thus far, however, Lowry has not made formal charges to this effect. It is declared that money also was offered to Evans, but the amount has not been stated. According to Nye, the men whom he accused are "brand-new lobbyists" in Columbus, and have not been here in the past. He says they represented themselves as hailing from Chicago, and as being in the employ of "big interests."

Berry said to-night that they have evidence which will result in about fourteen members of the Ohio Legislature being indicted. This evidence is to be brought up in court on Tuesday. Prosecutor Turner will give to the court the complete records taken through dictaphones. This evidence is expected to prove that these fourteen members have accepted money from the detectives to swing their votes one way or the other on several matters.

The detectives say they have several volumes of evidence against the legislators with whom they made deals in Harrison's rooms at the Hotel Chittenden. The method used in this was a very clever one. Beneath a couch near the side of the room was an electric sounder. To the next room ran electric wires. When a man entered the room the stenographer in

Do you know that the New York Times Company [illegible] Cent.—Adv.

"YOU MUSTN'T PULL"

is the subject of a full-page reproduction of Arthur J. Elsley's fine painting in the Pictorial Section of The New York Times next Sunday.

DOUGHERTY TO TAKE FLYNN'S POLICE JOB

Pinkerton Superintendent Said to Have Demanded a Free Hand and Driscoll's Removal.

CROPSEY TO GO, IT'S SAID

Whether or Not Gaynor Yields to the Pressure Brought to Bear on Him to Make Flynn Commissioner.

George S. Dougherty, Superintendent of the Pinkerton Detective Agency, is to succeed William J. Flynn as Second Deputy Police Commissioner. Mr. Dougherty, it was said yesterday, will call upon Mayor Gaynor at the City Hall this morning and be sworn in.

Mr. Dougherty would not talk about his plans, but a close friend said he had already accepted the place and had resigned from the Pinkerton Agency. The offer came to Mr. Dougherty unsolicited, this friend said.

At the request of Mayor Gaynor, Mr. Dougherty called at Police Headquarters on Friday afternoon and had a long talk with Commissioner Cropsey. Mr. Cropsey, it is said, offered Mr. Dougherty the place, and the latter accepted at once. It is Mr. Dougherty's plan to take hold immediately, leaving Mr. Flynn free to go back to the United States Secret Service, which he will do unless a plan under way to have him made Police Commissioner materializes.

It was reported yesterday that pressure had been brought upon Mayor Gaynor to have, Mr. Flynn put in Cropsey's place. It has been asserted by Mr. Flynn's friends that the Mayor promised him this place, but that something happened to change the Mayor's plans; hence, the Deputy's resignation. Since then friends of Mr. Flynn have been urging the Mayor to keep his original promise. The Mayor was firmly set against the plan, but the urging became so strenuous that he is said to have taken the matter under consideration, and may announce Flynn's appointment to-day.

"I will not affirm or deny the rumor of my appointment," said Mr. Dougherty, when seen at his home, 2,640 East Twenty-third Street, Sheepshead Bay, yesterday. "It is true that I called upon Commissioner Cropsey on Friday and had a long talk with him. That is how the rumor originated that I had been picked to succeed Mr. Flynn. I have nothing to say about it, however. There will be some developments within the next forty-eight hours, and you will know then what has happened."

Mr. Dougherty's friend, who did not wish his name used, did the talking for him.

"Yes," said this friend, "it is true that Mr. Dougherty is to be the next Second Deputy Commissioner. Mayor Gaynor was determined to pick a man who had detective ability, and in looking around his choice fell upon Mr. Dougherty. Mr. Dougherty said he would take the job, under certain conditions. These conditions were satisfactory to the Mayor, and Mr. Dougherty will get the place. Mr. Dougherty will take up Mr. Flynn's work just where the latter left off. He is a trained detective, and he intends to make a record for himself.

"One of the conditions he made was that he was not to be hampered if he decided to carry out his own policies. He has certain ideas regarding how the Detective Bureau should be run, and he expects to have a free hand. There will be things doing as soon as he takes hold. He is a man of the Flynn type, and he is bound to do a lot of hustling. You will hear from him before he has been in the department a week. The Mayor could not have made a better selection."

There was a persistent rumor yesterday that one of the conditions Mr. Dougherty imposed was that First Deputy Driscoll should be asked to resign. It is generally understood that one of the reasons Mr. Flynn resigned was because he could not get along with Driscoll. The Mayor is said to have been on the point of asking Mr. Driscoll for his resignation several times, but each time changed his mind.

It was reported that Commissioner Cropsey is soon to go, whether or not Flynn is named for his place. It was said that the Mayor had promised Mr. Cropsey to keep him until the Grand Jury which is investigating crime and police conditions had made its report, so that it could not be construed that he was quitting under fire. According to reports about the Criminal Court Building the crime Grand Jury will put the whole blame for a crime wave and police inefficiency upon Commissioner Cropsey. The Mayor, it is said, will then ask Mr. Cropsey to make way for some one else, and thus save his administration from further criticism.

Mr. Dougherty has been identified with the Pinkerton Detective Agency for more than twenty years. For the past four years he has been Superintendent of the New York agency. On at least one other occasion Mr. Dougherty was asked to become a Police Deputy, but he refused. Mr. Dougherty is well known to detectives and other members of the Police Department. For two decades he has worked side by side with detectives in running down criminals. His work has had to do with bank thieves for the most part. Recently, however, the National Bankers' Association took its work from the Pinkertons and gave it to the Burns agency. This, it is said, was a severe blow to Mr. Dougherty.

Several years ago Dougherty ran down Rudolph, the Western bank robber, who shot and killed a Pinkerton man named Schumacher when the latter tried to arrest Rudolph and his companion, a man named Collins, at Union, Mo.

Dougherty recovered the jewels which had been stolen from the wife of Bishop Potter at Cooperstown, N. Y., and which were valued at $35,000. "Billy" Coleman had been arrested for the theft and discharged. Dougherty was sure of his guilt, and watched him until he caught him digging up the jewels in a vacant lot in Harlem. He is known to every Police Chief in the United States, and is considered one of the cleverest thieftakers in the country.

It is said that he will have entire charge of the Detective Bureau and will have a free hand.

TWO WOMEN HELD PRISONERS ON LINER

Mrs. Kate Jacobs and Daughter Searched and Then Not Allowed to Land from the New York.

HUSBAND HERE QUESTIONED

Had Address of Mrs. Drummond, Who Was Robbed of Jewels on the Amerika—He Explains.

After many conferences between the immigration authorities and those of the customs service, Mrs. Kate Jacobs and her daughter Bessie, who arrived yesterday in the second cabin of the American liner New York, were detained on board last night. David R. Jacobs, who went to the pier to meet them, was closely questioned before he was allowed to depart.

Customs officials who searched Mr. Jacobs found in his possession the address at the Ritz-Carlton of Mrs. Drummond, the former Mrs. Marshall Field, Jr., who was robbed of $130,000 worth of jewelry while crossing to this port on the steamship Amerika. Mr. Jacobs said that he knew nothing of the loss of the Drummond jewelry. He is a dealer in antique jewelry, and he had the woman's address because he knew she was a buyer of his line of goods and he expected to sell her something.

Surveyor Henry was down to meet the New York, and he personally superintended the examination of the two women and the man. After it was all over the Surveyor refused to discuss the case beyond saying that there would be a hearing in the matter this morning at 9 o'clock in his room at the Custom House. It was also announced that though the women said they were residents of this city they would be sent to Ellis Island this morning. Three large packing cases, three hat boxes, and a suit case brought by the women were held by the Surveyor, and will be sent to the Appraiser's Stores.

A special Treasury agent and a representative of the Department of Justice boarded the New York from the revenue cutter while the vessel was in Quarantine. Mrs. Jacobs and her daughter occupied Room 309, and the Government men went directly there. They remained in the stateroom until the vessel reached her pier. Then they were joined by Surveyor Henry, several Treasury agents, and two men from Police Headquarters.

There was a long conference. When it ended Miss Walsh and Miss Flynn, inspectors, were called and Mrs. Jacobs and her daughter were searched. When the women finally emerged they were in tears, the youngest being hysterical.

While this was going on a man entered the customs inclosure on the pier with a pass made out to David R. Jacobs of 206 East Eighteenth Street. He said he was the husband of Mrs. Jacobs, and came to meet her and his daughter.

He was at once taken in hand by Surveyor Henry. Mr. Jacobs was indignant over the questioning, and it was not until the Surveyor showed him his badge that he would talk. The questioning was continued in a room on the pier, and it was over two hours before the man came out. Another man who appeared to meet the women was also questioned.

Then two more daughters of Mrs. Jacobs appeared, and they, too, were questioned. Both began to cry, and were told to go home, as their mother and sister would be detained on board all night. Later, Jacobs was allowed to leave the pier. He went away with his daughters, and he would say nothing about the case.

Surveyor Henry said afterward that he regarded the case as important in some respects, but he absolutely refused to say why the women were being questioned or whether a seizure had been made or was contemplated. He said that the taking of the pair to Ellis Island is a matter concerning the Immigration Department, and he would not discuss that feature of it. He was asked whether it was a case of smuggling or fraud, but would not answer.

Both Mrs. Jacobs and her daughter were handsomely dressed. The packing cases they brought, although bearing German labels, were invoiced in pounds sterling, showing that they were shipped from England. They will be opened at the Appraisers' Stores this morning, and their contents examined.

No. 206 East Eighteenth Street is a rooming house, and it was said there last night that Mr. Jacobs had a room in the house. It was understood that he had two daughters living in the neighborhood. He had occupied a room there for about a year. It was known in the house that he was expecting his wife and daughter to arrive from England, and yesterday he left the house to meet them.

Mr. Jacobs returned to his room at a late hour. He was indignant over the treatment of himself and his family. He said that customs officials had taken what papers he had on him.

"My wife went abroad a year ago," he said. "Her health was bad, and she thought it would improve if she lived in London. Friends in the customs service warned me by anonymous letters that I was going to get into trouble. I at once cabled my wife in the code we use to declare everything. She misread that cable, and all she has is $200 worth of jewelry and trinkets. When the customs officials go through her baggage they will find nothing."

Mr. Jacobs said he was a dealer and expert in gems and as such executed many commissions. He had trouble before with the customs officials, he said, but it was only such trouble as any gem dealer might have. The anonymous letters he received warning him of trouble upon the arrival of his wife, he said, were signed "S. S." and these letters he thought meant Secret Service.

Six years ago, he said, a diamond necklace worth $10,000 was stolen. A pawnbroker, knowing he bought and sold gems, brought the necklace to him, and he, suspecting that it was stolen, refused to handle it and gave the police information by which it was recovered.

Mr. Jacobs said he had lived here seven years. Since his wife went to London to live, he said, his daughters had made several trips across to visit her. The crates, or packing boxes, now in the possession of the customs authorities, he explained, contained only household effects, as his wife was returning here to reside. He charges that recently his mail has been held up.

PHOTOGRAPHED SUN ECLIPSE

Results Better Than Expected—Americans and Germans Yet to Report.

LONDON, April 30.—Both the British and Australian expeditions for the study of the total eclipse of the sun, which was observable in Australia, although unsuccessful in a measure, secured interesting photographs of the corona, and altogether the results are considered better than expected. No news has yet been received from the American and German parties.

Dr. William J. Lockyer and Frank McClean of the British expedition will return to London by way of the United States, where they will spend some time in inspecting the American observatories.

DISPOSSESSED AT 105.

Bellevue Hospital Gives a Woman Centenarian Temporary Shelter.

To save her from exposure, Mrs. Margaret Ryan of 353 East Thirty-second Street, known to the residents of the east side for many years as "Mother" Ryan, and said to be 105 years old, was removed to Bellevue Hospital last night.

It was said at the hospital that the old woman was to be dispossessed to-day, and that at the urgent request of her neighbors the institution had decided to take care of her, owing to her advanced years.

"Mother" Ryan is a well-known character in the old Kipps Bay section. She has been in this country for sixty years. Her husband has been dead some years, and of late she has been in straitened circumstances.

According to the hospital authorities, the shock of losing her home has made the old woman's condition serious.

GET ALLAN RYAN IN AUTO.

Charged with Going Fifty Miles an Hour on Hudson Boulevard.

Allan A. Ryan, son of Thomas F. Ryan, was arrested on the Hudson Boulevard in North Bergen, N. J., yesterday afternoon, charged with driving his automobile at nearly fifty miles an hour. In the car with young Ryan was August Tschirky, said to be an automobile manufacturer.

Motorcycle Policeman Tuttle caught the pair after they had kept ahead of him for a mile. The policeman ran alongside when Ryan had to slow down for a curve. He gave a bond for $1,000 to appear before Recorder Medina next Wednesday.

ARREST EPSTEIN FOR ARSON.

Factory Owner Charged with Starting Blaze That Did $30,000 Damage.

Nathan Epstein, a manufacturer of women's apparel at 39 Walker Street, was arrested at his home, 347 Van Sicklen Avenue, Brooklyn, yesterday, charged with arson, and locked up in the Tombs. The complaint is made by Assistant Fire Marshal Samuel E. Willis.

Epstein is accused of having set fire to his factory on the third floor of the Walker Street building on Jan. 27 and Feb. 8 last.

After the first fire, which caused little damage, Epstein was ordered to repair a faulty stove which he said was responsible for the fire. The second blaze caused a loss of $20,000 to the building and stock.

Mr. Willis learned that Epstein collected a large amount of insurance.

NEGRO WINS FRENCH PRIZE.

He Is Cornell Student, Who Protested Against Race Discrimination.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., April 30.—James B. Clarke, the negro student whose article on the race question at Cornell caused comment recently, has been awarded the prix d'honneur in the competition in French essay writing and translation of a French author, held under the auspices of the Society of French Professors of America.

Clarke was also given a prize for essay writing and for translation. He is a junior in the Arts College, and comes from the West Indies. In his recent articles he complained of discrimination against the colored race.

The Woodford Prize in oratory, valued at $100, was won by George Morris Wolfson of the senior class in the Arts College. Wolfson was one of six seniors who spoke in competition for the prize. His subject was "Optimism in Literature." The Woodford Prize was given by Gen. Stewart L. Woodford.

BOMB SHAKES ELIZABETH ST.

Wrecks Tenement Stairs and Drives Hundreds to the Street in Panic.

Elizabeth Street, once the scene of Black Hand bomb explosions of almost nightly regularity, but for nearly a year and a half free from these visitations, was shaken at 11 o'clock last night by a bomb which exploded beneath the first floor stairs of the six-story tenement at No 253. The roar brought hundreds screaming into the street, while from the wrecked tenement came the terrified cries of nearly 100 occupants.

Men, women, and children, many in their nightclothes, fled from the house, leaping the space where the bomb had blown the steps away. The feet of many were cut by glass which covered the sidewalk in front of the building, the windows of which had been blown out.

The reserves from the Elizabeth Street Station had difficulty in restoring order, for long exemption from such attacks had made them more terrified by this sudden explosion. There are two stores in the lower floor of the house, but neither the occupants of these nor other tenants in the house would admit having received any Black Hand letters.

BRAVES FIRE TO SAVE GEMS.

Woman Who First Ran Goes Back and Saves $25,000.

When fire was discovered yesterday in the basement of the residence of Dr. Joseph Darwin Nagel, at 106 East Thirty-eighth Street, Miss Mary Louise Rogers, his sister-in-law, ran from the building and then remembered that money and jewelry had been left on the second floor.

She was without the fire lines, but, brushing aside Detective Conlin of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station, she ran up the steps and through the smoke-filled hallway. In a few moments she reappeared with a small drawer under her arm, which contained diamond jewerly and a large roll of bills. It was declared by a member of the doctor's household that the contents of the drawer were valued at $25,000.

The fire started among a number of oil paintings in the basement and destroyed a number of them. The firemen had no difficulty in getting the blaze under control, and the loss was estimated by the police at $2,000.

CAUGHT GETTING BLACKMAIL.

Detectives Waylay Chicago Man Taking $1,000 Demanded from Stockman.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 30.—A bold attempt to extort $1,000 from Oscar Collins, a wealthy stock man and banker of Morris, Ill., resulted in the capture of James Wood, a member of a prominent family, after he had obtained the money and was proceeding to his home near by.

Mr. Collins received a threatening letter on Saturday morning demanding that the money be left on the porch of a vacant house. The letter stated that unless he did so before 1 o'clock on Sunday morning, he would be killed and his home destroyed. Pinkerton detectives were sent for and stationed where they could watch the spot where Mr. Collins deposited a box containing $1,000 in currency.

Wood duly came, got the money, and was immediately arrested by the detectives. He denied he knew the contents of the package, and said that a companion named Ryder had asked him to get it. Ryder was later arrested, but denied all knowledge of the affair.

$6,000,000 FIRE SWEEPS BANGOR

Business Section of Maine City Wiped Out—Flames Attack Residential District.

FIRE HALTED AT MIDNIGHT.

Dynamite Used to Check Flames, Which Were Fanned by a High Wind.

THOUSANDS ARE HOMELESS

One Life Only So Far Reported Lost—Mayor Places City Under Martial Law.

Special to The New York Times.

BANGOR, Me., April 30.—Fire starting at 4 P. M. to-day on Broad and Union Streets, close by the junction of the Penobscot River and Kenduskeag stream, which divides the city, swept northward, fanned by a stiff southerly breeze, wiping out practically all the business district and public buildings, and, at a late hour to-night, had consumed the best residential district on the northern side.

The efforts of the Fire Department from the time the flames started at 4 o'clock in the afternoon were absolutely futile until midnight, when rain somewhat checked the progress of the flames. The fire swept north along Broad Street, then jumped the Kenduskeag stream, running along on the western bank along Exchange Street.

Property valued at upwards of $6,000,000 has been destroyed, and hundreds of people made homeless. One life is known to have been lost, an unknown man being killed by a falling wall after his clothing had taken fire. Mayor Mullen has placed the city under martial rule.

Starting about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the fire soon became beyond control. The back wind created by the fire itself fanned the flames toward the south, threatening the part of the town which at first seemed safe.

Before 5 o'clock the Maine Central was obliged to vacate its depot, the retreating office crews seeing the building engulfed almost before they were out of danger.

City in Darkness.

The city is in darkness, all sources of light having been cut off, and the greatest confusion prevails, the entire population being in the streets. Already it is difficult to obtain food, many restaurants having been burned, together with one large and several small hotels.

The fire is visible for twenty-five miles around, and thousands of people are swarming in to an approachable distance from surrounding towns.

The militia has been called out to aid the police in preserving order.

In the pathway of the fire were banks, office buildings, the Public Library, and other structures, all of which were reduced to ashes.

The city was soon shut off from telephonic communication by the burning of the central office of the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company, and calls for aid from Portland, Lewiston, and Augusta were sent out by the wire chief of the company, who climbed a pole and cut in on a trunk line. The telegraph companies' offices were both burned during the early stages of the conflagration, but later temporary offices were established outside the fire zone, and communication was resumed.

Several alarms were sounded almost simultaneously. In addition to the fire at the corner of Broad and Exchange Streets, the firemen found a blaze in a bicycle repair shop in the rear of the telephone offices. Both fires spread with such rapidity that the firemen were helpless.

City Hall Escapes.

One of the few buildings to escape destruction was the City Hall. This was in the direct path of the fire, but in some way the flames leaped over it and only scorched it. The City Hall stands at the junction of Broad, State, and Hammond Streets. At this point the flames crossed the Kenduskeag and continued along both sides of the stream.

As it burned north, the path of danger grew wider, while sparks set innumerable fires, many of them a considerable distance from the main conflagration.

An ineffectual attempt was made to stay the progress of the fire by dynamiting several blocks, including the Smith and Stryck land buildings, located in a triangle formed by Hammond and Central Streets and the Kenduskeag stream, but the fire bridged the chasm and continued with unabated fury.

Help from outside cities began to arrive soon after 9 o'clock. The Augusta firemen were the first to arrive, and to them was assigned the duty of saving the residential district, if possible.

Among the buildings burned are the Hodgkins Block, the Fiske Building, Fairbanks & Co., the Bangor Public Library, the telephone office, post office, office of The Bangor Daily News, the Morse-Oliver Block, a seven-story structure, in which were located the offices of the Bangor & Aroostook Railroad, the Windsor Hotel, and several churches.

Failing to stop the fire by dynamiting the buildings at the junction of [illegible] mond and Central Streets, the [illegible] took their stand further to the no[illegible] preparations were made to blow [illegible] buildings and make a wider br[illegible]

A large part of the whole [illegible] as well as the entire retail [illegible] flames, and few, if any, [illegible] seemed likely to escape.

In all sections of the [illegible] to-night

moving out their belongings and hurrying to places of safety. Many were already homeless, and, with churches and public buildings in ruins, there were few places where they could be cared for.

Telephone and telegraph operators stuck to their posts and sent out information and calls for help until they had not a moment to spare to make their escape.

About midnight a light rain began to fall, and this, combined with a shift in the wind to the east, enabled the firemen to check the progress of the fire, although it still burns fiercely in many places.

The burned area follows the Kenduskeag stream for nearly two miles north of the starting point, and spreads out to a width varying from one-eighth to a quarter of a mile at different points.

Thousands of people spent the night in the streets, some from choice, but many because their homes were either burned or were in danger. Outside the danger zone they gathered about fires built in the street, and there camped for the night, getting what little sleep they could curled up on blankets and quilts that they had gathered up in their hasty flight.

The fire is considered by insurance people the worst that Maine has known since the Portland fire in 1866, when a large part of the business section of that city was destroyed, with a loss of $10,000,000.

At least a quarter of the city has been laid to waste. Most of the residential section was swept away when the fire left the business section. It spread out like a huge fan, with its widest part among the homes of the people.

Just outside the fire zone the furniture is stacked along the curbs and guarded by the stricken householders.

Bangor, Me., is a city of about 25,000 inhabitants, the third largest in the State, and is important as a manufacturing town and port of entry. It is situated sixty miles from the Atlantic Ocean, at the head of navigation on the River Penobscot, where there is a tidal fluctuation of seventeen feet. It has been identified by several investigators with the mythical city of Norumbega, which Verrazano, the explorer, placed on his map of America, and which, according to a sailor's yarn printed by Hakluyt in his "Principall Navigations," had houses with pillars of crystal and silver. The veracious sailor added that he had seen there a peck of pearls and rubies six inches long and that all the inhabitants wore ornaments of gold and the finest furs. Sir Humphrey Gilbert was so much impressed by the story that he carried with him a special poet, Parmenius by name, to sing the glories of the country.

Nowadays Bangor depends largely on lumber. Logs from the forests of Northern Maine are floated down the Penobscot by millions of feet every year, and there delivered to the sawmills. Spruce, pine, cedar, and hemlock are the principal woods thus manufactured. In old days Bangor was an important shipbuilding point, and some of the fastest of the famous tea clippers came from its slips. It even exported ships to England for the China trade.

As the Kenduskeag stream flows into the Penobscot in the city, it has plenty of water power, and this has been turned to good account by the construction of a dam across the Penobscot just above the city. In addition to the lumber industry, important boot and shoe manufactures, trunk and valise factories, furniture and clothing shops are also carried on. Ice cutting is also of some importance.

Bangor possesses several buildings of note. On the opposite bank of the Penobscot is the town of Brewer, connected with Bangor by a fine bridge 1,300 feet long. The Bangor Theological Seminary, founded by the Congregationalists in 1816, is a well-known institution. The city has nineteen churches, the stained glass windows of one, St. John's Roman Catholic Church, being particularly fine. Its Custom House is built of granite at a cost of $201,755, and its public library contains nearly 50,000 volumes. In addition it has a City Hall, Court House, Y. M. C. A. Building, the Eastern Maine Hospital for the Insane, and the Eastern Maine General Hospital. The principal hotels are the Bangor House, the Penobscot Exchange, Bangor Exchange, and the Windsor.

The first permanent settlement was made in Bangor in 1769 by Jacob Buswell, a soldier, hunter, boat builder, and cooper. The place at that time was called the Kenduskeag Plantation. Then it was known as Sunbury, and was finally incorporated under its present name in 1834. It is governed by a Mayor, elected annually, and a bicameral City Council. It owns its own water works and electric light plant.

FLAMES IN BERKSHIRES.

Timber on Fahnestock's Place Burned —Guarding Whitney Estate.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., April 30.—The whole Berkshire county is as dry as tinder, and Fire Wardens and watchmen are on the alert lest the mouhtains take fire and do great damage to their properties. The Whitney property on October Mountain, an estate of 14,000 acres, is surounded by mounted Fire Wardens. They have been on duty day and night for three days. A high tower is manned and a constant guard against fire is taken. This property has the finest pine and spruce timber in the country.

Yesterday a grass fire swept across a part of the property of Harris Fahnestock of New York. His young white pine and spruce trees were destroyed. The loss is $2,500. To-day the Fire Department was called out to put out a grass fire at Wayside, the country residence of Mrs. William H. Bradford, where buildings were threatened.

ONEONTA, N. Y., April 30.—One thousand or more acres, embracing much valuable timber land, with heavy growths of pine, hemlock, and spruce, have been burned over by forest fires which have been raging at Blenheim, Burnt Hill, Westkill, and Cole Hollow, in the Western Catskills, since Saturday morning. One hundred and fifty men fought the fire all day, and to-night apparently had it under control. There has been little rain hereabouts of late, and the woods are very dry.

WOMAN HAD MILLION, BUT LIVED IN SQUALOR

Continued from Page 1.

been, and I bought. I held on until the great rise came, and in six months I made $600,000 out of nothing. I then went to live in some of the hotels in New York, the expensive ones—the Hoffman House, Gilsey House, &c.—but I failed to take the advice of my Wall Street friends and instead of getting out, as they suggested, I stayed in until all my profits were wiped out. For years all my stocks were dragging way down. I held on to some of them for twenty years. Then, when the boom came in the McKinley administration, many of my stocks doubled and quadrupled in value, and still I wouldn't sell. I held them until long after the brokers with whom I had been dalling for years told me to sell them. I held them to the very highest point of the market.

In her trips through the Wall Street district Miss Williams always carried one or two bags stuffed full of documents besides her bundle of papers. Once she had iron gratings put up on all the windows of her house, and when she was asked if she was afraid of being robbed she said:

No, I have the gratings for another purpose. They were not put there for protection from burglars, but from kidnappers. At one time some persons who coveted my money tried to bury me alive; that is they tried to put me in an insane asylum, so that they could get my money. Then it was that my Wall Street friends were so good to me. They helped me defeat the kidnappers. I went from place to place to defeat them and now that I have this little place I want no one to come here. It is like a law office. I study and read here all day long and I do not want anybody to stop at my door or window.

Several years ago it was said that Miss [illegible] owned property at Lake Sunnyside, large tracts of land in New Jersey, and considerable real estate in Albany, including the house in which she was born. She always refused to tell where her [illegible] was.

Several Jersey authorities have been unable to discover any of Miss Williams's relatives. It was said that she had a [illegible] cousin

UNIONS TO RALLY TO M'NAMARA'S AID

Gompers Calls Meeting of Federation Council After a Conference in Indianapolis.

WON'T CONDEMN McMANIGLE.

Big Defense Fund Expected, but No Money Yet Obtained—Trace Explosive to McManigle.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 30.—After a conference of labor leaders at the office of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, 222 East Michigan Street, it was announced to-day that the American Federation of Labor will take an active part in the defense of J. J. McNamara, who was arrested here and taken to Los Angeles, Cal., on a charge of complicity in the dynamiting of the Llewellyn Iron Works and The Los Angeles Times, his brother, James B. McNamara, and Ortie McManigle.

Samuel Gompers, President of the federation, attended the meeting, which was the first official assurance that the American Federation of Labor will take an active part in the defense. The meeting was surrounded with considerable secrecy. The outer doors of the building were kept locked throughout the conference. The arrest of J. J. McNamara, it was said afterward, and the question of a defense fund were the only questions that came up for discussion. The men who attended the meeting placed before Mr. Gompers every detail of McNamara's arrest, his hasty removal from Indianapolis, every move of Detective Burns and his men in the case, and the court procedure.

"We discussed the outrage that had been committed upon McNamara and every phase of it with which we were familiar," said Mr. Gompers afterward. "I shall call a meeting of the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor within a few days, and at that time the question of raising a fund will be taken up. Everything connected with the raising of such a fund will be in the hands of the council. I cannot say what steps will be taken, how the money will be raised, or how much. That is a matter which will rest entirely with the council.

"This whole thing is a deep-seated frame-up. It is an outrage, and the American Federation of Labor will leave nothing undone in defending the men now imprisoned in Los Angeles. No means will be spared in defending our men legally.

"We purpose also to press the kidnapping charge to the fullest extent. McNamara was secretly taken from this State without opportunity of a hearing. And I am not so sure that he may not be brought back to Indiana for trial. We do not believe that the Police Judge before whom he was taken had jurisdiction. We know it was wrong when McNamara was not allowed counsel, but instead was hurried out of the State without a trial. The American Federation of Labor purposes to go to the bottom of this thing and make these kidnappers suffer the consequences."

Mr. Gompers refused to condemn Ortie McManigle, who is said to have confessed to participation in the alleged plots, until he had been more fully informed as to the facts in the case.

"The fund to be raised and expended by the direction of the Executive Council of the federation will be used to defend the three men now under arrest," said Mr. Gompers. "This money is to be used to see to it that these men get a fair trial."

"You mean by the three men the two McNamaras and McManigle?" Mr. Gompers was asked.

"I refuse to turn my back upon any one until I am satisfied that he has turned his back upon us," was his reply. "This case has been prejudiced, and I cannot turn my back upon any one unless I have more evidence that that man has turned his back upon us."

"You have no information, of course, that McManigle has confessed other than what you have read?" Mr. Gompers was asked.

"Well, yes, I have other information in addition to what I have read in the newspapers, but I cannot talk about that now. In fact, I do not care to talk further about the McManigle case."

Mr. Gompers arrived in Indianapolis from Washington. With Frank M. Ryan, President of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, of which J. J. McNamara was Secretary, he went to the Carpenters' Building. There they met a number of Indianapolis men with whom the conference was held. Mr. Gompers was accompanied to Indianapolis by Frank L. Mulholland of Toledo, one of the attorneys for the American Federation of Labor, and William J. Spencer, who is Secretary of the Building Trades Department of the American Federation of Labor.

The Executive Council of the federation is composed of the following: James Duncan, Quincy, Mass.; John Mitchell, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; Samuel Gompers, James O'Connell, Washington, D. C.; H. D. H. Hayes, Philadelphia; William D. Huber, Indianapolis; Joseph Valentine, Cincinnati; John A. Alpine, Chicago; H. B. Perham, St. Louis; Frank Morrison, Washington, D. C., and John B. Lennon, Bloomington, Ill.

Including the men who accompanied Mr. Gompers to Indianapolis there were about forty men in attendance at the meeting. They represented labor organizations whose international headquarters are in this city, the committee from the Central Labor Union appointed a week ago to investigate the case, members of the Carpenters' Board, and others.

Among those in attendance were Frank Duffy and William D. Huber of the carpenters' organization, Frank J. Hayes and Edwin Perry, Secretary and Vice President respectively of the United Mine Workers of America; Clarence Gaumer, Secretary of the State Federation of Labor; John F. McNamee, editor of the Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen's Magazine; John J. Keegan, organizer for the machinists' organization; Frank E. McCarthy and Joseph Obergfell, representing the Central Labor Union, and a number of others.

Detective W. J. Burns, who brought about the arrest of the McNamaras and McManigle, is still in Indianapolis seeking further evidence against them. He said there were no developments to-day, and that he expected to start for Los Angeles to-morrow.

Nitroglycerine found in the barn of D. Jones, west of the city, in the first searches by Detective Burns in Indianapolis on Saturday, April 22, was positively identified to-day by M. J. Morehart of Portland, Ind., Manager of the Dupont Powder Company's magazine there, as part of that he sold on Aug. 29, 1910, to a man known as J. B. McGraw. Mr. Morehart has since identified the man he knew as McGraw as Ortie E. McManigle, Detective Burns said to-night, through a photograph of McManigle.

Mr. Morehart quietly visited Indianapolis to-day and with Detective Burns he examined the nitroglycerine, which since its removal from Jones's barn has been in the custody of the local police and has been kept in a secret hiding place that it might not be tampered with in any way. The identification of the quantity of nitroglycerine was made through its peculiar construction, unique to the Portland plant. Nitroglycerine, Detective Burns said, is made at no other place near Indianapolis, and the peculiar oil that is used in the manufacture of the explosive at the Portland plant enabled Mr. Morehart to say that, beyond any doubt at all, this nitroglycerine was made at Portland.

URGES A NATIONAL STRIKE.

Haywood Would Start It on the First Day of McNamara Trial.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 30.—Addressing a meeting of laboring men in union headquarters to-day, William D. Haywood, once tried and acquitted for complicity in the death of ex-Gov. Steunenberg of Idaho, advocated a general strike throughout the United States on the day the McNamara brothers are brought to trial in Los Angeles for alleged complicity in The Times explosion.

The meeting was under the auspices of the Socialist Labor Party, and there was a large attendance. Haywood explained that the idea of a demonstration, such as he proposed, originated with the National officers of the Industrial Workers of the World, with headquarters in Chicago, where, he said, the movement already had gained considerable headway.

QUIET DAY FOR PRISONERS.

J. J. McNamara Reads About Explosions—One Identification Fails.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 30.—Very quiet was the first Sunday spent by the accused dynamiters in the county jail. A Los Angeles boarding-house keeper, who thought she could identify James B. McNamara, called at the jail, but failed completely when confronted by a line of unknown men.

It is a regular custom at the local jail for several religious organizations to hold services for the prisoners at stated times each Sunday, and several invitations were extended to the trio, but they were all declined. James B. McNamara was the only one to leave his cell, and that but for a few moments necessary for the identification test. His brother, John J., spent the entire day reading a number of magazines he had had purchased outside for him.

Interesting in that it shows the trend of John J. McNamara's mind was the list of magazines. With but one exception they were technical and the messengers had some difficulty in obtaining them. In one magazine was an account of a recent explosion of dyanmite in Wisconsin. McNamara is said by the jailers who watched him to have spent a long time upon this, even asking for a pencil and paper and making some calculations for himself to prove or disprove some of the contentions of the author.

With the announcement made yesterday that Clarence Darrow will not come out here for some time, the coming of Leo M. Rappaport, attorney for the Bridge and Structural Iron Workers' Union of Indianapolis, who is expected to reach here in the morning, takes on fresh importance. It is believed that upon him will devolve the task of getting in motion the plans for the defense. In spite of the reports to the contrary nothing will be done by the District Attorney toward hastening the arraignment of the prisoners until their counsel reaches Los Angeles, and it will be Wednesday or possibly later before they have their preliminary hearing.

It was a day of rest for the detectives. Most of the Burns men who came here with the prisoners went over to Catalina Island fishing. Mills, head of the local branch of the agency, was in his office, however, and stated that another phase of the case was keeping him busy. He stated that his men are searching for a "copy boy" of The Times, who, according to McManigle's confession, stopped and talked to the dynamiters, M. A. Schmidt and "Jim Bryce," in the basement of The Times Building.

The detectives are also looking for one of the watchmen of the building, who is mentioned in the confession as having stopped the men in the alley where they deposited the explosive. The younger of these witnesses has been missing since the explosion, and it was thought that he perished, but the detectives recently learned that the boy is still alive, and they are hunting for him. The watchman has been located in one of the suburban towns, and will be taken to the jail some time this week if the detectives can get him.

Miss Elizabeth Bruckman of Cincinnati, who knew the McNamaras well as boys, declares that she cannot believe that John J. McNamara could have had anything to do with the dynamiter gang.

"He was a good son to his mother and almost a father to his younger brothers," she said. "He was studious and industrious, thoroughly likable, good hearted, and affectionate when I knew them. Jim, however, was always just the reverse of his elder brother. He was wild, and gave his mother, a gentle and modest woman, more trouble than all the others of the family. Poor woman, she has had a good deal of trouble."

Considerable anxiety is felt by the authorities here over the possibility of trouble at the mass meeting scheduled for to-morrow night. The police are taking every precaution to prevent an outbreak.

SOCIALISTS OFFER TO HELP.

Declare Arrest of the McNamaras Is a Capitalist Plot.

The full strength of the Socialist Party of America will be contributed toward the defense of John J. and J. B. McNamara, under arrest on the charge of murder in connection with the dynamiting of The Los Angeles Times building. This was decided upon last night by the National Executive Committee of the party. A telegram was sent to President F. M. Ryan of the International Iron Workers' Union reading as follows:

The National Executive Committee of the Socialist Party, in session, offers the entire power of its 4,000 organizations, and its press, consisting of ten dailies, over 100 weeklies, and ten monthlies in all languages to be used in the defense of the McNamaras; and any other help within our power.

In addition to telegrams to the McNamaras and to Mrs. McNamara, their mother, a communication was addressed to the locals of the Socialist Party condemning the arrest of the men as "suggesting a deliberate plot," and asserting that the prosecution was "inspired by the National Manufacturers' Association," and that the whole affair was "a dastardly conspiracy on the part of organized capital in this country to crush organized labor by crime and violence."

The communications calls upon the locals to raise money for the defense of the accused men, and for the carrying on of an aggressive and extensive campaign for Socialism in California, particularly in the City of Los Angeles. The members of the National Committee of the Socialists are Congressman Victor L. Berger of Milwaukee, John Spargo and Morris Hillquit of New York, Lena Morrow Lewis of San Francisco, George H. Goeble of New York, J. Nathon Carnes of Chicago, and James F. Carey of Boston.

DYNAMITE COWARD'S WEAPON

The Rev. Dr. Hill Makes a Plea for Industrial Peace.

An industrial peace meeting was held last night in the Metropolitan Temple under the auspices of the International Peace Forum. Prof. William E. Guthrie of the College of the City of New York spoke on "The Need and Outlook for Industrial Peace." The pastor of the temple, the Rev. Dr. John Wesley Hill, spoke on "Arbitration vs. Force." He said in part:

"Reason is more powerful than revolution. Bitterness can only result in irreparable injury. Dynamite, whether hurled by the Anarchist, the frenzied labor leader, or the maniac, is the last argument of the tyrant, or the coward, or the lunatic.

"The arrests and confession of the past week have stricken the Nation with awe and wonder. We marvel that such red-handed violation of law as revealed in the destruction of life and property could occur in this period of the world's history, especially in a country where labor is enthroned as king.

"I believe in free speech. I also deprecate the inflammatory arraignments of professional agitators, men who sympathize with lawlessness, and are ready to resort to deeds of violence in the name of labor, men whose only claim to being workingmen is based on their ability to work the workingmen—jawsmiths, who make a revenue of trouble and fatten on adversity. Such men should be denounced by every intelligent toiler.

"Only a man of the Taft type, calm, self-controled, and judicial, is able to grapple with the labor question, strip it of false issues, strike down the hydra-head of capitalistic greed upon the one hand, and restrain the red hand of labor lawlessness on the other."

5th Avenue Restaurant
FIFTH AVENUE BUILDING, entrance on 24th St.
SITE OF FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL
FOR DINNER THIS BEAUTIFUL RESTAURANT
OFFERS SERVICE OF THE HIGHEST EXCELLENCE A LA CARTE, OR IF DESIRED, AT FIXED PRICE $1.25

HERE IN BEHALF OF ABYSSINIAN JEWS

Ethnologist Seeks to Establish a Branch of Society to Unite Them with Others of the Race.

A LONG ISOLATED PEOPLE

Ancient Religious Forms of Judaism Rigidly Observed—50,000 Still of the Faith.

Dr. J. Faitlovitch, an ethnologist who has spent many years among the black Jews of Abyssinia and written several books about them, has come to this city for the purpose of establishing here a branch society to help unite the outlying branch of Jews with the rest of the Jewish world. Similar branches have already been organized in Italy, Germany, Switzerland, and elsewhere, and the project has met with encouraging response among the Falashas, or black Jews, themselves.

This race has for centuries lived in the mountainous regions of Abyssinia, apart from all other Jews and all outside Jewish influences. Ethnologists have been puzzled by the fact that the Falashas, although they have forgotten all use of the Hebrew language, have still kept their Jewish faith and many of the oldest Jewish rites and ceremonies. The sect was first discovered to Occidental nations by the traveler Bruce, and later described more fully in 1868 by Joseph Halevy, a distinguished Semitic scholar who penetrated among them and returned, bringing with him several of their manuscripts.

Dr. Faitlovitch was one of Halevy's students at the College de France, and became so fired with interest and enthusiasm for this "orphan colony" of Jews that he determined to devote his life to bringing them into closer relationship with the other Jews of the world. He visited them first in 1904 under the auspices of Baron Edmund de Rothschild, and again in 1908 in connection with the international society he had started with the purpose of bringing about the proposed union.

According to Dr. Faitlovitch, there are now about 50,000 Falashas, who still remain Jews, while a still greater number, though converted by Christian missionaries in former days, still retain consciousness of their Jewish affinity much as did the Maranos of Spain. There was a great wave of conversion in the reigns of the predecessors of the present King Negus Menelik of Abyssinia, according to Dr. Faitlovitch, and all divergent creeds went under for a time, even the Mohammedans who were a majority of the population professing Christianity. These returned to their original religious allegiance at the accession of Menelik, but many of the Falashas did not come back, a special missionary campaign having been carried on among them even recently.

"I feel convinced it is solely from want of proper instruction in their faith that they have been forced to accept Christianity in recent years," says Dr. Faitlovitch in a current issue of The American Hebrew. "It was with them a counsel of despair. After M. Halevy's failure to return to them they were convinced that they were the only Jews left in the world, and I had the greatest difficulty in persuading them on my first journey that I was myself a Jew or that any others existed. When convinced of this, they showed a most devout eagerness to come into touch with their long-lost brethren, and since my visit, I am happy to say, conversions have entirely ceased, as indeed the missionaries themselves complain.

"On both my visits I brought back young Falashas of intelligence who showed a desire to become acquainted with Hebrew and to devote themselves to the spiritual revival of their brethren. One of these is now in Florence and two in Jerusalem, acquiring a thorough knowledge of Hebrew and the tenets and practice of the Jewish faith. They are filled with the consciousness of their mission and eagerly waiting for the day when they will be fitted for their task. I received a postcard only this week from the one in Florence, expressing his hopes that our aims may soon be realized. There was no danger of the postal authorities reading the card, which was written in Amharic, the modern form of Ethiopic."

Dr. Faitlovitch said that the International Society for the Promotion of Judaism among the Falashas hopes to establish in Eretria, the Italian colony adjoining Abyssinia, a training school for teachers, where they may acquire a knowledge of Hebrew and Italian, as well as secular studies, such as history and geography, and spread both Judaism and civilization among their neglected brethren. The plan is to establish the school outside of Menelik's domains, because, although the present King is liberal, it is not considered certain that his successor may be, and it is considered safer to have the school in the territory of a civilized nation.

"But beyond this," says Dr. Faitlovitch, "there is an economic reason for the sake of the Falashas themselves. They are practically the sole artisans of the country, and within a few years must form its chief commercial class. It is highly desirable therefore that certain select ones of them should become acquainted with modern European methods of commerce and industry."

The Judaism of the Falashas, he said, is undoubted as far as their monotheism and obedience to the precepts of the Bible are concerned. They keep the Abrahamitic covenant and are rigid in their observance of the Sabbath, even looking askance upon Dr. Faitlovitch himself when he allowed his negro servant to prepare a cup of tea for him on that day. They observe the Passover also, and are in fact the only Jews who on that occasion still sacrifice the pascal lamb. They also observe Yom Kippur, the Day of Atonement, and have preserved, alone among all the Jews, the sacred dance celebrated on the morning of that day in ancient times, as mentioned in the Talmud.

Though they have no longer access to Hebrew Scriptures and are dependent for their knowledge of the Bible on a Teez version written for the Christian Church, they still keep many of the oldest Jewish traditions. They have a ritual method of slaughtering animals for food different from that employed by other Jews.

It has been supposed that the Falashas got into Abyssinia from Arabia, but Dr. Faitlovitch holds that they may have come through Egypt to Ethiopia, and that the peculiarities of their views and practices may be explained by affiliation with the Therapeutae, a sect of monks in Egypt.

ARREST BURNS MEN AS BRIBE GIVERS

Continued from Page 1.

the adjoining room was told by means of this instrument. Then a telephone communication was made between the rooms by having the receiver on one telephone raised. Thus the stenographer took down every word spoken in the room.

The statement is made that it will be an easy matter to show that many members, and in one case almost an entire committee, were wined and dined by a set of lobbyists.

In addition to the inquiry by the Grand Jury it is also likely that a special legislative investigation will be made. Arrangements for such an inquiry are already under way.

Representative Langdon, floor leader of the House, declared to-night that he would oppose a legislative investigation of bribery charges against members, as it would grant immunity to all who testified before an investigating committee. Mr. Langdon said the scandal, which will soon develop, will be one of the greatest of the kind ever known in Ohio.

It is said to-night that Speaker Vining discovered the fact that the men who bribed Representative Nye were Burns's detectives, and so informed Nye a few days ago. Detective William J. Burns was in [illegible] yesterday.

HIS FIFTEENTH ESCAPE.

One-Half of Rice Damaged, an Eye, Arm, and Leg Being Gone.

In a runaway at Bayside yesterday that was witnessed by the spectators at a ball game between the Star Athletic Club, a local nine, and the Amsterdams of Washington Heights, John H. Rice, a liveryman of Manhasset, L. I., was thrown from his runabout. To those who witnessed the accident it appeared that he was seriously, if not mortally, injured. He was rendered unconscious, but was soon revived.

The horse ran across the diamond, while the ball players fled and the spectators got out of the way on the run.

It was Rice's fifteenth escape from death in accidents. All that he now has to show for the mishaps is the loss of an eye, a leg, and an arm. All of these are missing from the left side of his anatomy.

Rice lost his eye when he was cleaning a revolver. He went after a burglar one night, and the shotgun he had exploded, resulting in the destruction of an arm. His leg was cut off when a railroad train ran over it at Bayside about twenty years ago. He is 45 years old, and two years ago was a candidate for Constable of the town of North Hempstead on the Democratic ticket. Despite the plea his friends made for him that he was a powerful man and could cope with any criminal, Rice was beaten. The voters said they preferred a whole man to "a half portion," when lots of whole men were available.

Twice Rice was rescued when he fell through the ice at Lake Success, near the Vanderbilt estate at Lakeville. When a boy he was picked up for dead after a fall from a cherry tree, and once he was saved from drowning in Manhasset Bay. Only a few weeks ago he had a narrow escape from being killed by an automobile.

Rice's friends suggest that he has a charmed life.

PUSHING 'PHONE MERGER.

Southern Companies Being Acquired in Opposition to Bell Interests.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 30.—General Manager S. M. Heller of the Central Home Telephone Company of Louisville, Ky., says his company has purchased for $75,000 the properties of the Bowling Green Home Telephone Company of that State. This is the first of many acquisitions to be made throughout the South and West by J. P. Morgan & Co. of New York.

Several other independent companies in the State of Kentucky will be bought by the same organization, and include the cities of Owenton, Owensboro, Hopkinsville, Henderson, Lexington, Winchester, Frankfort, Paducah, and Carrollton.

The merger to be made in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, and other States of the South is said to be intended for incorporation at $25,000,000. J. Pierpont Morgan is back of the proposed amalgamation. Outside of the Louisville Home Telephone Company, which he now controls, the largest property to be acquired, according to rumor, is the Mobile Telephone Company, one of the most valuable in the South.

Mr. Morgan is said to be in control of the Cincinnati and Interurban Bell Telephone Company. President Vail recently came to Cincinnati. He wired Vice President Kilgour, and meantime his representatives were buying up all the stock they could get. Morgan now has approximately 58 per cent. of this company's stock.

FOUR CRAZED IN THE STREET.

Three Women and an Ex-Soldier Taken to Brooklyn Hospitals.

Three women and an ex-private of the United States Army were found suffering from some form of insanity on the streets in different parts of Brooklyn yesterday, and were removed to the observation ward of the Kings County Hospital.

Mrs. Mary McGovern, 29 years old, of 710 Putnam Avenue, became violent in St. Mary's Hospital, where she was removed after she was found on the street near that institution. It took the combined efforts of Ambulance Surgeon Messier and Policeman Jaynes of the Atlantic Avenue Station to control her while on the way in the ambulance to the Kings County Hospital.

Mrs. Emelie Bratten, 49 years old, of 1,230 Fulton Street, was found wandering aimlessly, hatless and shoeless, at Rochester Avenue and Bergen Street. She was removed to the Kings County Hospital. It was learned that she had been ill for some time, and her family had found it necessary to watch her movements. She walked out of her home early in the morning while the family was asleep.

Joseph Mansfield, the ex-soldier who said his home was in Yonkers, was removed by Ambulance Surgeon Robinson of the Brooklyn Hospital to the county institution from the corner of Fulton Street and Rockwell Street. He was suffering from acute mania.

Mrs. Rebecca Borosky, 42 years old, of 1,559 Pitkin Avenue, was found at the corner of Atlantic Avenue and Hendrix Street and taken to the Liberty Avenue Station. She was taken from there to her home by friends.

FISHING PARTY STRANDED.

Rescued by Police Boat After Seven of Them Get a Ducking.

During a squall yesterday afternoon the big motor sloop Crusoe went aground on the edge of the Middle Ground Bar in Rockaway Inlet, a mile off the Rockaway Beach shore, and keeled over with a force that sent her complement of fifty-five men and three women passengers to leeward by the run.

As Skipper Bergman saw that there was no chance of getting his vessel off for some hours, he sounded several blasts of distress to attract the attention of the police patrol boat belonging to Harbor Squad C, which, being of light draught, was able to get up close to the stranded sloop. A roller capsized one of the small boats going from the sloop to the patrol boat, and the seven men in her were thrown into the water, and a second wave smashed the boat up against the Crusoe's side and broke it to pieces.

Two of the capsized men were good swimmers, and Capt. Bergman made a bowline fast round his waist and jumped into the water to assist them in keeping the others afloat until they were hauled on board the sloop by ropes thrown from the deck. The patrol boat sent a small whaleboat to the rescue, and the fishing boats Duane and Shamrock also sent boats, which conveyed all the passengers safely from the Crusoe to the police launch, in which they were taken to Canarsie Pier and landed, none the worse for their nautical adventure.

Capt. Bergman said that the Crusoe had been on a fishing excursion and all had gone well until she got out of her course returning in the fog, and when the squall came the sloop went aground. She was floated off late last night, apparently undamaged.

TEXAS ROADS SHOW DEFICIT.

Special to The New York Times.

GALVESTON, Texas, April 30.—In a statement issued by thirty-two railroads operating in Texas and handling 98 per cent. of the traffic in this State it is shown that for the first eight months of the fiscal year they suffered a net deficit of $1,472,000, as against a surplus of $151,400 for the same period last year.

The gross income for the eight months was $20,008,227, an increase of nearly $1,000,000 over last year, but the expenses, including taxes, rents, equipment, betterments, and additions, aggregated $21,479,700.

The total operating revenue for the eight months ended March 1 was $73,387,373, an increase of $4,750,128, but the operating expenses, not including taxes, rents, equipments, &c., were $53,392,270, or an increase of $4,193,858.

While the revenue increased 7.02 per cent. over the corresponding period a year ago, the operating expenses increased 8.52 per cent.

KILLED IN DAYTON WRECK.

Engineer, Fireman, and Yard Clerk Crushed When Engine Jumps Track.

DAYTON, Ohio, April 30.—The first engine of Pennsylvania Passenger Train No. 20 jumped the track inside the city limits early to-night.

The huge locomotive turned over, killing Engineer Crumley, Fireman Charles Grandan, and Yard Clerk Hicks.

Six others were taken to the hospital.

FOR BETTER FIRE PROTECTION

A Labor Mass Meeting in Newark Urges Further Action.

To urge better protection for factory workers, a mass meeting was held in the Empire Theatre, Newark, yesterday afternoon under the auspices of the Essex Trades Council. It is part of a movement prompted by the High Street factory fire in Newark and the more recent fire in the Asch Building in this city.

Ex-Sheriff Frank H. Sommer of Newark, who aided in the rescue of fifty or more girls from the Asch Building, was one of the speakers. He was lecturing before a class of students in the New York University Law School, adjoining the scene of the fire, at the time. He urged the working men and women to become missionaries in an effort to have the State further protect the lives of those employed in factories.

The other speakers were Mayor Jacob Haussling, Henry Carless, John H. McLean, who presided, and Mrs. C. Cushing of the East Orange Bureau of Associated Charities.

Resolutions were adopted lauding the New Jersey Legislature for labor bills enacted, particularly the Employers' Liability law, which goes into effect in the State to-morrow.

To Increase Churches' Social Work.

The Commission on Social Service of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America has elected the Rev. Charles S. MacFarland Executive Secretary. Mr. MacFarland is pastor of the Congregational Church at South Norwalk, Conn., and at the morning service yesterday he announced his resignation. The Federal Council combines for common work practically all of the Protestant bodies of America, and has departments with headquarters in New York, Chicago, Denver, and San Francisco. The commission named is one of several branches of its work.

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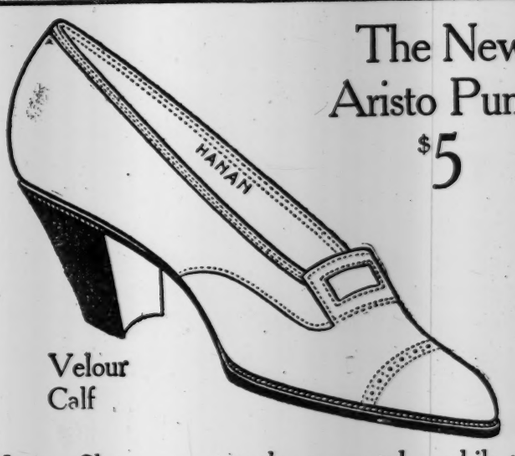

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EXCURSION WRECK COST ELEVEN LIVES

Eight of the Victims Burned to Death and Three Died in Hospital.

TWO OTHERS LIKELY TO DIE

Full Toll of Martin's Creek, N. J., Disaster May Never Be Known—Track Ties Were Torn Up.

Special to The New York Times.

EASTON, Penn., April 30.—Eleven persons are dead as a result of the accident that occurred a short distance from Martin's Creek, N. J., on the Easton Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad yesterday afternoon, when the Buffalo excursion train, on its way from N. Y., to Washington, D. C., left an embankment.

THE DEAD.

ALLEN, Mrs. MARY, Utica.
BICKNELL, JAMES, tourist agent for the Pennsylvania Railroad, Philadelphia.
JONES, Miss SARAH, teacher, Utica.
KNOLT, Miss SOPHIA, teacher, Utica.
LINDEMAN, Miss LOUISE, teacher, Utica.
PERSON, CHARLES, conductor of wrecked train, Stroudsburg, Penn.
RUTHERFORD, Miss ELEANOR, Utica.
SESSIONS, Miss SUSAN, friend of Miss Myers, Utica.
WALKER, Miss Bessie, teacher, Utica.
VANOY, WALTER, engineer of the wrecked train, Trenton.
WILMER, HARRY, baggageman of the train, Trenton, N. J.

Two of the injured are in a critical condition and are not likely to recover. They are George W. Parsons of Lambertville, N. J., who was the fireman on the locomotive drawing the train, and Miss Augusta J. Lyte of New Hartford, N. Y., one of the excursionists. At the Easton hospital it was stated this evening that the other excursionists there would probably recover. Mr. Parsons is badly scalded about the body and is injured internally. Miss Lyte is cut about the body, and is suffering from severe burns, and is also hurt internally.

At an early hour this morning a wrecking crew of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company was run to Martin's Creek from Phillipsburg, and began a search through the ashes in the deep ditch where four of the five passenger coaches had rolled and where the cars, set on fire by the gas from the tanks with which the coaches were equipped, were completely destroyed.

Physicians at the scene of the wreck examined the bones in the ashes and arrived at the conclusion that they represented at least eight people. Skulls and a few bones were placed in boxes, and will be sent to Utica. It is evident already that it will be impossible to fix the correct list of those lost in the wreck, as it has been learned there were a number of persons in the party who boarded the excursion train at other points than Utica, Syracuse, and Waterville. They were not included in the list of 165 that was prepared at Utica.

Among the effects of the dead found in the wreckage were three gold watches, one of which was marked "S. J.," and is believed to have been the property of Miss Sarah Jones. Under some charred ones was found a handbag that contained papers bearing the name of Mrs. Mary Allen. A bunch of keys and a trainman's brotherhood button were identified as belonging to Wilmer, the baggageman.

While Person, the conductor, lay pinned in the wreckage, W. S. Cummings, district passenger agent for the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, lay stationed over his prostrate body. Person took Cummings by the hand, and said he could not see. It was later learned that Person's eyes were burned out. Cummings managed to free himself, and later assisted in extricating the body of the conductor. Person died in the hospital, as did Miss Rutherford and Engineer Vanoy. The explosion that occurred at the wreck last night was due to the ignition of gas in a tank under the dining car, the only car which did not go into the ditch. A flying fragment of the tank truck Harry Francis of Titusville, Penn., in the head, inflicting an ugly gash. Francis, who is a student at Lafayette College, Easton, was watching the wrecking crew at work.

This morning a special train was run down from the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, and took the excursionists who had remained over night at Martin's Creek, and those who had spent the night at Belvidere, N. J., a few miles above the wreck, back to their homes.

While no official information is given out as to the probable cause of the accident, it is understood to have resulted from the track at that point, on one of the sharpest curves along the road, being under repair. The track, it is explained, was being raised, and the earth was not solidly tamped about the ties. The track was repaired this morning, and the road was open for traffic this afternoon. It is a single-track road at that point.

Coroner Kinney of Warren County, N. J., will hold an inquest to-morrow.

UTICA IN MOURNING.

Thousands Out to Meet Special Train Bearing Victims of the Wreck.

UTICA, N. Y., April 30.—Thousands of persons stood in a pouring rain to-night anxiously awaiting the arrival of the special train bearing victims of the wreck near Martin's Creek, N. J. It came shortly after 10 o'clock, and the authorities, in spite of the best of preparations, could scarcely cope with the excited and grief-stricken crowd. The police reserves roped off a section of the street where the ambulances and nurses from local hospitals together with twenty-five carriages provided by the railroad company, were in waiting.

Five cars of the special train had been converted into temporary hospitals, and early thirty persons, injured more or less seriously, were helped from the cars and into the ambulances and carriages. The injured withstood the ride with fortitude, and all seem to be in condition for recovery more or less prompt.

In nearly all of the churches to-day reference was made from the pulpits to the catastrophe, special prayers were offered, and in some instances sermons were abandoned for a special service. Flags on the municipal buildings and the public schools are at half mast, and the city shows that it has been deeply moved by the affair.

STUDENTS DEMAND DIAZ'S RETIREMENT

Delegation Representing 1,000 in Mexico City Sends an Address Through His Adjutant.

MAZATLAN LIKELY TO FALL

Possession of Seaport Would Change Rebels' Status—Renewed Discussion of American Aid in Revolution.

BY STEPHEN BONSAL.

Special Correspondent of The New York Times.

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MEXICO CITY, April 30.—This has been another anxious day at the capital, with, however, but little reliable news as to the extending conflict between the Government and the revolutionary forces. All classes feel the suspense, but perhaps more than all the others is it wearing on those who are seeking profitable fishing in the troubled waters.

In Government circles I do not hear any expressed hope of holding Mazatlan, the Pacific port, much longer. Of course it is recognized here that with this seaport in their possession the revolutionists would acquire a status quite different from that they have held heretofore.

The Puebla bandits who murdered six Spaniards at Hacienda Atencingo, arousing the anger of the Spanish residents in Mexico, have furnished a waiting world with what they evidently consider a very adequate explanation of their barbarous behavior. They announce that they called at the Spanish ranch, as they had frequently done before, and relieved the Spaniards of their cash and half a dozen cases of wine, as they had also done before. The wine in one of the cases, which turned out to be bottles of strong mineral water, had such an alarming effect upon those who drank it that their comrades, considering the stricken men poisoned, rode back to the ranch and murdered all the men they could lay hands on.

Another Spaniard Murdered.

Another Spaniard has been made the victim of the disorders in the country, this time a land owner who has been murdered near Chilpancingo. He had received a warning letter, and in consequence was leaving the country. He was overtaken at a railway station and was shot down. He had recently purchased a tract of land to which perfect title was given, but on entering into possession he found many squatters. He ordered them off, and some of these are reported to be the assassins.

Students Tell Diaz to Retire.

Outspoken views on the national situation which 1,000 students injected into it this morning—their words at a meeting last night being published in some of the papers and in broadsides—have created considerable uneasiness. It is feared that these hotheads will end by going in a body to the palace and personally calling upon President Diaz to resign.

It is hoped, however, this plan has not been carried out. I am informed that a committee of five of the students was received at the palace this afternoon by the President's Adjutant, who assured them that Gen. Diaz had read already what they had to say and would answer them at the first available moment. In this protest to Gen. Diaz the students of the university, wish me to say to you in all sincerity, and you may be convinced that we are right when we say to you that the whole country is decidedly of the opinion that you made a mistake in having yourself elected to the Presidency for the seventh time, and that it was a still greater mistake for you to force the present Vice President upon the republic.

"If this mistake is remedied or corrected by you in now formally renouncing the high office of President of the republic our country will be greatly the gainer, but if this error is not recognized, and, even though recognized, if it is not corrected as far as possible, history will judge you."

Limantour's Views Discussed.

The interview with Finance Minister Limantour, which I sent recently to THE NEW YORK TIMES, was reproduced last evening and this morning in all the newspapers in the capital, and, indeed, in most of those throughout the republic. In spite of a hundred editorials and in the dearth of actual news of the political situation, constitutes the question of the day.

The Finance Minister is generally praised or blamed according to the bias of the paper. He is bitterly attacked in the Liberal papers for the conservative views he expressed on the subject of the fitness of the Mexicans for universal suffrage. He is invariably applauded, however, for what is called his bold statement of facts regarding the conditions and sympathies along the American border.

Many of the leading writers would have their readers believe that they can see no real difference between Señor Limantour's statement of what he considers are the facts concerning the sympathies of the border population and the alleged interview of Señor Corral at Santander in which the Vice President was represented as expressing his views and beliefs as to the conduct and purpose of the United States Government, which aimed at conquest.

American Aid to the Rebels.

El Tiempo, a newspaper with a large circulation and unobtrusive politics, takes up this theme and mildly criticises Ambassador Wilson for calling the attention of the State Department to the supposed Corral interview. It asks why exception was not taken at the time to the following statement, which it quotes from Gen. Diaz's last message to Congress:

"The Executive observed that the rebels were receiving filibusterers who were organizing in the territory of the United States of North America, and on this account I called the attention of the Government of that country to these acts."

El Tiempo then says: "If Señor Corral was correctly quoted he said only what was true, a truth direct from the sacred temple, and he only said what the President of the republic and the Finance Minister had said before him. These things be truths which our peons know as well as our educated classes when they see our country population armed with the most modern rifles. These be truths which even our lisping children know and which blind men are singing on the street corners.' The newspapers of the whole world repeat these statements with approval, and their truth is a matter of conviction with every one in the world who has taken the trouble to look into the question of the Mexican revolution."

My impression is that in so far that it pretends to report what Mexicans, official and otherwise, are saying regarding the Corral interview and the attitude of the United States it does so correctly.

TRAIN HELD UP TEN TIMES.

Rebels Search It for Soldiers—Threaten to Cut the Laredo Line.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, April 30.—The Mexico City Express, part of which arrived in San Antonio at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, was held up by rebels ten times between Saltillo and Nuevo Laredo, according to passengers.

At Saltillo and again at Monterey officials of the National Railways of Mexico went through the train, and warned the passengers that the insurrectos had threatened to put an end to traffic on the Laredo Division, the only line now open to Mexico City from the United States. At Salinas and at El Salado insurrectos boarded the train, and gave them to understand that the bridges at these places would be destroyed as soon as the train had passed over.

It was near Saltillo, in Coahuila, that the insurrectos first held up the train. An armed band went through it, searching for Federal soldiers, and, finding none, did not molest the regular passengers or the crew. Nine other times between that place and Nuevo Laredo the train was stopped by insurrectos, and the train searched for soldiers. All of the hold-up bands were heavily armed, but in no instance were passengers molested.

One of the passengers who arrived here was G. G. Garcia, who said he was a member of the brokerage firm of Garcia & Son, at 17 Wall Street, New York City. He was on the train which was attacked in the State of Morelos, south of the Mexican Federal district Wednesday, details of which have been given in Stephen Bonsal's dispatches to THE NEW YORK TIMES. Mr. Garcia said he was bound for Cuernavaca, in Morelos, a town just outside the Federal district boundary.

"The train was made up of four cars," said Mr. Garcia, "and among the passengers were about twenty Americans, half of them women, and also thirty Federal soldiers under command of an eighteen-year-old Lieutenant. The passengers feared that something would happen if the soldiers remained on board, and petitioned the boy officer to take them off, but he refused.

"We were about an hour and a half out of Mexico City, when our fears were realized. The attacking insurrectos numbered about 150, and when they saw the Federal soldiers they began firing. We passengers lay down on the floors of the cars, and I placed a suitcase between me and the wall of the coach as an additional protection. The women became hysterical, and the men were anything but comfortable, I assure you.

"For an hour the fight lasted. Once I looked up just in time to see a Federal soldier receive a bullet in the head. He was right over me, and fell dead across my body. Another Mexican, a civil engineer, peeped out of a window, and got a bullet through his head. When the fight was over both sides left behind them many dead and wounded. Twelve of the Federals were dead, and the boy Lieutenant was shot twice, once in the arm and again in the leg. The rest of the Federals surrendered.

"After the surrender the insurrecto chief came through the train, and asked if any Americans had been hurt. When told that none had, he said he was glad, and after appropriating $500 that belonged to the Government, he and his men disappeared with their prisoners."

Mr. Garcia said that volunteers were being raised all over Central Mexico, and that the circulars calling for enlistments stated that the men were wanted to repel possible foreign invasion. A great many Mexicans, he added, still believed that intervention would come before order was restored in that country.

ATTACK ON OJINAGA BEGUN.

Part of the Garrison Flees Across Border—El Paso Cannon Used.

PRESIDIO, Texas, Saturday, April 29, (via Marfa, Texas, April 30.)—The insurgent forces under Col. Villareal, who have long besieged the town of Ojinaga, opposite this place, began their long-anticipated attack early to-day. They opened the fighting on the north and south positions of the Federal forces, intrenched in the villages of San Francisco and Lagarita.

At daybreak the Canada Ancha position on the west began an attack, and at this point the fighting apears to have been the strongest. The insurrecto artillery is posted here, and the rebel force apparently had determined to make its advance into Ojinaga from this point. The famous "Blue Whistler" cannon, which was taken from the City Hall Park at El Paso, played havoc with the adobe ramparts of the Federals. At every shot a shower of dust and débris was sent into the air. The artillery of the insurrecto forces is under the command of Capt. A. W. Lewis, an American. He pushed his artillery into positions only 150 yards from the Federal intrenchments just before the battle opened.

A considerable number of the soldiers of the Federal forces have fled from Ojinaga to the American side of the river, and it is predicted that if defeat becomes imminent Gen. Luque, who is in command, will bring all his equipment over to surrender, in order to prevent his artillery from falling into the hands of the revolutionists.

United States troops are patroling the river bank to prevent neutrality violations.

At Cuchillo Parado Federal reinforcements of fifty men, under Col. Gordo, marching to the relief of Ojinaga, have been driven back to the town of Folomoir. Twelve soldiers were killed. Cuchillo Parado was garrisoned by sixty insurgents, commanded by Esteban Cardenas.

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Hope of an End to the Rebellion Is Revived as They Send Word to Capital.

MADERO'S TERMS DEFINED

He Will Insist That the Diaz Envoy Show Full Power to Bind the Government.

Special to The New York Times.

MEXICO CITY, April 30.—Petitions from several rebel leaders have been received in the last few days by the Government requesting peace on certain specified terms, which differ with the local conditions. They have given renewed strength to the rapidly vanishing hope of early peace.

That peace terms with Gen. Madero alone will not suffice is recognized. That may be the reason for the unexpected order which stopped Judge Carbajal, the Federal Commissioner appointed to confer with Gen. Madero, at Saltillo. Judge Carbajal, according to an official statement, is awaiting a possible change in the place for the peace parley.

Word from the rebel leaders in the States of Puebla, Morelos, and Guerrero indicates that, even if Dr. Vasquez Gomez is made Minister of the Interior and Gen. Madero is made Provisional President, these facts will have no influence on them unless certain reforms covering their local conditions are covered. They are willing to lay down their arms when the per capita taxes are abolished, when the general Congressional laws are revised, with popular representation; when the authorities are named by unrestricted popular vote, and when opportunities are offered to purchase farming lands and absolute guarantees are offered of titles of ownership.

As the Federal Government is in a position to offer all these things and to put many of the reforms mentioned into immediate execution, it is possible that the next week or two will see the Government in negotiation with the local leaders all over Mexico.

The commerce of Mexico is in the hands of foreign merchants, and increasing American commercial activities here have been regarded jealously for many years, by the French and Germans especially. Consequently any reference to American occupation of Mexico has heretofore met with decided resentment.

The events of the last few months, however, are changing this spirit, and now it is the general opinion that American intervention must come. It may be avoided for years, but they believe it will be forced eventually. After only five months of fighting they feel that Mexico is now in no position to protect their interests if called upon to do so. Even in Mexico City it is questionable whether the lives of foreigners could be protected from mob violence if some great crisis should arise.

Whether resident Americans would be safe in the case of American intervention is a disputed question. It is certain that the Government would try to protect them, but the question is: Could it do so?

There has been no cessation in Puebla State of rebel activity. Apparently no attack has been made yet on Tehuacan, but that is not certain as the wires are down everywhere and the Government is monopolizing all that are working. This makes the news slow and uncertain. Mail advices are reaching this city regularly from points on the railroads, but the carrier routes, which cover much of Mexico's territory, are practically abandoned.

The chief dispatcher of the National Railroad here last night received a letter postmaked San Luis Potosi, and signed Moya, saying that no more through trains would be permitted after to-night. The authenticity of the letter is questioned.

Business man of Puebla are organizing a special corps of volunteers for service in defense of the city only. This corps will post sentinels each night. An attack on the city of Puebla logically would be the next step of the rebels.

The conservative element of the local Spaniards are trying to dominate the situation arising from the killing of their countrymen. An open air meeting called by the hotheads for Valbuena Park this afternoon was broken up through their efforts. At a meeting to-day at the Casino Espanol calmness was advised and assurances were given that the motherland would see to it that redress was made for Spanish losses. Conservatism was counseled with regard to proposed measures to obtain the recall of Minister Cologan.

Reports of isolated clashes between Spaniards and Mexicans came into Police Headquarters nearly every hour yesterday, but there was nothing of dangerous importance. Vigorous work will be necessary, however, to prevent trouble if the bodies of the Spaniards killed at Atencingo are brought here for burial.

MADERIST TERMS DRAWN.

Gomez Named as Chief Peace Commissioner—Army Chiefs Confer.

EL PASO, Texas, April 30.—In a low adobe house leaders of the Mexican insurrection sat for four hours to-day, formulating an agreement to be presented to the Federal Government through its peace envoys.

At the conclusion of the conference Francisco I. Madero, Jr., President of the Provisional Government, announced the election by ballot of Dr. Francisco Vasquez Gomez, Francisco Madero, Sr., and José Pino Suarez as the Peace Commissioners of the revolutionary party. A definite basis of peace terms was agreed upon, but no announcement of them was made.

The first obstacle, it is believed, will be met when Francisco Carabajal, head of the Federal Peace Commission, arrives. The insurrecto leaders are determined that formal negotiations shall not begin until the Federal envoy presents credentials authorizing him to act for his Government.

The substance of the insurrecto demands is known in a general way. The revolutionists insist on participation in Government affairs, and point out that the only way to guarantee it is to appoint some member of their party in the Cabinet, and to have some of their supporters as Provisional Governors pending new elections. The resignation of President Diaz is said to be hardly mentioned, as the rebels believe that, with a majority representation in governmental affairs, his personality will be of little importance.

With the exception of Gen. Orozco, Col. Villa, and Col. Blanco, those who attended the conference to-day were the same little band of men who met just a year ago in Mexico City, and formulated the platform of the revolutionist party in the last election.

REBELS SHOOT INTO TRAIN.

Noted Tropical Botanist and Two Other Passengers Killed.

MEXICO CITY, April 30.—The week-end special train for Cuernavaca, seventy-five miles south of this city, was shot up and wrecked by rebels last night at El Parue, a few miles from its destination. Three passengers and a negro porter were killed and several others injured. The engineer is missing.

Among those killed was Dr. Pehr Olssen-Seffer, a botanist of repute, who formerly was attached to a department of the Mexican Government as an expert in rubber culture.

The tactics of the rebels were similar to those employed a few days ago when they held up a train at Cajones, fifty miles further south on the same line, and wiped out a detachment of thirty Federals. The enginemen were signaled to stop, but crowded on steam instead. As the train rushed past the point where the rebels were stationed a volley was fired through the windows of the chair car.

Once out of range of the firing the train slowed down, but not in time to avoid being partly wrecked through the tearing up of the track. The locomotive was overturned, and it was believed that the engineer was buried beneath it. Traffic over the Cuernavaca line is suspended.

MEXICO CITY, Mexico, April 30.—It is not expected that any international difficulty will ensue as a result of the killing of Dr. Olssen-Seffer, for it is doubtful if he could have established his citizenship in any country. His parents, who are yet living near Oakland, Cal., are Swedes. He was born in Finland, but when a boy went to Australia, where he lived for many years. From Australia he went to California, where he became an instructor in botany in the University of California. There he was married to an American girl, and some years ago he came to Mexico.

To his friends the doctor frequently said he was without a country. At the time of his death he was Vice Consul here for Portugal. A few weeks ago he was chosen for the Chair of Botany in the newly created Mexican University. As a tropical agriculturist, he was regarded as an expert. To study the rubber industry he was sent on a tour through the tropical world by the Government, and since his return he has been closely identified with the Government in its efforts to develop not only the rubber industry, but all forms of tropical agriculture.

ARMISTICE NEAR CAPITAL.

Rebel Chiefs Would Have It Run Eight Days—Outbreak at Capital.

MEXICO CITY, April 30.—Details reached here to-day of the negotiations for an armistice in the States of Morelos and Guerrero. Col. Fausto Beltran is representing the Government and Gen. Ambrosio Figueroa and Frederico Morales the insurrectos. It is believed the terms will be signed to-morrow at Tlaltizapam, near the boundary line separating the two States. The terms of the armistice proposed by the rebels are:

The armistice shall be in effect eight days from the day of the signing.
The forces of both sides shall not be moved; that there shall be a complete cessation of hostilities.
The rebels shall not be hindered from obtaining supplies from certain designated towns.
The rebels shall be permitted to use the telegraph without interference to confer with their forces.
Trains on the Inter-Oceanic and the Central Railroads shall be permitted to move without interference from rebels.

To-day in the prefecture of Xochimilso, a suburb of Mexico City, the residents are in arms. The prisoners have been released. While this latest uprising is not directly connected with the general revolution, it is indicative of the spirit of unrest. It is directed, say the principal citizens of the State, against the prefect who, they allege, has been guilty of abuse of power. A committee has appealed to Minister Limantour to use his influence to have appointed another prefect, when, it is believed, peace in the district will be restored.

TORREON FEARS AN ATTACK.

Federals Lose in a Skirmish at Lerdo —Band Near Puebla.

TORREON, Mexico, April 30.—Anticipating an attack by the rebels who are now in control of Gomez Palacio and Lerdo, towns a few minutes ride from Torreon, many of the families of this city have fled. Five hundred men garrison the place.

Since the occupation of Lerdo there has been one skirmish, and that resulted in a repulse of the Federals. Afterwards Gomez Palacio was taken. The rebels are led by Pablo Lavin, a young member of an old and wealthy family of this region.

PUEBLA, Mexico, April 30.—Tepexca has been added to the list of towns taken by the rebels in this State. This place is near Tecanachalco, which fell into the hands of the rebels three days ago. Alamos, four kilometres from this city, was taken by 400 rebels with no opposition.

The Federals are following the various bands closely, but the rebel policy of retreating has left no opportunity for a battle. The latest town to be abandoned by the insurrectos is Huaquechula. Before leaving they cut off the water supply. This band is said to be moving to join those at Matamoras Izucar.

TO PRESERVE SPLIT ROCK.

New Owner Will Not Destroy the Scene of Jersey Indian Legends.

Special to The New York Times.

CHATHAM, N. J., April 30.—J. H. Coleman, who has purchased part of the Martin estate, including the famous "Split Rock," assured his friends here to-day that greater prominence will be given to the landmark when his plans for developing the grounds are carried out. Rumors had been afloat that the rock was to be blasted away.

This, like Eagle Rock in Orange, is the centre of many Indian romances. More than one Indian maiden whose love affairs had gone wrong, the stories tell, have cast themselves from the rock. Other stories tell how the Indian lover was stricken by lightning, which smote the rock and split it, causing the characteristic that gave it its name.

W. A. Martin acquired the land about forty years ago and built a handsome residence north of the rock. Among the bronze figures set about the grounds was one of the legendary Indian who was killed on the rock by lightning. Sixteen years ago this figure, with others, was stolen, and by a coincidence the smaller part of the rock fell away soon after. It now rests on its side, with the ancient fissure upward.

PLAN A HOME FOR TRAINMEN.

President Taft Expected to Address the Brotherhood on May 14.

HARRISBURG, Penn., April 30.—Projects for the establishment of a home for aged and disabled trainmen and a sanatorium for those afflicted with tuberculosis will be among the important matters to be considered at the triennial convention of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, which will begin its session in this city on May 9. The convention will bring to the city delegates from at least 825 lodges of the order in the United States, Canada, and Mexico.

The programme for the convention extends over three weeks. Gov. Tener will welcome the visitors. Prominent leaders of railroad men will be among the speakers, including W. G. Lee, President of the Trainmen; Warren K. Stone of Cleveland, President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; W. S. Carter of Peoria, Ill., President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, and L. S. Caffin of Highland Park, Ill., Superintendent of the Home for Aged and Disabled Railroad Men.

The event of the convention will be the visit of President Taft on Sunday, May 14, when he will address the trainmen.

FOUND DEAD ON A RAILWAY.

New Yorker's Body Discovered on Tracks Near Paterson.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., April 30.—The mutilated body of William A. Jones, an electrician of 348 Brook Avenue, the Bronx, New York, was found early this morning by Detective Thomas F. Henion and Watchman O'Brien in the yards of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad at Paterson Junction. Identification was established by cards found in the man's pockets. He had a diploma from a New York art school.

The dead man's father, Thomas C. Jones, 81 years old, came to Paterson to-night and claimed the body. Jones, who is an ex-detective, said his son was 28 years old and single. He said he had not seen his son for [illegible] days. It is believed that he was struck by a train during the night.

LAKEWOOD SUSPECT PUZZLES DETECTIVES

No Evidence Yet Discovered to Connect the Negro with the Murder of Mrs. Turner.

SEARCH FOR NEW CLUES

Authorities Hear That She Was Seen with a Tall Woman Shortly Before She Was Killed.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., April 30.—After being closeted for three hours with Henry Graham, the negro who is held in an isolated cell in the Tom River Jail as a material witness to the murder of Mrs. Caroline P. Turner, whose body was found in a clump of woods near her home last Friday, Prosecutor Theodore J. R. Brown announced to-day that he had failed to connect the negro with the murder. With the Prosecutor was Ray Schindler, the Burns detective, who obtained the confession a short time ago of Frank Heidemann, now under sentence of death for the murder of little Marie Smith at Asbury Park last October.

Schindler shared with Prosecutor Brown the conviction expressed by the latter that their case against the negro seems much less certain to-day than when he was overhauled after a seventy-five-mile chase through the Freehold forests.

New clues were taken up this afternoon, and detectives sent out in a search for new evidence. One squad which searched the home of Graham thoroughly reported that nothing had been found there on which he could be connected with the crime.

The only new bit of evidence discovered was a bit of torn cardboard, which was identified by members of the Turner family as a portion of the box in which Mrs. Turner carried some blouses intended for inmates of the Homelands Sanitarium when she left home on Wednesday afternoon. The cardboard was turned over to Prosecutor Brown by newspaper reporters, who picked it up about fifty feet from the spot where Mrs. Turner's body was discovered. It was thought that her assailant after making off with the packages she carried tore them open to see what they contained.

Mrs. Rachael Leet, a white woman, living on the fringe of the negro settlement in "Slabtown," said to-day that on Wednesday afternoon between 3 and 4 o'clock she saw two women pass a store kept by her husband at Fulton and John Streets. She was looking at a newspaper and only glanced up from it to nod to the women. One of them was Mrs. Turner, and the other was a taller woman wearing a blue suit and a black hat. She said she had known Mrs. Turner for eleven years, and could not possibly be mistaken as to her identity.

This statement completely contradicted the evicence furnished by Mrs. William Price and Mrs. Mary Pierce, who live in Pine Needle Lane, down which they declare they saw Mrs. Turner passing just before the time she is thought to have been killed. This lane is fully a mile from the crossroads where Mrs. Leet says she saw Mrs. Turner at the same time.

"If the testimony of Mrs. Price and Mrs. Pierce is to be accepted," Prosecutor Brown declared, "then we have a simple case in which Graham is placed within a few hundred feet of the scene of the murder within ten minutes of the time that Mrs. Turner reached it. Mrs. Pierce says that Graham was getting a drink at a well near her home when Mrs. Turner passed, and that she spoke to him, he telling her that he must hurry home and get into bed before his wife came home, as he was supposed to be ill.

"Mrs. Price, whose house is a little further removed from the forest fringe, says that when she saw Mrs. Turner disappear down Pine Needle Lane she saw two men following behind her only a few hundred feet. This situation gives us plausible ground on which to hold the negro until matters are cleared up, but that is all. He left home, presumably, on Friday morning, eight hours before the body was discovered, and at the time it was discovered he was in the vicinity of Jackson's Mills, six miles away. His wife insists that he takes such trips every Spring, and that she follows him when he finds work, the two then moving through the Summer resorts and watering places.

"We have kept him entirely isolated, and there is no way through which he could have been aware of the finding of the body. We hoped he might be induced to mention the crime in some way, but in his talk he showed complete ignorance of it."

Members of the Turner family would not admit the plausibility of Mrs. Leet's statement concerning Mrs. Turner's presence with another woman in Fulton Street. They held that the path through the woods taken by Mrs. Turner was one on which she traveled regularly, and one used by other members of the family as well. Two detectives were assigned to the task of finding a woman fitting the description furnished by Mrs. Leet, but up to to-night had not been successful.

The funeral of Mrs. Turner will take place on Tuesday afternoon.

DOUBTS LIFE ON MARS.

But Prof. Arrhenius Thinks Venus May Have a Low Form of Life.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 30.—Prof. Svante August Arrhenius, the Swedish astronomer, who is now lecturing at Harvard, does not believe(like Prof. Percival Lowell, that the planet Mars is inhabited, although he admits that life not human may exist on Venus. He differs, too, from Prof. William H. Pickering of Harvard as to the origin of the moon. Prof. Arrhenius says:

"The conditions on other planets than the earth are such that it does not seem possible to me that life can exist on them to-day, if we except only Venus, which is younger than the earth. This exception does not premise intelligent life on Venus. If any life is to be found there it is comparable to the life on the earth in the Silurian age. Animal life then was represented by the saurians and vegetable life by ferns, spruces, and trees similar to those of our present forests."

"As to the possibility of the existence of life on Mars, the temperature is too low there for any life such as we know, except possibly some low form like the snow algae (seaweed) of Spitzbergen.

"Then on Mars, as on the other planets, there is a lack of atmosphere. The so-called canals on Mars are, I believe, but cracks on the surface. Similar cracks are observed on Mercury.

"As to the moon, that is an example, of a celestial body without atmosphere, or one that has lost its atmosphere. Many believe, including Prof. W. H. Pickering, that the moon was thrown off from the earth, and that the depression left is now the Pacific Ocean. I am inclined, however, to think that the moon is much older than the Pacific Ocean, and that it was thrown off from the earth while the earth was still in a molten state."

New Church Extension Officers.

The Methodist Church Extension Society of New York, which recently raised $50,000 for an emergency fund, has elected J. Edgar Leaycraft President in place of the late John S. Huyler, and Robert M. Montgomery Treasurer in place of Mr. Leaycraft, who had been Treasurer for a number of years. The society has charge of missionary work in both New York and New York East Conference districts, and on the east side of Manhattan has just successfully consolidated two Methodist churches.

Pioneer Service 31 Years Old To-day

Began its Career May 1, 1880. Our Warehouse at that time was a building containing 7,500 square feet, equipped with a hand elevator of a thousand pounds capacity. We had Four Employees, One Team and One Truck—as an evidence of our phenomenal growth we might mention that

To-day our Ten-Story Fireproof Warehouse covers Two Hundred Thousand Square Feet and contains Fifteen Hundred Separate Fireproof Rooms. It has two Electric Elevators, each of Six Tons capacity, lifting the Loaded Vans, and is equipped with every Known Modern Device.

Our Rug and Carpet Cleansing Plant occupies a four story building 25 x 200 feet.

Our new Fire and Thief proof Vault for Valuables (now nearing completion), with its wonderful 38 ton door and over 500 tons of Concrete and Steel used in its construction; will accommodate Seventeen Thousand Private Safes.

We have in our employ over One Hundred People, all well drilled and trained for Expert Pioneer Performance.

We Own and have in Active Service for Household Removals in Town or to Distant Points Forty Sturdy Horses, Twenty High-Class Vans, and Six Auto Vans.

Our Telephone Service employs 6 Trunk Lines with 24 Extension Stations.

Our Title—Pioneer—"One Who Leads"—splendidly typifies the position we occupy. We are ever Leading: In Plant, Service, Equipment, Methods, and even Advertising Possibilities—others must be content to follow Us.

Our Unquestioned Supremacy was Gained and is Maintained by a strict adherence to the policy first laid down by us Thirty-one Years Ago To-day, which assured

Absolute Satisfaction To Every Customer.

On this broad Principle, this great enterprise has Prospered, and handles to-day by far the Greatest Business in Our Line.

The strongest emphasis of our record is best found in the now famous Pioneer slogan:

"Ask the People for Whom We Work."

We have full faith in their Verdict—as to the Character of Service Rendered and the General Treatment we have accorded them—and thus freely use the Reference.

We beg herewith to Publicly acknowledge to Our Thousands of Customers Our Appreciation of their Patronage and Confidence, and to assure Them, and the Public in general, of a Rigid Continuance of the Same Splendid Policies in the future conduct of our business that have characterized it for the Past Thirty-one Years.

Pioneer Fireproof Storage Warehouses
'Phone 6900 Main
37 to 51 Flatbush Ave.
Brooklyn.
Nevins St. Sub. Station at Fort [illegible]

BROKAW BROTHERS

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

May-Day reminders for Men—

A light-weight Suit—light in color as well as in texture. We've never shown a greater variety of Fancy Mixture Suits—

Hundreds of patterns, united with a wide range of prices, make a selection easy— $18 to $45

Summer Shirts with French Cuffs—

Madras, silk-and-madras, silk-and-linen, pure silk, etc.— $1.50 to $6

Soft Hats—every style and shade that's good—

American-made and imported— $3 to $6

ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

Does Advertising Minimize the Salesman?

DEEP down in many a salesman's heart is an antagonism to advertising, because he believes that advertising would rob him of his highest value. If advertising sells the goods doesn't it reduce the salesman to an automaton? Doesn't it make it possible to use lower-priced men? *Quite the opposite.*

Without doubt, advertising does minimize the ability required to sell *a given amount of goods.* But that is in no sense its function. The purpose of advertising is to sell ten packages or yards or pounds where one was sold before.

Advertising, therefore, means dealing with larger quantities and larger problems. It changes the salesman from a plodder to an executive. It enables him to sell his ability and experience on a constantly rising market. The highest priced salesmen in demand today are those who can make the most of the opportunities created by advertising. The only salesman who has anything to fear from advertising is the man who cannot rise to these higher requirements.

Again, successful advertising not only means better salesmen, but *more* salesmen. And more salesmen mean more pace-makers, more supervision. So we find everywhere that the successful salesmen of the concerns which began to advertise yesterday are the branch managers, the territorial managers, the general sales managers of today.

For no class of business men has modern advertising a more inspiring message than for the able and ambitious salesman. He is advertising's natural ally. To any such salesman who wishes to investigate seriously the facts in the case we want to send gratis our 40-page book on modern merchandising.

The
Curtis Publishing Company

CHICAGO PHILADELPHIA BOSTON NEW YORK

The circulation of THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL is more than 1,400,000 a month. That of THE SATURDAY EVENING POST is more than 1,850,000 a week. We have reached this commanding position in our field by the same merchandising methods we propose to you.

CANTON REBELS DIE IN BLAZING STORE

Thirty Perish When Troops Fire Their Barricade of Rice Bags —Others Commit Suicide.

CITY IN DESPERATE PLIGHT

Many of the 30,000 Troops There May Join Rebels, Who Gain Strength— Untried Suspects Beheaded.

HONGKONG, April 30.—All advices reaching here from Canton indicate a desperate condition of affairs in that city. There are 30,000 soldiers within the walls, and there is great fear that many of these would prove disloyal if it appeared that the revolutionists were about to gain the upper hand.

The revolutionists are strong in numbers and have carried on their work of destruction with fanatical bravery. They made an attack upon the provincial arsenal, but were repulsed by the troops under loyal officers. Many of the revolutionists were killed, while some of them fled to an unoccupied rice store and built a barricade with hundreds of bags of rice. The troops found great difficulty in assaulting the barricade, owing to bombs, which the rebels threw with great accuracy.

Finally the store was set on fire, while the troops remained at some distance to pick off those who might seek to escape the flames. Thirty or more of the rebels were burned to death, while others committed suicide with their revolvers rather than be taken.

There has been a gathering at Canton lately of those opposed to the Manchu dynasty. A few days ago several hundred arrived from Hongkong. The plot to overturn the Government was betrayed, and the leaders of the movement urged the Viceroy's bodyguard to join forces and kill the Manchus. This the bodyguard refused to do, with the result that when the attack was made upon the official residence of the Viceroy a few days ago, the revolutionists were routed.

There are certain bodies of troops which may be depended upon not to abandon the rulers to their fate, and all attempts by the rebels to induce them to join in the movement have proved futile. But the rebels, working together in a well-devised plan, have succeeded in doing much damage to property, in addition to killing some of the officials. The family of the Viceroy is now living on a gunboat.

Wu Sum, a Chinese, who was educated in Japan and wears European clothes, is the leader of the movement. Both he and his confederates came to Canton from Singapore. While the authorities have not been able to capture these men, a number of suspects have been arrested and promptly decapitated. It is feared, however, that some of these were entirely innocent.

The American gunboat Wilmington is now at Shamien, the foreign concession situated above the city, southward of the western suburb, and facing Macao Fort passage.

FIND PLAGUE CONTROLLABLE.

Delegates Say Their Investigations Will Benefit the World.

PEKING, April 30.—The delegates to the International Plague Conference, held at Mukden, arrived here to-day, and will be received in audience by the Emperor to-morrow. They also will be extensively entertained before returning home.

The results of the investigations of those attending the conference indicate that the pneumonic plague can be easily controlled, and resolutions adopted declare that the discontinuance of railway traffic in the future on account of the disease is inadvisable.

The report that the Chinese prevented the adoption of certain resolutions is declared to be untrue. The delegates assert that the results, which will be published as soon as possible, will be beneficial to the world.

Kroonland Slightly Disabled.

DOVER, April 30.—The Red Star steamship Kroonland, which sailed from Antwerp yesterday for New York, struck the breakwater on entering Dover harbor last night and damaged her steering gear. This delayed the sailing of the Kroonland until 7:30 o'clock this morning.

KAISER AN ARCHITECT, TOO.

Designs a Pavilion at Homburg Dedicated to the Empress.

BERLIN, April 21.—The Emperor's versatility, which has been shown in the rôles of painter, composer, poet, and playwright, has now found an outlet in that of an architect. He has personally prepared the plans for the pavilion being erected around a new mineral spring named after the Empress at Homburg, a fashionable watering place near Frankfort-on-the-Main.

The structure represents a Roman temple, the water spouting forth from a Roman altar, also of the Emperor's designing. Under the eaves appears the dedication: "Augustae Victoriae, Matri Patriae Benignissimae," "To Augusta Victoria, the Most Benign Mother of Her Country.") Inside is the inscription, selected by his Majesty, in Latin and German: "Dispense healing waters to the sick, O Nymph; lead them back to their people happy and whole, O God!"

A model of the pavilion, with the altar, will be exhibited, with the Emperor's permission, at the Hygienic Exposition, which opens at Dresden on May 6.

$3,825 TO SEE PAGEANT.

Coronation Price for Two Days' Rent of Flats Overlooking Pall Mall.

As an example of the exorbitant rents that are being paid for favorable locations from which to view the pageant attending the coronation of England's King in June, John Clark Curtin, who was a passenger on the steamship New York, of the American Line, arriving at this port yesterday afternoon, named one that is said to be a record.

"A friend of mine," he said, "whose name I do not feel justified in mentioning, has paid the equivalent of $3,825 for two flats overlooking Pell Mall, between St. James's Palace and Marlborough House, this rent being paid for two days only."

Mr. Curtin added that every hotel in London would double its rates for coronation week, even to its regular patrons, who live there by the year. He said that the whole world seemed coronation mad, and that he was glad he would not be there at the time. He is an American, but lives in London. He was accompanied by his wife and two sons.

TOGO A CORONATION ENVOY.

Will Represent Japan, with Prince and Princess Fushimi and Gen. Nogi.

TOKIO, April 30.—A notable delegation from Japan will visit England as the representatives of the Emperor at the coronation of George V., including Prince and Princess Higashi Fushimi.

The most interesting personality will be Admiral Count Togo, the victor of the battle of the Sea of Japan. Count Togo has retired from active service in the navy, but he remains the most noted figure in Japan. Gen. Count Nogi, who commanded the attack on Port Arthur, accompanies the Admiral.

Prince and Princess Higashi Fushimi will leave here by the Kamo Maru, and will reach London June 6. The Japanese cruisers Kurama and Tone, both of which were built entirely in Japanese shipyards, are due to arrive at Dover or Portsmouth, June 10. Vice Admiral Shimamura, who was Admiral Togo's chief of staff during the war, is in command of the coronation squadron.

SWISS ADMIT WOMAN PASTOR.

Grisons Synod Allows a German Naturalized American to Preach.

CHUR, Switzerland, April 30.—The Synodal Council of the Canton of Grisons has decided to favor the admission of women to pastorates.

This decision followed the application of a woman for authority to preach. She is said to be a German naturalized American. Her theological degrees were obtained in American and English colleges and were found to be excellent. The Synod voted to grant her the required authorization.

The Protestant Church in Switzerland is Calvanistic in doctrine and Presbyterian in form.

Fallieres Returns to Paris.

PARIS, April 30.—President Fallières arrived here to-day from a fortnight's visit to the French protectorate and regency of Tunis, Africa.

TUMBLES FROM LINER, SAVED IN MIDOCEAN

The Minnewaska Makes a Quick Turn, and Young Sailor Is Back Aboard in 20 Minutes.

SCREWS NEARLY CAUGHT HIM

Whirled in the Water as the Vessel Sped Past Him and He Had to Swim Desperately.

J. W. Browning, a nineteen-year-old English lad, seaman on the Atlantic transport liner Minnewaska, lives to tell of his remarkable experience of falling from a speeding liner sixty feet into the sea, and fighting to keep from being cut to pieces by the vessel's screws.

The story of the accident and rescue was told yesterday when the Minnewaska got in from London. About 4:30 o'clock on Monday afternoon Browning and another sailor were sent to fix the covers on the life boats on the boat deck, sixty feet above the water. Browning was on the outside of the boat on the edge of the deck, which behind the boats is not railed so that they can be launched, when a life line to which he was holding broke and he dropped backward into the sea.

Fortunately, his mate, working on the other side of the small boat, heard him cry out and as he shouted an alarm to the bridge he ran across the deck and grabbing up a life buoy pitched it out in the direction he supposed his comrade was drifting. Second Officer Simmons was in charge of the bridge, and within a few seconds after the alarm the Minnewaska had cut a wide circle to port and was heading back over her course. The sounding of the siren sent the regular crew to the emergency boat.

As the liner straightened out the emergency boat, manned by Chief Officer J. Grant Hutchison and six men, swung outboard and then as the ship's speed was checked the small boat struck the water and the men rowed out where Browning had been seen struggling in the water. The shouts of the men on deck and the turning of the liner brought every passenger on board, and they witnessed the rescue of the sailor.

Just thirteen minutes after he fell from the Minnewaska, Browning was safe in the rescuing boat, and about twenty minutes after his mishap he was safe on board again.

"I don't think I was scared," he said. "It came too sudden. When the rope snapped and I fell the first thought that came to my mind was to get as far away from the boat as I could, for I knew it was all up if the propellers drew me in. I had on my heavy sea boots, which reached to my knees, and as I struggled to kick them off I started also to swim away from the steamer.

"I could feel the draw of the waters as the stern of the Minnewaska passed me, and then I was whirled about several times as the vessel passed, so near was I to the propellers. I saw the life buoy thrown and started for it. By the time I reached it I had managed to kick off one of my boots. When I got the life buoy about me I knew it was only a question of holding on until a boat came."

STABBED IN A RACE FEUD.

Brooklyn Baker Attacked in the Hallway of His Home—Assailant Escapes.

William Schleier, a baker living at 158 Throop Avenue, Brooklyn, was entering the hallway of his home yesterday morning when he was attacked by a man who had been hiding there. He was slashed in the head and face with a knife, and not until he fell did his assailant flee.

Another tenant, awakened by the tumult, found Schleier badly injured, and raised an alarm. Policeman Lott appeared, sent to St. Catharine's Hospital for an ambulance, and Dr. Salerno attended the man. Schleier could give the police no information as to the identity of his assailant.

Many Austrians, Prussians, and Alsatians live in that region, and for a long time there has been bitter feeling between the races. A week ago, at a ball among Austrians in a hall in Lorimer Street, some Hungarians started a fight, and in the mêlée nearly a dozen were stabbed. No arrests were made.

GRESSER REPORT SOON.

Interest in Ordway's Recommendations, Increased by Cassidy's Activity.

Interest in the report that Commissioner Samuel H. Ordway will send to Gov. Dix on the taxpayers' charges on which President Lawrence Gresser of Queens was on trial for six months has been reawakened in that borough by the unusual activity former President Joseph Cassidy and his lieutenants have been displaying in the last few days in Albany.

No inkling as to the nature of Commissioner Ordway's recommendations has been received, but Gresser's enemies declare the greater number of their charges have been proved. They say there is no doubt but Commissioner Ordway will so find, and that he will advise Gresser's removal.

When the taking of testimony ended a month ago both sides had until April 18 to file their briefs. This was later extended to April 27. Now that these are in it is believed that within a few weeks Commissioner Ordway will make his report.

Relying on the support of Mayor Gaynor followers of Gresser believe he will be allowed to serve out his term. On the other hand, efforts are being made to have passed a bill in the State Legislature amending the city charter by which local Aldermen only can appoint a successor to a Borough President. The measure has the support of associations in Queens, but enthusiasm for it is lost somewhere between New York City and Albany.

NO JAPAN CABINET CHANGE.

Premier Katsura Denies That He or Colleagues Intend to Resign.

TOKIO, April 30.—Count Katsura, the Premier, in an interview to-day, authorized the statement that no change in the Cabinet is contemplated. Various rumors have been current here and widely published to the effect that the resignation of the Katsura Cabinet was imminent. This caused an unsettled condition and has proved annoying to the Government. In making his statement to-day, Count Katsura said:

"While I shall not hold the Premiership permanently, the reports that my resignation is pending are absolutely unfounded. In the event of future change, however, I can confidently assert that it will not entail alteration of the financial or other fixed policy of his Majesty's Government."

QUIET IN FEZ.

But the Populace Fears Famine—Dissensions Split Rebels.

FEZ, Morocco, Sunday, April 23.—The city is quiet, but the stock of provisions is low, and famine threatens the populace.

There have been no further attacks by the rebels, among whom dissensions appear to be springing up.

HEARINGS ON RECIPROCITY.

Senate Committee to Decide on Them To-day—They Will Be Long.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The Senate will begin indirectly the consideration of the Canadian Reciprocity bill to-morrow when the Finance Committee meets to decide on dates for hearings. These will be extensively advertised, ostensibly with a view to giving fair opportunity to all interested parties to present their case, but in reality from a desire to have the hearings prolonged as much as possible, to afford the best excuse for delaying real action by the Senate.

The object of these proposed tactics is plain. The Senate leaders realize that long before they can get rid of the reciprocity measure and prepare to adjourn three more tariff measures will have been sent them from the House. Just now it is their intention to smother these measures in committee, and they propose to accomplish this result by delaying reciprocity so long that the Democratic House will be glad to purchase its passage by agreeing to a date for adjournment without day.

There is no intention on the part of the real Republican leaders to thwart the President's reciprocity plan, and they perhaps find considerable consolation in the fact that by giving the President what he wants in the way of tariff revision they are giving just the kind of revision that is now so plainly distasteful to the insurgents.

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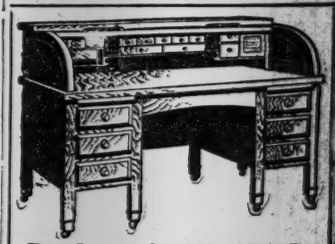

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In order to obtain a copy of next Sunday's edition of The New York Times, with Review of Books Section and many other interesting features, place your order with your newsdealer to-day.

Double S. H. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

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TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE. 18TH & 19TH STS. NEW YORK.

No Charge for Alterations on Women's and Misses' Apparel Until Further Notice.

HATS TRIMMED FREE

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

2000 Blue Serge Suits

Regular 25.00 value

18.50

For many years this fabric has been the standard serge used by the better houses in their 25.00 blue serge suits.

No serge at any price will give more satisfactory service—will give you more comfort or will possess finer appearance. It comes to us from one of the foremost American weavers of fine serge, much underprice, because of a contract which demands that we take each season the entire overproduction of the mill. It is woven from two ply yarn, spun from fine all Australian wool and possesses that softness, dressiness and exquisite tailoring qualities that adds very materially to the comfort and fine appearance of a good serge suit.

The natural finish of the fabric makes shining practically an impossibility, and the shade is that deep lasting marine blue that is found only in serges of the finest quality.

It is universally conceded that there are no cleverer tailors of fine clothes in all America than those composing the Smith Gray & Co. custom trained organization, and these suits are tailored with that experience possible only after an experience of sixty-six years and that same high standard as though they were to be marketed at 25.00 instead of 18.50. There are six distinctive Smith Gray & Co. two and three button models in sizes and designs for men, young men and boys.

Last season in one week we sold over 900 of these same suits, and so we urge that if you would participate in these marvellous values—that if you would possess one of these 25.00 blue serges at 18.50—come in now.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Stern Brothers

Have arranged for To-day, Monday, Special Sales of

TAILORMADE SUITS AND DRESSES, WOMEN'S WAISTS, BLOUSES AND SILK GLOVES

At Exceptionally Attractive Prices

Stern Brothers

are showing large assortments of

Wilton, Axminster, Brussels & Smyrna Rugs

from the leading American Manufacturers, also

Artistic and Durable Summer Floor Coverings

comprising American and British Art Rugs, Colonial Homespuns in light delicate colorings, Crex, Mohair and Bath Room Rugs, Dutch and Algerian Porch Mats, also China Mattings.

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Wm. Vogel & Son

MEN'S GOLF SUITS. NORFOLKS DESIGNED IN THE YOKE OR ENGLISH SHOOTING MODEL HAVE REPLACED THE OLD STYLE JACKET AND KNICKERS FOR SERVICE ON THE GOLF LINKS. A LARGE ASSORTMENT IN SCOTCH-LIKE FABRICS AND GENUINE IMPORTED GABERDINE.. $18.00 TO $40.00

WM. VOGEL & SON
TIMES SQUARE
Broadway at 44th Street

The Billiardist
knows to a certainty that
Sir Robt. BURNETT & Co's
London DRY Gin
makes the best Gin Rickey, Fizz or Cocktail. For 140 years this matchless stimulant has been winning its way because of Quality, Fineness and Flavor.
Sir Robert Burnett & Company
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This is May 1

Today Will See Many NEW and HIGHLY IMPORTANT Events at The Big Store.

Each event carefully planned—below we print a brief synopsis of the "doings." The SAVINGS are typically of the Big Store kind—not to be equaled ANYWHERE else.

IN OUR *MAIN* BUILDING.

May Festival in Our Grocery Store
In the Wine and Liquor Store
Less Than Wholesale Prices for Imported Bonded Stock of Fine Old Chateau Wines.
May Sale of Undermuslins
May Sale of Domestic and Fancy Linens
May Sale of White Goods
May Sale of Footwear
May Sale of White Waists
May Sale of Silk Dresses
May Sale of Washable Dress Fabrics
May Sale of Trimmed and Untrimmed Millinery
May Sale of Silk Petticoats
May Sale of "Mothers' Friend" Wash Suits for Boys
An immense Purchase of Women's Coats—Most Desirable Silks, Under Price Trunks, Suit Cases, Steamer Rugs also featured.
A special purchase of Women's Long Silk Gloves.

IN OUR *GREENHUT* BUILDING.

May Sale of Kitchen Furnishings
May Sale of Lawn and Garden Supplies
May Sale of China, Glass and Kitchen Wares
May Sale of Lace Curtains, Bed Sets and Summer Draperies
May Sale of Paints and Varnishes
May Sale of Furniture for Parlor, Living Room, Dining Room, Bed Room, etc.
Imported Framed Pictures and Oil Paintings
Continuance of that sensational sale of Persian Rugs
Also Scores of Other Important Sales which are not listed above.

This is DECIDEDLY the BEST time of the season to come in, look around and BUY your Spring and Summer supplies.

In Our MAIN Building:
Everything that men, women or children wear.
Everything that men, women or children eat or drink.
Everything that men, women or children use for sport or for play.
Everything that men, women or children wish to read.

In Our GREENHUT Building:
Everything that the home needs in furniture.
Everything that the home needs in carpets, rugs, curtains, pictures, china, glassware, lamps or ornaments.
Everything that the kitchen needs, from cook stove to soap dish.

Ask for S. H. Green Trading Stamps—We Give T

TAXICAB RATES UP TEN CENTS A MILE

Forced to Advance Them Or Go Bankrupt, Explains the Connecticut Company.

OTHERS LIKELY TO FOLLOW

Eighty Cents for the First Mile and Fifty Cents for Each Succeeding One —No City Control of Rates Now.

Beginning to-day the Connecticut Taxicab Company, which operates 175 automobiles in New York, will raise its rates 10 cents a mile. Hereafter the first mile will cost the passenger 80 instead of 70 cents, and each succeeding mile will cost 50 instead of 40 cents. The managers of two other companies said that they would probably adopt the new rate before long. It is probable, in fact, that all the taxicabs in New York will be operated under the new rate before the month is out.

P. J. Holsworth, Jr., the manager of the Connecticut Taxicab Company, which has stands at Rector's, Churchills's, the Astor House, the Union League Club, the Engineers' Club, the Metropolitan Club, and the New York Club, said that the new rate was inevitable.

"We had either to raise the rates or go into the hands of a receiver," he said last night. "Last year we did an excellent business and yet lost money, and during the month just past we have had our hands full and yet we have not made money.

"To cite an interesting point: there are 1,600 taxicabs operated in New York. During the month of April last year 900 of those cabs either went out of business or changed hands.

"All the companies realize the necessity for a change, and I believe I am perfectly safe in saying that inside of a week they will all join in this movement. It isn't anything that we wanted to do, and we have held off from it as long as possible, but it seemed inevitable. We have tried all sorts of plans to prevent it. For instance, we charged lower rates for cars at hours when there was small demand for them, but that meant nothing. We did no more business. The fact is that people want taxicabs at certain hours and only at certain hours, and they all want them at once.

"The rates for foreign taxicabs are often cited. Of course they are much cheaper, but so is leather and jewelry, and everything else, including, of course labor."

About a month ago the Connecticut Company sent one of its cabs with a meter adjusted to the new rates to the city's garage in West Forty-ninth Street, near Eighth Avenue, to have the meter examined and sealed by the city inspectors. The chief inspector refused to examine it until Francis V. S. Oliver, Jr., then Chief of the License Bureau, referred the case to the Corporation Counsel for an opinion on the law in regard to the increase in rates. The Corporation Counsel decided that as Justice Bischoff had declared the ordinance fixing the taxicab rates unconstitutional, the taxi companies could charge the old $1 rate for the first mile and 50 cents for each succeeding mile. At present some of the companies have cabs on the street without meters, operating at $1 a mile.

NURSE A MARTYR TO DUTY.

Takes Scarlet Fever and Dies Penniless, Nursing in Tenement.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 30.—While prominent clergymen were to-day eulogizing Miss Grace Jeal, a penniless nurse, as a martyr to duty, her fellow-nurses were contributing a fund to give her Christian burial and save her body from being turned over to the Yale Medical School for dissection and were securing the release of her trunk from her late boarding house, where it had been held for unpaid bills.

Miss Jeal only recently obtained her diploma as a nurse, and was in distress financially when she was graduated. She was unable to obtain a case till two weeks ago, when she was offered a chance to care for a Polish child ill with scarlet fever in a crowded tenement on Jefferson Street. She took the case, although she had never had the disease.

Miss Jeal was obliged because of cramped quarters to occupy the same room with the patient, and was soon prostrated with the disease. In her poorly nourished condition, through lack of food, she failed to withstand the attack, and died soon after her removal to Grace Hospital. Her condition appealed so forcibly to the hospital officers that they broke a rule and took a patient suffering from a contagious disease. There seemed no recourse upon her death but to turn her body over to the Yale Medical School for dissection, as no relatives claimed the remains.

The unfortunate young woman was saved from this fate by the generosity of the nurses of the hospital, who collected a sum large enough to pay for her funeral expenses and for a grave.

New Haven has no contagious diseases hospital, and many lives have been sacrificed because it is impossible to remove a patient stricken with a contagious disease from the house where a person is taken ill.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder

not only cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth *without injury*, but imparts purity and fragrance to the breath, removing instantly the odor of tobacco.

SUFFRAGISTS SING NEW MARCH SONG

Introduce It at Meeting to Get Pledges for the Big Parade on May 6.

GOV. BRADY CHEERS THEM

Tells How Woman Suffrage Has Helped in the West—Could Help Here to Reform Factory Laws.

The woman suffragists, who are going to march down Fifth Avenue on May 6, held a mass meeting downtown in Clinton Hall yesterday afternoon to work up enthusiasm over the parade among the industrial women of the neighborhood. Gov. James H. Brady of Idaho, Mrs. Florence Kelley, and Leonora O'Reilly were the speakers. The wall back of the stage was decorated with banners, which read, "There is a word sweeter than home, mother, and country, that word is liberty," "Who would be free themselves must strike the blow," "We should make the laws under which we work and die," and "Trades unionism and the ballot."

Mrs. Stanton Blatch presided, and Mrs. John Winters Brannan and a number of the uptown women were present, distributed literature, took pledges to march, and sold copies of the new "Women's Political March," which had its first tryout yesterday. Mme. Elsa Gregori, the composer, wielded the baton first for the musicians on the stage, and then for the audience, which sang with a vim. It is to be sung in the procession.

Gov. Brady, in beginning his address, said he would weigh the actual experience of the five Western States where woman suffrage had been tried against the traditional prejudice of the Eastern States.

"The women have imposed a better brand of politics upon us men," he said, "and in a quiet way. The influence of the home has been extended to the entire State. Men bless the day when they secured women as an assest to political institutions.

"When a man tells you that you are too dignified for politics or too dearly-dear-sweet to vote, make up your mind that Charley boy is afraid that you are going to get his job. You will find that the manly men are not afraid. Put out sentiment and demand the ballot, because it is your godgiven right.

"If the women in Idaho needed the vote, you women in New York need it twice as much. Your tenement house should be made habitable, your shops should not lock up innocent girls like prisoners. You made a protest march here after the Triangle fire. Those men who marched should take their wives and their daughters, and march to the ballot boxes and stop such cussed work. What might they not do, 50,000 strong?"

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Women's Dainty White Apparel for Summer

Phenomenal Values in Dresses, Suits, Skirts and Coats

O'Neill Main Store—Third Floor (Formerly Adams Building.)

500 High Grade Lingerie and Linen Dresses and Frocks

Some of which are simply mussed and others slightly oil spotted; nothing but what pure cold water will make absolutely perfect and as good as new. There are a great many of these models, but we illustrate three only. They are handsomely and elaborately trimmed with laces, motifs, and insertions—the trimmings alone are worth double our price. Only one opportunity like this comes in a season; grasp it early, as the assortment will not last long.

Values $15 to $35, At $5, $7.50 and $12.50

White and Natural Linen Crash Tailored Suits

For Women and Small Women

Made in the new cutaway mannish model, strictly tailored, notch collar, coat with pearl buttons, with skirts cut in the newest and most correct lines, a stunning model; $16.50 value, at.. **$11.75**

Summer Coats for Women and Small Women

Of white serges, linens and pongees. The most unusual showing we have ever attempted. Coats await you that are not only suitable for dress, but styles that are specially adapted for rough service; values $15 to $35, at

$9.75, $12.50 and $16.50

2,000 White Summer Separate Tub Skirts

Hundreds of models for choice, made of imported English reppa, shrunk before being made. Ramies, Kahals and the new Bedford cords, in white, natural and tans, a very attractive wash skirt, showing value $5 to $7, at

$2.95, $3.50 and $5

White Serge Tailored Suits for Women and Small Women

These models, of which we offer several, were specially produced for this summer's white sale. They are made of fine French serges in plain tailored, sailor and shawl collar style, coats lined with silk peau de cygne. The skirts are modeled from the latest adaptations just received, making in all, the best suits in New York; value $25, at..... **$14.75**

May Sale of Rich Silk Foulards

O'Neill Main Store—Second Floor (Formerly Adams Building).

10,000 yards of the most popular silk for summer in full assortments of the most desirable designs, and colors; both single and double widths.

Double Width, value $1.25, at 75c.
Bordered, double width, value $1.50, at 98c.
Bordered, double width, value $2, at $1.39.
Single Width, value 79c, at 49c.
Single Width, value 85c, at 65c.

5,000 Yards Imported Black Satin Messaline, representing a special purchase, 75c value, at..... 39c 5,000 Yards

35c Pure White Flaxon at 22c Yd.

O'Neill Main Store—Second Floor (Formerly Adams Building.)

4,800 yards of the delightful, linenated and flaxated material at less than bleachery price. Checked Flaxon, Cross-bar Flaxon, plain Flaxon, Marquisette Flaxon, striped Flaxon, Jacquard Flaxon, Madras Flaxon and Lingerie Flaxon; all at sale price, yard..... 22c

59c White Irish All Linen Crash at 28c Yd.

The beautiful ramie canvas weave. Every thread pure linen; at 28c yd.

50c White 40-inch Cotton Voile at 29c Yd.

English twisted thread, mercerized, soft and effective for the kimono sleeve waists or the entire dress; at 29c yd.

English Long Cloth, $1.40 a Piece

200 12-yard pieces, chamois finish, very fine.

29c Mercerized White Batiste, 21c Yd.

38 inch; a beautiful lingerie fabric.

May Sale of Linens

O'Neill Main Store—Second Floor (Formerly Adams Building.)

Sheets and Pillow Cases, substantial qualities, suitable for country homes, at exceptionally low prices.

Genuine Ramie Damask Table Cloths & Napkins at Half Regular Prices

Table Cloths

Regular Price } $3.35, $4.50, $5.98, $7.25 each
Sale Price.... } $1.68, $2.25, $2.99, $3.63 each

Napkins

Regular Price } $3.25, $3.98, $4.75, $5.98 dozen
Sale Price.... } $1.63, $1.99, $2.38, $2.99 dozen

Imported White Embroidered Bed Spreads
Another lot for quick selling at $3.85 to $6.25 each.
Hemstitched Linen Sheets and Pillow Cases
Linen Sheets, special at $2.75, $4.50, $6.50 pair.
Linen Cases, special at $1.00, $1.25, $1.65 pair.
Muslin Sheets and Cases. Superior Quality
Muslin Sheets, special at 58c, 67c, 79c, 85c each.
Muslin Cases, special at 13c, 16c, 19c, 22c each.
5,000 Huckaback Towels, special at 9c, 14c, 18c, 22c each.
4,000 White Turkish Towels, special at 11c, 18c, 22c, 32c each.

Cold Storage Moth time is here and it behooves you to get your furs into storage. Our storing facilities are of the best. The furs stored with us always improve in appearance owing to the natural temperature peculiar to fur bearing animals. Reasonable rates and satisfaction guaranteed.

The Garden Restaurant

It appeals to women who wish a dainty luncheon and a restful half hour. Everything Fresh and in Season. Absolutely nothing from cold storage. One trial will convince you.

O'Neill Main Store (Formerly Adams Building).

Saleswomen are now in attendance in the Hosiery Departments of all five Brill stores.

Holeproof Hosiery

For Men, Women, and Children

At the Five Big Brill Stores

The one make of hosiery which fills every requirement of good hosiery for men, women and children. More durable than any other. Soft, light, thin, attractive and dressy enough for Spring and Summer wear, with oxfords or pumps and for any occasion. The genuine, original Holeproof Hosiery. Get them here at the Brill stores, and we will replace with new ones any that do not wear six months.

For Men, six pairs, $1.50; Silk Lisle, $2; Silk Lustre, $3
For Women & Children, 6 pairs, $2; Women's Silk Lustre, $3
Men's Silk Holeproof, 3 pairs guaranteed for 3 months, $2

We are agents for New York City. Mail and phone orders promptly filled.

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BROADWAY at 49th St. 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St.
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Sanitary because of thorough cleaning, separate covering of each garment and careful handling and packing.
Send for booklet describing our storage methods.

The lower cost of labor in summer makes this the most economical season for ordering remodeling and repairs.

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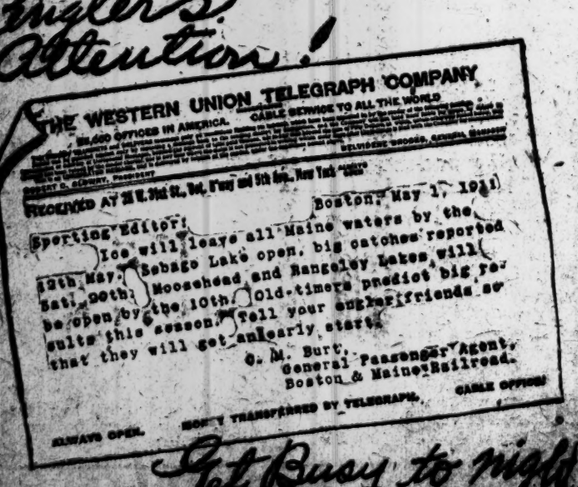
Anglers' Attention!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Boston, May 1, 1911
Sporting Editor:
Ice will leave all Maine waters by the 12th May. Sebago Lake open, big catches reported Sat. 20th; Moosehead and Rangeley Lakes will be open by the 10th. Old-timers predict big results this season. Tell your anglerfriends so that they will get an early start.
C. M. Burt,
General Passenger Agent,
Boston & Maine Railroad.
ALWAYS OPEN. MONEY TRANSFERRED BY TELEGRAPH. CABLE OFFICES.

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The 11th Edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica is an Up-to-Date Survey of Human Thought, Research, and Achievement—The most Comprehensive and Authoritative Exposition of Knowledge That Has Ever Been Published.

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Immediate Success

of the original announcement in November, 4,157 applications being received in the first 30 days, made it apparent very soon that all preliminary estimates of the probable early demand would have to be disregarded. The printing order was then increased to 17,000 sets, all of which had been subscribed for by the end of February. Undoubtedly the

Low Price of $4.00

a volume was the chief factor which called forth so many early subscriptions. The old 9th Edition (25 volumes, 850 pages each) cost $7.50 a volume in cloth, and $10.00 in Half Russia. The new edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica averages

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a volume, and contains more than 40,000,000 words. In view of its broad usefulness as an instrument of popular culture and as a trustworthy guide to sound learning, the Syndics of the Cambridge University Press (the English University of Cambridge having taken over the copyright) regarded it as an especial part of their obligation to the public, in giving the new work the *imprimatur* of the University, to offer it at a popular price.

The Comparative Cheapness

of the new Encyclopaedia Britannica will, it is believed, impress any one who compares its contents both as to size and character with those of the general run of books. While a collection of 40,000 articles written by 1,500 specialist authorities and constituting a complete inventory of knowledge can be had in no other form so convenient and so accessible (the India paper volumes being easy to hold and therefore easy to read), the same information, if presented in separate books, would make a library of some 400 volumes, and would cost not less than four times the price of the present work. Its cheapness at the price at which it may be had until May 31st is further emphasized by the fact that the

Editorial Cost of $815,000

and the total cost, including typesetting, plates, maps, etc., of $1,150,000, are yet to be recovered, so that the distribution of the Encyclopaedia Britannica at the present prices is *absolutely without regard to profits*, and it is necessary that the publishers shall charge for the second distribution considerably more than is now asked. The low

Advance-of-Publication Prices

will, however, have served a useful purpose if they shall prove to be the means of effecting a distribution of the work quickly among the more intelligent bookbuyers and among libraries, institutions, and learned societies, for the reason that their endorsement of the new Encyclopaedia Britannica will give it ultimately the same position in public estimation that has always been accorded to the work in ten previous and successful editions since the first edition appeared in 1768-71.

Present Low Prices TO BE Withdrawn May 31st

A SAVING OF $10.00 BY THOSE WHO DO NOT DELAY

The First Distribution

of the new Eleventh Edition of this celebrated work will be limited to applications that shall be registered to May 31st, and until this date the present advertised terms of subscription will hold good; but after May 31st, a new schedule of higher prices (an increase of $10.00 a set) will go into effect.

Complete Publication

of the work has now been reached, and the special arrangements for accepting "advance-of-publication" applications at substantial concessions in price will be discontinued.

Only the instant and sustained response of the public to the present offer by enabling large and advantageous contracts to be made for paper, printing and binding has justified the publishers in continuing the low "advance" prices, now $10.00 less than they will be after May 31.

LARGER USEFULNESS OF THE NEW INDIA PAPER FORMAT

The convenience of the new dress in which the new Encyclopaedia Britannica is offered constitutes an advantage which cannot be fully appreciated unless it is considered in connection with the uses to which the book is intended and designed to be put.

There was always something formal, if not almost repellant, about the old Encyclopaedia Britannica. All its qualities were of the massive kind, including its physical makeup, and in taking down one of its volumes one had a good deal of the feeling of a school boy settling down to do his lessons. After all, the main purpose of a work of reference is to be referred to, and of a work of information to be read, and both are largely defeated under such circumstances. Incomparably the greatest benefit resulting from the innovation of India paper is the more INTIMATE character of the new format. The delightful handiness of the India paper volumes, their readableness, the fact that they can be picked up and held in one hand and (in either of the leather bindings) bent back as easily as a magazine, are a sure guarantee that when people come to discover for themselves how absorbing a story these volumes have to tell, they will fill the void of many an otherwise empty and wasted hour. It was Thackeray who said that the great sacrifices of life were comparatively easy; but that it took a hero to face its minor discomforts. On the same principle a book that is uncomfortable to read is only too likely to end up by not being read at all.

Prospectus, containing specimen pages on India paper, on receipt of request.

No agents or canvassers are employed.

NOTE—Those who possess copies of previous editions of the ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA (now out of date) are requested to advise us of the fact, clearly indicating which edition they possess (giving name of publisher and number of volumes), and if they wish to purchase the new edition, will be informed how they can dispose of their old editions at a fair valuation.

Those who have already received forms for making application should send them promptly to the

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35 West 32d Street, New York.

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Temporary Downtown Office, at Malkan's, 43 Broadway, 55 New St.; also at Brentano's, Fifth Ave., New York,

and all others who wish to avail themselves of the opportunity to buy the new edition on the most advantageous terms should make inquiry at once.

RALLY OF LAYMEN TO AID MISSIONS

Bishop Greer Finds That the Work Has Aroused Great Interest Among the Laity.

$140,100 NEEDED THIS YEAR

The Rev. Charles E. Betticher, Jr., of Alaska Tells of Mission Furthest North, Where $500 Built a Church.

The Co-operating Committee of the Layman's Missionary Movement in the Diocese of New York held a general meeting for missions yesterday afternoon at the Church of the Heavenly Rest. The movement was organized about a year ago to stimulate interest in mission work. Fifty-one churches in the diocese have joined in it, but scarcely 100 men were present yesterday. The speakers were Bishop Greer, Stephen Baker, William J. Schieffelin, W. F. Cochran of Baltimore, and the Rev. Charles E. Betticher, Jr., an Alaskan missionary. Bishop Greer, after a glance at the empty pews, said:

"I want to sound an optimistic note. Sometimes a gathering of 100 earnest men has more significance than a gathering of 1,000 men when a lukewarm spirit prevails. In regard to missions I feel extremely hopeful. I find that interest in mission work is no longer chiefly confined to the pulpit, the sanctuary, and the clergy, but that the laity is beginning to be aroused.

"You are aware that our apportionment for missions in the church has been increased. Last year it was $131,100. We have met it and paid it in full. Now it has been increased to $140,100, the sum the parishes in our diocese will have to contribute for mission work. Some persons regard it as a large sum. I believe that if it were $1,000,000 this year and every other year it would not be too much, and it would greatly strengthen the church."

Mr. Baker, who is Vice Chairman of the Co-operating Committee, told of the progress made by the Layman's Movement. The association, he said, had a membership of more than 200, and churchmen were rapidly becoming better informed in regard to mission work.

Mr. Schieffelin told of the results which had been acomplished by a personal canvass for mission contributions. He said the plan was to enlist a Vestryman of a parish and have the canvasser accompany him to the homes of parishioners. He had tried this plan himself with successful results.

Mr. Cochran said he had never become truly satisfied with life until he had become interested in mission work. With him it was not so much a case of how much of the fortune left him by his father he could contribute to the Lord as it was how much of the money belonging to the Lord he should keep for himself.

The Rev. Mr. Betticher told of the furthest mission north, on the Kanawha River, Alaska. The natives wanted a church. He had exactly $500. He spent $200 for lumber and the balance for material with which to furnish the rude cabin church. The mission had forty members, and the church raised $40 for their last Easter offering.

"I am greatly pleased with our meeting this afternoon," Bishop Greer said in closing. "Before you go I want to say that what we need in the church is to be converted, many of us need to be born again. When that ensues it won't be necessary to use arguments for missions. This religion of ours is the greatest thing in the universe. It is radical, sublime, audacious. We must do radical, sublime, and bold things if we are to progress and get out of old ruts. Conventional Christianity is choking us to death."

SERVICE IN A NEW CHURCH.

Congregation Meets for the First Time in $700,000 Structure.

The New South Reformed Church was used for the first time for public worship yesterday morning. The new edifice is situated at Park Avenue and Eighty-fifth Street, and the services were conducted by the Rev. Dr. Thomas Reed Bridges.

The congregation has abandoned the old church at Madison Avenue and Thirty-eighth Street, and mortgaged the property, which was appraised at between $700,000 and $800,000. The money raised was used to erect the new church, which has taken two years in building. The architects of this very attractive house of worship were Cram, Goodhue, and Ferguson, and the church, Sunday school building and parish house represent an outlay of almost $500,000.

In a way the new church represents a minature cathedral and follows cathedral architecture closely as to both exterior and interior treatment. It is of gray stone.

CHURCH IS 100 YEARS OLD.

Spring Street Presbyterians Begin a Week's Celebration.

The Spring Street Presbyterian Church began the celebration of its centennial yesterday morning with ceremonies which will continue throughout the week. The Rev. H. Roswell Bates, its pastor, told the story of the church in his sermon.

The original church was first used for worship on May 5, 1811, but in 1836 the old structure was torn down and the present church was built and opened in June of that year.

At both services yesterday were present many who have watched the growth of the church for years. Among these was Mrs. George White, who was baptized in the church sixty-four years ago. Others present had been members of the church for forty and fifty years.

The Neighborhood House, just east of the church, will be open to-day from 3:30 to 6 and from 7:30 to 10. A social evening, in charge of the Deacons, with historical talks and reminiscences, will take place to-morrow evening in the church. Services on Wednesday evening will be in charge of the Board of Trustees, and on Friday evening the Session will conduct the services. The celebration will end next Sunday afternoon and evening.

Reception to Cardinal Gibbons.

A reception will be tendered to Cardinal Gibbons by the Catholic Club of New York at its clubhouse, 120 Central Park South, from 9 to 11 o'clock on Wednesday evening, May 10, to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of his ordination to the priesthood and the twenty-fifth anniversary of his elevation to the Cardinalate. It is planned to carry out the reception on a larger scale than any affair of its kind ever held at the club. Archbishop Farley and a large number of prelates and State and city officials will be present. One of the speakers will be Justice Victor J. Dowling. John D. Crimmins will be Chairman of a reception committee of about fifty club members.

Sacred Heart Church Cornerstone.

Mgr. Lavelle laid the cornerstone yesterday of the Roman Catholic Church of the Sacred Heart at 168th Street and Shakespeare Avenue, the Bronx, of which the Rev. John J. Lennon is pastor. The church is to be completed in November, and will be one of the most c ity church structures in the city.

New Catholic Church Dedicated.

Starting five years ago with a small congregation St. Bartholomew's Roman Catholic Church, Fourth Street and Whitney Avenue, Queens, was dedicated yesterday by Bishop McDonnell, assisted by many visiting clergymen.

Mgr. Eugene J. Donnelly of St. Michael's Church, Flushing, was celebrant, and the sermon was preached by the Rev. John L. Belford of the Church of the Nativity, Brooklyn. The Rev. Jeremiah J. Healy is pastor.

STUDENTS GOT BIG PAY.

1,150 Earned $1,125,000 in One Year While Attending School of Commerce.

The 1,150 students of the New York University School of Commerce earned nearly $1,125,000 in 1910 while devoting on an average nine hours a week to classroom attendance and fully an equal amount of time to preparation for recitations. These facts were announced yesterday in a report compiled by Dr. George C. Sprague, Registrar of the university, from cards distributed to the students:

The information was tabulated, and showed that the average salary of the students was $85.58 a month, or $1,026.96 a year. Five per cent. of the men were not employed during the college year, but earned their money in the Summer vacation. The activities in which the students were engaged were varied. Most of them have occounting, bookkeeping, or clerical jobs. One student was manager of a large printing establishment and got $325 a month. Another who served as library clerk got the lowest salary, $20 a month. Thirty-four per cent. of the students earned more than $100 a month each. The accountants, as a class, got the highest salaries, averaging $114.15 a month.

The most interesting part of the report dealt with the increase in salaries. The average salary for 1908 was $67.25 a month; for 1909 it was $74.13, and for 1910 $85.58. The first year men earned about $62.18 a month in 1908, $72 for 1909, and $80.75 for 1910. The third year class averaged $77.12 a month in 1908, $89.54 in 1909, and $105.50 in 1910.

The average age of the students was shown by the report to be 23.11, the average business experience 6.64 years, and the average age at which the student left school and began work 16.8 years. Concerning their education prior to entering the School of Commerce, 7½ per cent. of the entire number reported that they were college graduates, 52½ per cent. graduates of high schools having a four-year course, and 1¼ per cent. graduates of business colleges.

The report showed that the efficiency bureau of the institution had obtained work for more than 400 students and graduates.

ASYLUM RE-ELECTS OFFICERS

Directors of the Hebrew Orphanage Also Chosen to Serve Again.

At the annual meeting of the society supporting the Hebrew Orphan Asylum in the Asylum Building, Amsterdam Avenue and 137th Street, the election of officers resulted yesterday morning in all the old officers being re-elected, with the seven Trustees of Class 3, who will serve until 1914. About 300 members voted.

Those re-elected were Louis Stern, President; Henry Rice, Vice President; Martin Beckard, Treasurer; Edward Lauterbach, Sol Moses, Samuel Ullmann, William I. Spiegelberg, Edwin Mayer, Max S. Grifenhagen, and Henry Necarsulmer, Trustees. M. H. Moses, Louis Lewengood, and Louis Stettiner were elected Inspectors of Election, to serve one year.

Isidor Straus, President of the Educational Alliance, complimented the work of Supt. S. C. Lowensohn and the high standard set by the institution. Other speakers were Abraham I. Elkus, recently elected State Regent, and Theodore Obermeyer, Honorary Secretary of the society. Before the opening of the polls exhibits of the work of the manual training classes were reviewed. The Orphan Boys' Cadet Corps gave an exhibition drill and the Girls' Glee Club furnished music.

UNEMPLOYED GIRLS' HOME.

Elizabeth Hotel Will Trust Them Until They Are Able to Pay.

Trusting lodgers for their board until they find work and earn enough to pay their bills is the innovation which will be tried beginning to-day at the Elizabeth Hotel for Girls, maintained by the Children's Aid Society at 307 East 12th Street. It is felt by the Trustees that such a privilege will prove a great boon to many young girls.

The hotel, which has been remodeled and improved, contains parlors with pianos, a library, writing room, sewing room equipped with sewing machines and forms, laundry, light, airy bedrooms, and a dormitory for transients. The board charged is $2.50 to $4 a week.

OPEN ROCKAWAY HOSPITAL.

Institution Built by the Public Is Turned Over to the City with a Ceremony.

The Rockaway Beach Hospital, a free institution, built at a cost of $100,000 by popular subscription, was opened yesterday. Speeches were made by the Rev. Henry Germansky of Temple Israel, the Rev. Henry F. Murray of the Catholic Church of St. Rose of Lima, and the Rev. John C. Green of the Congregational Church.

The hospital was accepted on behalf of the city by Commissioner of Public Works Dunn. There was singing by school children, and before the exercises a parade of 1,500 persons representing civic, religious, and political societies.

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Our prices, **$650** upward, others ask $850 and more for similar quality.

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On Monday and Tuesday, May the 1st and 2nd.

Sale of Blankets and Comfortables.

California Wool Blankets. Full Size. 4.00 and 5.00 per pair

Comfortables.

Figured Dotted Swiss Tops with plain borders. 2.75

Figured Japanese Silk Tops with plain borders. 4.25

RUG DEPARTMENTS. *In Both Stores.*

Commencing Monday, May the 1st.

Oriental Rugs at greatly reduced prices. Extra Persian Mahal in a complete assortment of colors and sizes. Size 9 x 12 ft. to 10 ft. 6 in. x 14 ft. 100.00 to 135.00 usual price 135.00 to 200.00

Turkish Rugs in light and dark colors. Average size 9 x 12 ft. 65.00 value 85.00

Domestic Rugs.

9 x 12 ft. Extra Quality Wilton Rugs, perfect Oriental reproductions. 42.50 usual price 55.00

9 x 12 ft. Seamless Wilton Velvet and Axminster Rugs. Figures and plain colors. 25.00 usual prices 30.00 and 40.00

LINEN DEPARTMENTS. *In Both Stores.*

During May:—Sale of Heavy Linens, much below usual prices. Suitable for Country and Seaside Homes.

Satin Damask Table Cloths.

2x2 yards.....2.00, 2.75, 3.50 and 4.50 each
2x2½ yards...2.75, 3.50, 4.50 " 5.50 "
2x3 yards.....3.50, 4.00, 5.50 " 6.50 "
2¼x2¼ yards.3.75, 4.50, 5.00 " 6.00 "
2½x2½ yards.4.00, 5.00, 5.50 " 7.00 "

Dinner Napkins to match..... 3.25, 4.00, 5.00 and 7.00 doz.

Huckaback Towels..... 2.00, 3.00, 3.75, 4.50 and 6.00 doz.

Bleached Turkish Bath Towels..... 3.00, 4.50 and 6.00 doz.

Hemmed Glass and Dish Towels..... 1.75, 2.50, 3.00 and 3.75 doz.

Hemstitched Linen Sheets..... 3.75, 4.75, 6.00 and 7.00 pair

Hemstitched Linen Pillow Cases..... 1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and 2.00 pair

Superior Quality Cotton Sheets..... 65c, 75c, 85c, 95c and 1.05

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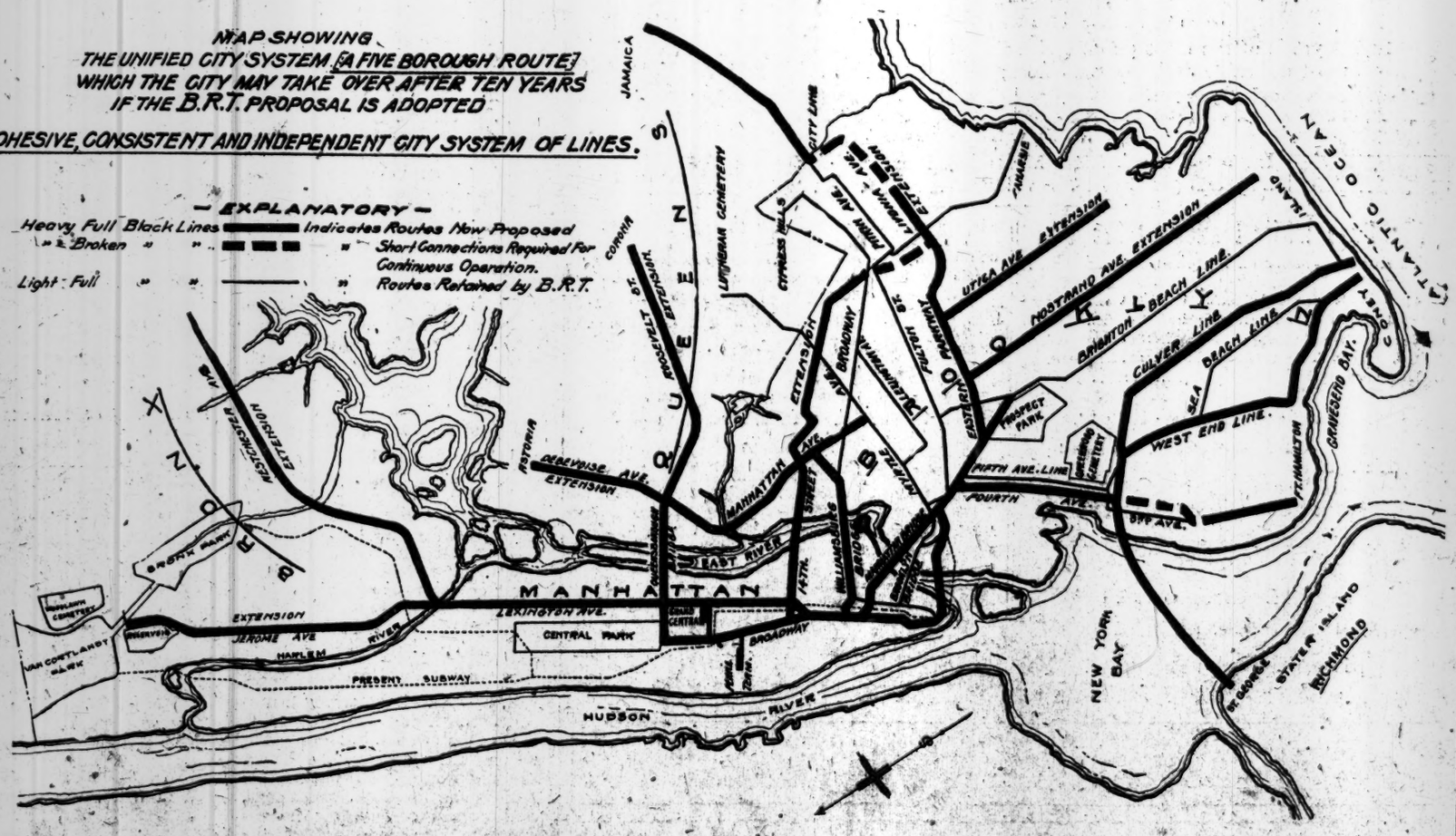
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TWO BIG STRIKES MARK MAY DAY HERE

Six Thousand Machinists to Join the 4,000 Who Have Already Quit Work.

2,000 KOSHER BAKERS OUT

Two Uptown Parades and One Downtown Will Converge To-night at Union Square Mass Meeting.

May Day will be observed in New York this year by the trade unionists with strikes of machinists and kosher bakers, and a parade of three divisions converging to-night at Union Square. Already 4,000 machinists have quit work, and it is expected that 6,000 more will lay down their tools to-day unless their demand for an eight-hour day is granted. About 2,000 kosher bakers walked out last night as the night shifts were going to work, but it was stated that 4,000 have gained their demands in Harlem, the Bronx, Brooklyn, and Brownsville.

The headquarters of the Manhattan machinists are at Clinton Hall, 151 Clinton Street, and for the Brooklyn men at the Assembly Hall, Pearl and Sands Streets. There and at other halls meetings were held yesterday to discuss a general strike. It was asserted by James Wilson, Secretary of District 15 of the International Association of Machinists, that already 1,000 men have gone out at the shops of both E. W. Bliss Company, Brooklyn, and R. Hoe & Co., Grand and Sheriff Streets. Almost equal numbers have struck at the shops of the American Machine and Foundry Company, and the Lidgerwood Company, Brooklyn, and ninety men have quit at the works of John N. Robins Company, Erie Basin.

Mr. Wilson declared last night that 400 shops would be involved. Twenty-five employers have already granted the machinists' demands.

The kosher bakers are asking for a two-dollar-a-week increase, so that the wages of the three classes of hands will be $20, $18, and $16, respectively. It is also demanded that the employers recognize the union, grant a shorter workday, improve the sanitary condition of the bakeshops, and permit those working for them to take one day off in ten, to give the unemployed the chance of a job.

Max Kasimirsky, General Organizer of the bakers, addressed the strikers yesterday at their headquarters, at Clinton Hall. It was arranged to picket the shops, but those sent out were cautioned against the use of violence. It has been agreed that those master bakers who have settled with the men shall send to-day wagonloads of kosher bread to the downtown districts where the struggle is going on, to prevent the public suffering from a famine of bread.

The May day parades will include the locals of the Socialist Party, the high school Socialist societies, the woman's organizations, and various other Socialist societies. The uptown parade will start from the Labor Temple, Eighty-fourth Street and Second Avenue, at 6:30 o'clock and will meet the west side parade at Fifty-seventh Street and Eighth Avenue. Thence the combined parades will march down Eighth Avenue to Seventeenth Street and across to Union Square.

The downtown contingent will assemble at Rutgers Street at 2 o'clock and will parade through the east side. It will proceed by Great Jones Street and University Place to Union Square. It will include all the clothing and bakers' unions, the latter carrying an immense loaf, which took a barrel of flour to make. At Union Square from the platform in front of the cottage and another stand on the east side speeches for the eight-hour day will be delivered in English, Yiddish, German, and Italian.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30.—A threatened strike of the journeymen plumbers is the only May Day labor disturbance anticipated in the city. The plumbers demand an increase from $3.50 to $4 a day, double pay for overtime, and a half Saturday holiday all the year round.

TOLEDO, Ohio, April 30.—About 400 union men will refuse to go to work here to-morrow morning unless their employers grant demands for an increase of wages. At present there are fifty carpenters on strike. A like number of plumbers and 100 steamfitters will refuse to go to work to-morrow morning. Two hundred members of the Bricklayers' Union also declared to-day that unless their demands were met they would refuse to go to work.

CHICAGO, April 30.—With the arrival of May Day, Chicago's industrial horizon is more clouded than it has been for several years. Wage disputes and jurisdictional controversies, involving more than 5,000 men, prove a disturbing factor, and may result in a number of strikes and lockouts this week. Meetings of various unions were held yesterday and to-day, to reach an understanding before strikes are ordered. The building trades war is the most serious of the impending labor difficulties, but the food supply may be affected by a strike of bakers and transportation facilities by strikes of freight handlers. Freight handlers, 6,000 in Chicago and 6,000 others in the Central West are taking a strike vote, but it is generally believed their grievances will be submitted to arbitration.

TORONTO, Ontario, April 30.—A threatened strike of 2,000 iron workers, covering the whole of Ontario, is the only disturbance now in sight for May 1. They have demanded an advance from 35 cents to 40 cents an hour, which may be granted on Monday. Bricklayers, carpenters, and other building trades have received satisfactory advances.

PARIS FEARS LABOR DAY.

Threatened Big Demonstration to Bring Out 35,000 Troops To-day.

PARIS, April 30.—As the general confederation of labor is persisting in its action to carry out a monster demonstration to-morrow, in face of the Government's prohibition, the authorities have drafted 10,000 additional troops to supplement the Paris garrison of 25,000. M. Lepine, Prefect of Paris, has been given absolute control of the city.

At a meeting of the civil and military chiefs to-night concerted measures were devised to prevent disturbances.

BAR-SUR-AUBE, April 30.—Excited by the speeches made at a demonstration of several thousand wine growers to-day, the workmen attempted to form a procession and attacked the dragoons, who sought to bar the way.

A Colonel and several of the troopers were unhorsed and trampled upon. Several of the rioters were injured, and order was not restored until late in the evening.

WOMAN KILLED AT FIRE.

Jumps from Third Story After Giving Alarm That Saved Employer's Family.

Delia Glynn, a servant employed by Henry W. Youngling, a jeweler, of 615 West 138th Street, was awakened early yesterday by smoke in her room on the third floor. She ran into an adjoining room, where slept Harry Youngling, 18 years old, and his brother Fred, 12. On the floor below were Youngling and his wife Josephine, and their three daughters, Estelle, 15; Dorothy, 9, and Edith, 5.

The girl aroused the boys, who ran out of the house and turned in a fire alarm. The servant's shrieks awakened the rest of the family, and Youngling ran to the street. His wife picked up Dorothy. Estelle carried Edith and escaped by the roof.

Mrs. Youngling went to the front room on the top floor in search of Fred, and found herself cut off by the dense smoke as she tried to make her way to the roof stairs, so she went to the front window. She clambered out on the window ledge, and a tenant next door grabbed her skirt and kept her from jumping.

When Engine 37 and Truck 23 arrived Firemen Chris Colby and Anthony Pogi ran up a ladder and rescued Mrs. Youngling and her child. Other firemen ran a ladder through an adjoining house to the rear, where Miss Glynn was standing on the window ledge on the top floor, screaming.

Shouting to her not to jump, the firemen were raising their ladder, when the girl lost her courage and leaped. She was instantly killed.

The damage was estimated at $1,000. How the fire started is not known.

"JUST FOR LOVE," SHE SAID.

A 16-Year-Old Girl's Explanation for Her Attempt at Suicide.

"Just for love," was all that sixteen-year-old Jennie Zion, an Austrian girl, would say to the police in explanation of an attempt at suicide she made in the bathroom of the apartment she shared with her brother and cousin on the third floor of 436 East Sixty-ninth Street last night. The girl drank a mixture of benzoin and alcohol.

She has only been in this country four months, her brother Joseph and cousin William Ratnoff told the police. They said they were unaware that the girl had any love affair here, but she might have had in Austria. They think she was grieving over the separation from some sweetheart there. The girl speaks little English.

Dr. Smith from the Presbyterian Hospital, after treating her, said she would recover. She was made a prisoner at the hospital.

LIFE SAVERS RESCUE TWO.

Reach Fishermen, Whose Boat Had Capsized, Just in Time.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., April 30.—Government life savers at Tathams to-day rescued William Kay of 2225 A Street and F. W. Cummings of 4114 Lancaster Avenue, Philadelphia, when their fishing skiff capsized on a bar about a mile off the life-saving station.

Kay and Cummings had been fishing all day, and were returning to land when a breaker tore an oar from the grasp of Kay. Before he could recover it another big wave hit the boat, which had dropped into the trough of the sea, and in an instant it was overturned.

Cummings got tangled in the anchor rope and was caught beneath the overturned boat. Kay was free, and, realizing the peril of his companion, dived under the boat, disentangled him, and got him into open water.

The bottom board of the boat was floating near by, and Kay swam with his almost unconscious companion and pushed him on it, then started to swim ashore.

The man on watch at the life-saving station gave the alarm, and the crew quickly launched their surfboat. They reached the men as Kay became exhausted and pulled the two, more dead than alive, into the surfboat. They brought the two around after an hour of hard work. The rescued men are still at the life-saving station.

New Queens Hospital Opened.

A new hospital in connection with the Ottilie Orphan Asylum in Jamaica, Queens Borough, was dedicated yesterday. The exercises were to have been held in a tent, but on account of rain they took place in the asylum. The Rev. R. K. Wick of Jamaica made the dedication address. The Rev. Mr. Sahn of the Reformed Church, the Bronx, and the Rev. Benjamin S. Dickhaut, of the Presbyterian Church, Jamaica, also spoke. The hospital is a one-story brick and stone structure.

BELLEVUE HEAD NURSE QUITS

Miss Emmons, Night Supervisor, Sends In Her Resignation—Reasons Not Given.

Miss Hattie Emmons, night supervising nurse at Bellevue Hospital, has sent in her resignation, to take effect to-day. Nothing could be learned at the hospital last night as to the reasons given by Miss Emmons for leaving.

It was reported about the hospital yesterday that there was some dissatisfaction among the nurses, both graduate and undergraduate, over the hiring of graduate nurses from other hospitals for Bellevue, at salaries ranging from $50 to $60 a month, the Bellevue nurses contending that they should have the preference in increased salaries over outsiders. No one, however, would say that Miss Emmons's resignation had anything to do with the nurses' feeling over the hiring of outside nurses.

TO LIMIT WILL LITIGATION.

Bar Association Committee Would Abolish Double Trials.

Several important changes in New York State statutes are recommended by the Law Reform Committee of the Bar Association in a report which will be considered by the association the first week of May.

The committee, headed by Everett P. Wheler, and including George Gordon Battle, William M. Ivins, Howard S. Gans, and Henry A. Forster, its Secretary, recommends the repeal of the statute permitting the retrial in the Supreme Court of issues adjudicated in wills probated in the Surrogate's Court, the enactment of the provisions of the English Bankers' Books Evidence act, and the protection of court bonds by increasing the amount of or changing the security thereon.

"When a testator dies, leaving mortgaged real estate only, his heirs or devises ought to be able to sell that realty immediately upon the probate of the will," the report says, "but the possibility that some dissatisfied heir of the family may bring an action within two years of the probate (and protract the action for several years) acts as a cloud on the alienability of the property by the heirs or devisees at the very time when liquid assets are most necessary to pay the decedent's debts, perhaps to educate his orphaned children, and to care for his widow. This discrimination against the widow and orphan should cease.

"Contrary to the law of England and the Federal rule, under the law of New York the books of a bank or moneyed corporation are practically inadmissible as presumptive evidence of the matters, transactions and accounts therein recorded against the officers or clerks of the corporation, their sureties, or against its depositors or customers, except upon direct and positive proof by the clerk making each entry of its correctness.

"We recommend that the principle of the English 'Bankers' Books Evidence act' be adopted as to banks and moneyed corporations; also that the Federal practice of making the duly kept books of corporations presumptive evidence against their officers, directors, employes, clerks or their sureties should also be adopted by statute."

MASONIC GRAND LODGE HERE.

130th Annual Communication Opens To-morrow.

The one hundred and thirtieth annual communication of the Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons of the State of New York will be opened in the grand lodge room of the new Masonic Temple in West Twenty-fourth Street at 2 o'clock to-morrow afternoon. The Grand Master, Robert Judson Kenworthy, will open the Grand Lodge and will be supported and assisted by Charles Smith of Oneonta, Deputy Grand Master; Thomas Penney of Buffalo, Senior Grand Warden; William S. Farmer of Syracuse, Junior Grand Warden; William H. Miller of New York, Grand Treasurer, and Col. M. L. Ehlers, who for the past thirty years has been the Grand Secretary.

It is expected that Past Grand Masters William A. Brodie, John W. Vrooman, William Sherer, and Justices Townsend Scudder and S. Nelson Sawyer will be present and take part in the work of the Grand Lodge. Representatives of more than 800 lodges of Freemasons in this State will be present in the Grand Lodge room when the assemblage is called to order. Immediately after the conclusion of the opening ceremonies Grand Master Kenworthy will read his address covering the events of the past year and making recommendations for the guidance of the fraternity in this State for the future. This will be followed by the report of Col. Ehlers, Grand Secretary. In his report, presented to the Grand Lodge last May, he said that there were 971 lodges in good standing within the jurisdiction of the State, comprising 168,341 Master Masons. Since that report twelve lodges, which had been working under dispensation, obtained charters, thus bringing the number of lodges above 800. The report of the Secretary for the year ending Dec. 31, 1910, will show a substantial increase in the membership.

A great deal of interest is manifested among the representatives in regard to the report of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund, who have in charge the construction of the proposed new office building to be erected in place of the old Masonic Hall at the northeast corner of Sixth Avenue and Twenty-third Street. This old building, of which the cornerstone was laid in 1870, and was completed two years later, is now being demolished.

The election of the officers of the Grand Lodge for the ensuing year is scheduled for the morning session on Wednesday, and the new officers will be installed on Thursday, which will bring the proceedings of the communication to a close.

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Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

6.00, 7.00 & 8.00 Panama Hats

4.50

Various Customs complications, seizures, etc., within the last year have brought about a most unsettled condition in the Panama hat market, and as a result a very limited quantity of really desirable Panama hats have come into the New York market. Quantities of hats of coarser weaves and undesirable shapes have been and are still being received, but hats of better quality, evenly woven and of dimensions conforming to the style requirements of the coming season, that can be sold at prices which accord with their value, as we have known values in the past, are scarce indeed.

By taking advantage of a most favorable trade condition brought about through our intimate connections with a prominent South American producer, we were enabled last Winter to secure a very liberal supply, which we are confident will prove to be the best Panama hat value shown in New York this season. Coming direct to us in the bale and in the same crude condition in which they left the hands of the native weavers, direct from South America, they have been subjected to most critical examination and after careful preparation have been blocked into all the newer shapes, in dimensions to suit all tastes—trimmed with fine silk bands and extra quality leather with oil silk fronts.

Included is a goodly supply of Colombian Panamas, famous for their evenness of weaving and lightness of weight—there are also Ecuadorian and Peruvian hats, firm in texture, evenly braided, of selected live fibre, all of which makes for that lasting service so essential in Panama hats.

The style range is most complete—no good this season's style having been overlooked in the preparation of the various blocks.

Every one of these hats would, were normal conditions still prevalent, be excellent value at 6.00, 7.00 and 8.00—they are yours now at **4.50.**

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Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

GOOD MORNING!

Today Begins the First May Sale of WHITE At GIMBELS

PRESENTING, to Discriminating New York Women,

$15,000 Worth of Exquisite UNDERMUSLINS, French and American, at Savings of 10 to 25 Per Cent.

(As an illustration, there are SIXTY styles of Nightgowns at $1; with proportionate variety at higher prices, including the "Gretchen" and "Peasant," both new and original. With all other Undermuslins in like assortments.)

CORSETS—Our Own "La Markette" Models at $1, $1.50 and $1.90, usually $1.50 to $3; Also W. B., R. & G., and Nemo Corsets.

LINGERIE for Young Girls and Children, and Babies' and Little Folks' Dresses.

Handkerchiefs, White Goods, House Linens, Laces, Embroideries, Negligees, House Dresses, Kimonos, Dressing Sacques, Silk Petticoats, Blouses—Charming New Styles in Each.

Other Store Happenings Today of Great Interest

A Clearance of Imported Model Gowns and Suits from Our Dressmaking Salons.

The Presentation of An Entirely New Wrap for Afternoon and Evening Wear—the "GERALDINE FARRAR," at $22.50 and $35.

Stirring Offerings of Women's Tailored Suits at $19.75 and $25; and Dresses at $18.75.

In the Subway Store

The Lower-priced Division of the May White Sale, Comprising

Drawers at 15c, 25c and 38c. Corset Covers at 25c and 38c.
Nightgowns at 50c, 75c and 85c. Long Petticoats at 50c, 75c, 85c.
Short Petticoats at 25c, 38c and 50c.
Combinations at 75c and 85c. Princess Slips at $1.
The Subway May Sale of White Goods, Sheets and Pillow Cases, Presenting Many Very Exceptional Offerings.

A Most Unusual Trade Event In Floor Coverings

$48,765 Worth of Carpet-size Domestic Rugs for $27,219

from the Philadelphia firm of John and James Dobson, and including Tapestry Brussels, Velvet, Savoy Wilton, Royal Wilton and Body Brussels Rugs, in sizes ranging from 6x9 ft. to 11 ft. x 15 ft., at very low prices, because sold to us as "water-damaged" though in reality imperceptibly so. Five specimen offerings are:

9x12 ft. Tapestry Brussels Rugs at $7.50, usually $12.
9x12 ft. Velvet Rugs at $9.75, usually $16.50.
9x12 ft. Savoy Wilton Rugs at $28.50, usually $50.
9x12 ft. Body Brussels Rugs at $18.50, usually $27.50.
9x12 ft. Royal Wilton Worsted Rugs at $24.50, usually $40.

Subway Store, Lower Floor.

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Built *Completely* in One Factory

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With the famous "Tri-Melodeme" (absolutely unique) pearl-like runs, clinging melodies, crashing chords, all are at your command, seeming to spring from the very soul of the instrument.

Individuality—Not Mimicry The KRANICH & BACH does not produce "mechanical" music, the rolls are marked so plainly that anyone can read the composer's intentions at a glance—but individual interpretation is now encouraged, and the more you play the more you improve. Moreover, this is the standard upright piano which can be played by hand on the usual keyboard without involving any changes.

Not "Assembled" It is not an "assembled" Player-Piano with one of the usual stock player actions found in various pianos of various grades, but a magnificent KRANICH & BACH Piano containing a special, individual, and original player mechanism restricted to KRANICH & BACH Pianos, and especially designed and constructed in accordance with the KRANICH & BACH ideas of tone, touch, and durability.

In finest Mahogany or Circassian Walnut, equipped with the famous "Violyn" Plate and the other exclusive structural features of the WORLD STANDARD Kranich & Bach Pianos.

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KRANICH & BACH 233-45 East 23d Street
Harlem Warerooms, 16 W. 125th St.

TY COBB'S DRIVE WINS FOR DETROIT

Tigers Rally and Defeat Cleveland, 5 to 4, in Spectacular Finish.

DETROIT, April 30.—In an exciting ninth-inning rally to-day Detroit knocked Blanding out of the box, secured three runs off Mitchell, and defeated Cleveland, 5 to 4. Cobb's fierce drive, which Stoval was unable to get, sent in the winning runs. Schmidt and Drake made their season's début with singles. The score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jones, lf	3	0	1	1	0	Graney, lf	4	0	0	3	0
Bush, ss	3	0	1	3	3	Stoval, 1b	4	0	0	15	0
Cobb, cf	5	0	1	2	0	Jackson, cf	4	0	1	3	0
Crawf'd, rf	4	1	2	1	2	Lajoie, 2b	4	0	1	1	6
D'h'nty, 2b	3	0	1	3	3	E'terly, rf	4	1	1	1	0
M'ri'ty, 3b	4	0	0	1	6	B'm'h'm, 3b	3	0	0	0	1
Gainor, 1b	4	1	2	11	1	Land, c	4	1	2	2	1
Stanage, c	4	0	1	4	1	Olson, ss	4	0	1	0	4
Works, p	3	0	0	1	0	Blanding, p	4	2	3	0	0
*Schmidt	1	0	1	0	0	Mitchell, p	0	0	0	0	1
†Donovan	0	1	0	0	0						
‡Schaller	0	1	0	0	0						
§Drake	1	0	1	0	0						
**O'Leary	0	1	0	0	0						
Total	35	5	11	27	13	Total	35	4	9*	25	13

Errors—Land, Blanding, Bush, Moriarity, Gainor.

*Batted for Works in the ninth inning.
†Ran for Schmidt in the ninth inning.
‡Batted for Jones in the ninth inning.
§Ran for Stanage in the ninth inning.
**Ran for Drake in the ninth inning.
*One out when winning run was scored.

Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	—5
Cleveland	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—4

Left on bases—Detroit, 8; Cleveland, 7. Two-base hits—Easterly, Delehanty, Gainor. Hits—Off Blanding, 9 in 8 innings and part of the ninth inning; off Mitchell, 2 in one-third inning. Sacrifice hits—Bush, Graney, Birmingham. Stolen base—Crawford. Double play—Stoval (unassisted.) Struck out—By Blanding, 2. Bases on balls—Off Works, 1; off Blanding, 3. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Dineen.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago Defeats Pittsburg in Hard Hitting Contest.

CHICAGO, April 30.—Chicago defeated Pittsburg to-day in an exciting batting bee, 6 to 4. The visitors took the lead with a base on balls, a double, and a single in the first inning. Camnitz held the locals safe until the sixth, when three doubles, a sacrifice, an error, and a single made four runs. A single and a home run gave Chicago two more in the seventh, and Camnitz retired after Archer followed with a double. Pittsburg started a raly in the ninth, two doubles, a single, and an error giving them two runs. The excitement was so high that one of the spectators fainted and had to be carried from the grounds. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PITTSBURG	AB	R	H	PO	A
Evers, 2b	2	0	0	3	2	Byrne, 3b	4	0	1	0	1
Sheckard, lf	4	2	2	5	1	Carey, cf	4	1	1	4	0
Hofman, cf	4	2	2	4	0	Clarke, lf	3	0	0	3	0
Archer, 1b	3	1	1	7	0	Wagner, ss	4	2	2	3	0
Schulte, rf	4	1	2	1	0	Miller, 2b	4	1	3	2	2
Zim'm'n, 3b	4	0	0	1	1	Hunter, 1b	4	0	0	7	0
Tinker, ss	4	0	3	1	3	Wilson, rf	4	0	2	1	0
Kling, c	4	0	0	3	1	Gibson, c	4	0	0	6	1
Richie, p	0	0	0	0	2	Camnitz, p	3	0	0	0	2
Weaver, p	4	0	0	0	1	Gardner, p	0	0	0	0	1
						*McCarthy	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	6	10	27	11	†Flynn	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	35	4	9	24	7

*Ran for Gibson in the ninth inning.
†Batted for Gardner in the ninth inning.
Errors—Tinker, Byrne, Camnitz.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	—6
Pittsburg	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—4

Two-base hits—Wagner (2,) Tinker, Sheckard, Hofman, Schulte, Archer, Wilson. Home run—Hofman. Hits—Off Richie, 2 in 1 inning; off Weaver, 7 in 8 innings; off Camnitz, 9 in 8 1-3 innings; off Gardner, 1 in 1 2-3 innings. Sacrifice hit—Archer. Stole base—Evers. Left on bases—Chicago, 6; Pittsburg, 7. First base on balls—Off Richie, 1; off Camnitz, 2; off Weaver, 2. Struck out—By Weaver, 4; by Camnitz 4; by Gardner, 2. Passed ball—Gibson. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Finneran and Pigler.

Mets Defeat Yankees.

A team of Yankees, made up for the most part of regulars, was defeated by the Metropolitans in a six-inning game at Lenox Oval, 145th Street and Lenox Avenue, yesterday, 4 to 3. Rain put an end to the game after the Mets had forged to the front in the sixth inning. The Yankee infield was made up of Williams, Gardner, Johnson, and Hartzell, and the outfield trio consisted of Wolter, Cree, and Jube. The score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Metropolitans	0 0 0 0 0 4	4	6 2
Yankees	1 0 0 2 0 0	3	6 2

Batteries—Smith and Mahoney; Revelle, Fisher, and Sweeney. Umpire—Mr. Bedford.

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BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Detroit, 5; Cleveland, 4.
Chicago, 9; St. Louis, 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Chicago, 6; Pittsburg, 4.
Cincinnati-St. Louis—Rain.

EASTERN LEAGUE.
Jersey City, 6; Montreal, 3.
Buffalo, 9; Newark, 2.
Providence, 5; Toronto, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	13	2	.867	Philadelphia	6	7	.462
New York	7	5	.583	Boston	6	7	.462
Washington	6	6	.500	Cleveland	6	10	.375
Chicago	7	7	.500	St. Louis	4	11	.267

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	11	3	.786	Cincinnati	4	6	.400
New York	8	5	.616	Boston	5	10	.333
Pittsburg	8	5	.616	St. Louis	3	7	.300
Chicago	9	6	.600	Brooklyn	4	10	.286

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Providence	7	2	.778	Montreal	4	5	.444
Rochester	6	2	.750	Buffalo	4	5	.444
Toronto	6	3	.667	Newark	2	7	.222
Baltimore	4	4	.500	Jersey City	2	7	.222

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Philadelphia at New York—4 P. M.
Washington at Boston.
Cleveland at Detroit.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York at Brooklyn.
Boston at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Pittsburg.
Cincinnati at St. Louis.

EASTERN LEAGUE.
Montreal at Jersey City.
Buffalo at Newark.
Rochester at Baltimore.
Toronto at Providence.

White Sox Defeat St. Louis.

CHICAGO, April 30.—Chicago routed pitchers Criss and George to-day and defeated St. Louis, 9 to 1. St. Louis scored its only run in the first, when Murray knocked the ball over the left field fence for a home run. Walsh relieved Lange in the sixth inning, after St. Louis filled the bases. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lord, 3b	4	2	2	2	4	Hoffman, cf	4	0	1	3	0
Parent, 2b	5	1	3	2	3	Austin, 3b	3	0	0	2	0
M'Intire, cf	1	0	1	1	0	Murray, rf	4	1	1	3	0
Cho'ard, cf	3	1	1	3	1	Laporte, 2b	4	0	0	2	2
Dou'ty, lf	4	0	1	2	0	Clarke, c	2	0	0	3	3
Dodle, rf	3	2	1	2	0	Stevens, c	1	0	0	3	0
Tan'hill, ss	3	1	1	3	0	Wallace, ss	4	0	1	2	2
Collins, 1b	4	1	1	6	0	Ne'nam, 1b	3	0	1	4	1
Sullivan, c	4	0	1	7	0	Schotten, lf	4	0	1	2	0
Lange, p	2	0	0	0	2	Criss, p	0	0	0	0	0
Walsh, p	1	1	0	0	0	George, p	2	0	0	0	0
*Payne	1	0	0	0	0	Lake, p	0	0	0	0	1
						†Schw'tzer	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	9	12	27	6	Total	32	1	5	24	9

*Batted for McIntyre in the second inning.
†Batted for George in the seventh inning.
Errors—Collins, Austin, Lake.

Chicago	0	3	0	0	0	0	3	3	.	—9
St. Louis	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two base hits—Wallace, Parent, Dougherty, Hoffman. Three base hit—Lord. Home run—Murray. Hits—Off Criss, 5 in 1 1-3 innings; off George, 1 in 4 2-3 innings; off Lake, 6 in 2 innings; off Lange, 3 in 6 1-3 innings; off Walsh, 2 in 2 2-3 innings. Sacrifice hits—Tannehill, Lake. Stolen bases—Dougherty. Double plays—Chouinard to Tannehill; Clarke to Wallace. Left on bases—Chicago, 5; St. Louis, 8. First base on balls—Off Criss, 2; off Lange, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Walsh, (Newnam.) Struck out—By Lange, 3; by Walsh, 4; by Criss, 1; by George, 1; by Lake, 2. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and Sheridan.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Erratic Montreal Pitchers Present Jersey City with Game, 6 to 3.

In a drizzling rain that continued after the second inning, Jersey City defeated Montreal at West Side Park yesterday by a score of 6 to 3. The field was rain-soaked, and the players had difficulty getting around. Dubuc, who was in the box for Montreal, for three innings issued seven passes, and Leclair practically made Jersey City a present of the game by giving three bases on balls in the seventh. The score:

JERSEY CITY.	AB	R	H	PO	A	MONTREAL.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Dein'g'r, lf	4	1	0	1	1	French, 2b	3	0	1	3	4
Breen, 2b	2	2	1	3	3	Nat'ss, 2b	1	0	0	1	0
Abstein, 1b	3	1	2	9	2	Yeager, 3b	4	1	1	2	0
Gettman, cf	4	0	1	0	0	Miller, cf	4	0	0	1	0
Wheeler, rf	3	0	1	1	0	Gandil, 1b	4	1	1	7	2
Dolan, 3b	3	1	1	3	1	Demmitt, lf	3	0	2	2	0
Warner, ss	3	0	1	3	3	Hanf'd, rf	3	0	1	0	0
Butler, c	2	1	0	7	3	Holly, ss	4	0	0	2	3
Frill, p	4	0	0	0	1	Roth, c	1	0	0	1	0
						Hardy, c	2	0	0	3	0
Total	28	6	7	27	14	Dubuc, p	1	0	0	1	1
						Leclair, p	0	0	0	0	0
						Burk, p	0	0	0	0	0
						Savidge, p	1	0	0	1	0
						*Curtis	0	1	0	0	0
						Total	31	3	6	24	10

*Curtis batted for Leclair in the ninth inning.
Errors—Dubuc (2,) Deininger, Gettman, Dolan, Breen.

Jersey City	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	.	—6
Montreal	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	—3

Base hits—Off Dubuc, 1 in a third of an inning; off Leclaire, 2 in a third of an inning; off Burk, 2 in one inning. First base on balls—Off Dubuc, 7; off Burk, 3; off Frill, 4. First base on errors—Montreal, 3; Jersey City, 1. Left on bases—Montreal, 7; Jersey City, 10. Struck out—By Leclair, 2; by Frill, 6. Two-base hits—Holly, French, Dolan. Sacrifice hits—Hanford, Butler, Abstein. Sacrifice fly—Wheeler. Stolen bases—Deininger, Breen. Double play—Abstein and Warner. Wild pitch—Frill. Hit by pitcher—Curtis. Umpires—Messrs. Murray and Pender.

American Association.

At St. Paul—St. Paul, 4; Toledo, 0.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 13; Indianapolis, 6.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 4; Columbus, 3.
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 7; Louisville, 6.

Connecticut League.

At New Haven—New Haven, 4; Northampton, 1.
At Waterbury.—Waterbury, 3; Holyoke, 1.

Southern League.

At Mobile—Birmingham, 5; Mobile, 1.
At New Orleans—New Orleans vs. Montgomery—Rain.
At Memphis—Chattanooga, 9; Memphis, 4.

AMERICAN SONDER YACHTS FOR KIEL

Three Boats Will Leave to Take Part in Regatta Within Two Weeks.

BOSTON, April 30.—The second American sonder yacht armada that will invade German waters in June for the fourth international contest will put off from these shores in the next two weeks, the three yachts Bibelot, Beaver, and Cima leaving New York about May 10, while their skippers and crews will follow a few days later.

Although the series stands two to one in favor of the Americans, by reason of their victories over the Teutons at Marblehead in 1906 and 1909, the Yankee yachtsmen are very anxious to retrieve the defeat at Kiel in 1907, and at least two of the yachts are expected to prove well adapted to the rough water conditions of that narrow bight of the Baltic Sea.

This year's international races at Kiel will begin on June 19. The principal incentive in the way of trophy is again offered by the German Emperor, while Prince Henry of Prussia contributes the second prize.

The Bibelot is owned by R. W. Emmons, 2d, of Boston and Harry Payne Whitney of New York. Mr. Whitney is playing polo this year, so Capt. Emmons, who is a member of the Eastern Yacht Club, will sail the Bibelot, with the assistance of R. De B. Boardman and John Parkinson. The Bibelot, which is now at the Herreshoff yards, will be given a few days' sailing in Narragansett Bay before she is sent to New York. Capt. Emmons has chartered a large steam yacht for the Kiel week.

The Beaver, which won second place in the international series with the Spanish yachtsmen last Summer, is owned and will be sailed by her entire crew, A. H. Eustace, George B. Dabney, and George Nichols. All three are members of the Beverly Yacht Club of Buzzard's Bay, and two of them are members of the Eastern Yacht Club. It has not yet been decided from which club the Beaver will be entered.

The Cima, which finished third in the Spanish races, will be sailed by her owner, Guy Lowell of the Eastern Yacht Club, and he will have with him J. Robertson Harding, who was on the boat last year, and Arthur Adams, the jib-sheet man of the victorious Harpoon of last year.

Henry Howard, the originator of international sonder yacht racing, sailed for Europe on April 18, and will be the official representative of this country on the Board of Umpires.

Buffalo Downs Newark Again.

Newark went down to defeat for the third straight time, at the hands of the Buffalos, at Newark yesterday, the score being 9 to 2. The Bisons made eight runs in the sixth inning, six of which followed an error by Nee, on what looked like an easy out. It was raining during this inning, and the ground and ball were slippery. The score:

BUFFALO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEWARK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Henline, cf	4	1	0	0	0	Browne, rf	2	0	1	0	0
Starr, ss	0	2	0	4	2	Swayne, rf	3	0	1	0	0
White, lf	3	0	2	1	0	Kelly, lf	3	0	0	2	0
McCabe, rf	5	1	1	1	0	Nee, 2b	4	1	0	1	2
Sharpe, 1b	4	2	3	10	1	Meyer, ss	4	0	0	5	4
McD'ald, 3b	4	0	2	1	6	Ganley, cf	4	0	0	3	1
Riley, 2b	5	1	1	1	0	Louden, 3b	4	0	1	3	2
Killifer, c	5	1	1	9	2	Cady, 1b	4	1	2	6	1
Corridon, p	4	1	2	0	4	McAl'st'r, c	3	1	1	7	2
						Flater, p	1	0	1	0	1
Total	34	9	12	27	15	*Hearne	1	0	0	0	0
						Cull, p	0	0	0	0	0
						†McCarthy	1	0	1	0	0
						Sykes, p	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	31	2	8	27	13

*Batted for Flater in sixth inning.
†Batted for Cull in eighth inning.
Errors—Nee, 2.

Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	8	1	0	0	—9
Newark	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	—2

Sacrifice hits—McAllister, White. Two-base hits—Cady, Flater, Sharpe. Three-base hits—Cady, McAllister, White. Bases on balls—Off Flater, 4; off Cull, 1; off Corridon, 4. Struck out—By Flater, 1; by Cull, 4; by Sykes, 2; by Corridon, 5. Hit by pitched ball—By Flater, 1, (Starr;) by Cull, 1, (Starr;) by Corridon, 1, (Kelly.) Wild pitch—Cull. Hits—Off Flater, 9 in 6 innings; off Cull, 3 in 2 innings; off Sykes, none in one inning. Double plays—Nee and Meyer, and Cady; Meyer, and Nee, and Cady; McAllister and Louden. First base on errors—Buffalo, 1. Left on bases—Newark, 5; Buffalo, 8. Time of game—Two hours and thirty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Pollock and Wright.

Exhibition Games.

At Wilkesbarre—Philadelphia Americans, 9; Wilkesbarre, 2.
At Baltimore—Boston Nationals, 2; Baltimore, 0.
At Troy—New York Americans, 5; Troy, 3.
At Albany—Albany, 8; Utica, 5.

AT ROCKY POINT, R. I.

	R.	H.	E.
Providence	1 0 0 1 0 0 1 2 0	5	14 1
Toronto	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2	6 1

Batteries—Lavender and Peterson; Killian and Phelps. Umpires—Messrs. Black and Hart.

GLENN CURTISS AT BENNING.

Aviator Will Fly Latest Military Aeroplane Near Washington.

Glenn H. Curtiss, the only American who has ever won the International Aviation Cup, will positively appear at the aviation meet at Benning on May 5, 6, and 7. Curtiss will fly one of his latest type racing machines, of the military pattern, such as was sold to the War Department recently and is now undergoing the Government test at San Antonio, Texas. Mr. Curtiss has never flown in Washington, notwithstanding his close relationship to the army and navy as trainer of officers at San Diego, Cal. Washington will thus have the first opportunity to witness flights by this aviator, experimenter in aviation, and manufacturer of the Curtiss aeroplane.

The War and Navy Departments have long followed Mr. Curtiss's experiments with the keenest interest, and he extended an invitation to the Secretaries of these departments last Fall to send officers out to San Diego, Cal., to be trained in the operation of the Curtiss aeroplane. They accepted promptly. Of the four officers trained by Mr. Curtiss and graduated as fliers at San Diego, one is now in Washington—Lieut. T. G. Ellyson of the navy—and will be present at the meet, to watch the master aviator fly.

Mr. Curtiss's appearance at Washington will be the first in the East this year, coming fresh from his triumphs at San Diego, where he developed the remarkable hydro-aeroplane for flights from and to either water or land. It is expected that Washington will extend a hearty greeting to Mr. Curtiss at Benning on the three days of the meet as an expression of appreciation for what he has tried to do for the army and navy, without compensation other than the knowledge of helping his country.

BARRY TO DEFEND TITLE.

English Sculling Champion Will Race William Albany To-day.

Ernest Barry, the champion oarsman, and William Albany, the challenger for the title, will row to-day for the championship of England on the Thames. This race will mark the first for the honors between Englishmen in twenty years, the last time being in the Fall of 1891, when W. East beat G. Perkins on the Tyne, and everything points to a keen struggle.

Barry gained the title in 1908 by defeating the Australian, G. Towns. The races to-day will be for a stake of $1,000 a side and the Sportsman Challenge Cup. The champion will use his new boat, recently launched and christened Dallie Lothian. The craft is 27 feet long, with a depth of 6¼ inches. The slide is 28 inches, beam 10¼ inches, and the rigger spread 4 feet 10 inches. When the men go to the mark there will be a difference in weight of probably fourteen pounds, with Albany scaling the heavier, about 180 pounds.

EMPEROR WILLIAM CUP.

Eighteen New Sonder Class Yachts Constructed in Germany.

KIEL, April 30.—The sonder class yacht races for the Emperor William Cup, the fourth annual contest for which is to be decided during the regatta week here the coming Summer, are attracting greater interest than ever. No fewer have eighteen new sonder class yachts have been constructed, one for Prince Adalbert, and of these three will be selected to meet the three American competitors.

This remarkable increase in the number of sonder class yachts has given rise to much informal discussion in German yachting circles as to the possibility and advisability of changing the class of yachts taking part in the Emperor William Cup race, and suggestions have been put forward that in future years six-meter R yachts should be selected, but no official action in this direction has been taken.

Catholic A. L. Championship Games.

The Catholic Athletic League championships to-night in the armory of the Sixty-ninth Regiment have attracted a host of entries from the sixty-five clubs in the association. Many of the intending competitors rank among the best athletes in the metropolitan district, and they have all been training faithfully for the honors. In the sprints will be seen Richter and Schloesser of Loughlin Lyceum, Cahill and Healy of Dominican, and Miller of the Knights of St. Anthony. These same men with the addition of Ridgeway and Schlick will show in the 220-yard dash. The half mile gives promise of being a hummer, with such sterling performers as McLoughlin, Gillmore, Buckley, and Holmes entered.

Truesdale Released to Buffalo.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 30.—Frank Truesdale, second baseman of the St. Louis American League baseball team, was released last night to the Buffalo Eastern League team.

PATHFINDER AT BOSTON.

Glidden Tour Scouts Entertained by Donor of Trophy.

The Glidden scouts of the Stevens-Duryea pilot car met a royal reception in Boston. Charles J. Glidden, donor of the trophy, entertained them at dinner, and Mayor Fitzgerald presented them with the keys of the city of Boston, and intrusted to their keeping a friendly message to the Mayor of Ottawa. The dinner took place Thursday evening at Hotel Somerset, and the Mayor received the party Friday noon on the steps of the City Hall on School Street, and later accompanied them in the general direction of Ottawa as far as the State House, where the camera squad again got into action and good-byes were said and waved as the scouts glided off toward Canada.

Altogether this was the most eventful day of the trip, and perhaps the most pleasant one they will experience until they reach the Champlain Valley after crossing the Green Mountains in the vicinity of Montpelier, Vt., where rumors say there is still sleighing.

Nassau R. & G. Club to Open.

The formal opening of the Nassau Rod and Gun Club, at the easterly end of Long Beach, will take place Sunday. Everything is in order for the reception of the members. Those affiliated with the organization who have visited Nassau this season have had fine sport with the flounders, and it is hoped that blackfish will be running by the opening day. For the convenience of members boats will leave the Anchorage, formerly Norwood's Dock, Freeport, at 10 and 11 o'clock Sunday morning.

(Other Sports on Pages 9 and 12.)

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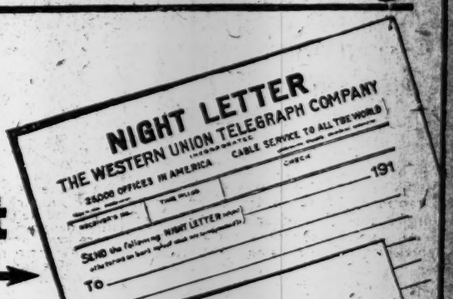

By day

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1349 Broadway.	356 Sixth Ave.	702-710 B'dway.	837 Broad St.
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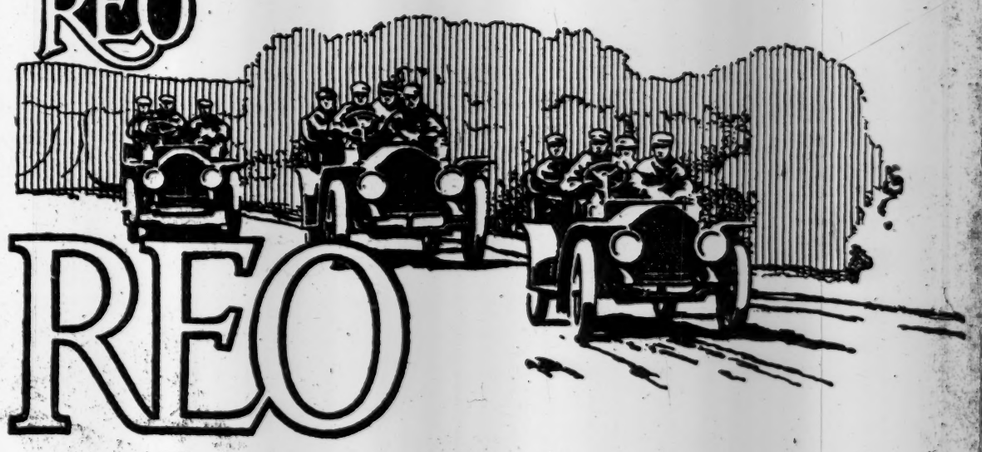
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THRILLING POLO ON GEORGIAN COURTS

British Team Defeats Strong Mixed Quartet — American Champions in Good Trim.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., April 30.—Obstructive tactics of a high order, coupled with ultra-strenuous and occasional rough play, this afternoon characterized the sport on Georgian Court polo fields. This particularly applies to the second game on the programme between an all-English quartet comprising Lieut. Palmes, Lieut. Edwards, Capt. Cheape, and Capt. Lloyd, who lined up against the two English officers, Capt. Wilson and Capt. Barrett, and the American expert, Alex. Brown and Foxhall Keene, for four periods. The score was 4½ to 1 in favor of the all-English team.

The other contest, between the Meadow Brook players, Messrs. Whitney, Milburn, and the Waterbury brothers, against a mixed organization of home players, was quite as brisk and equally scientific up to half time and thrilling thereafter, Messrs. Stevenson, Stoddard, Crane, and Agassiz having an uphill struggle and a blank scoreboard for the first four periods, Mr. Crane being relieved by J. E. Cowdin in the fifth, after which their side showed up decidedly better, their final score aggregating 4 as against 6 registered by Meadow Brook.

From the throw-in of the ball among the transatlantic players it was evident to onlookers that the British officers meant business and that they were superbly mounted. As differing from methods heretofore shown they played their positions more consistently, and quickly noting the barren effect of their opponents' early flights, they settled down for a series of carefully calculated short passes, stiff interference, and repeated pick-ups. They charged the ball time after time and met it on the fly frequently in American fashion, showing clearly that they have taken to heart the points that Capt. Lloyd must have gained when he watched from the saddle Saturday's play of Mr. Whitney's team.

The visiting organization has profited materially from close study of the tactics resorted to by the Waterbury brothers, the remarkable placings executed by the Meadow Brook Captain, and the blocking strokes which they have seen on the part of Mr. Milburn. For an opening to-day Capt. Lloyd stopped several hard balls, and one after another they were neatly passed to Capt. Cheape, who nudged them forward to Lieut. Edwards, who, instead of rushing them himself to the goal, directed them by tangent shots to the square on the green carpet where Lieut. Palmes was ready, and he it was who did all the scoring in the first two periods. Joshua Crane was an observant and strict referee and he never failed to inflict a fine when palpably crossing or fouled strokes occurred. Capt. Cheape caused a loss of half a goal for this sort of thing before the initial period closed. The game, however, was all their own.

The Meadow Brook practice play was distinctive in character in many respects. Mr. Whitney, as usual, mounted several players besides himself, and the strenuous tests the remarkable equine equipment sustained gave assurance that the American champions will have the right kind of racing material under them when the great international trials occur next month. In the initial period of to-day's game, the Meadow Brooks and Messrs. Stevenson, Stoddard, Crane, and Agassiz sparred judiciously for an opening. The Captain of the Whites fully expected rushing tactics and he was not disappointed, but, as on Saturday, the lightning calculators at front and in second position quickly took the measure of the Boston veterans, Crane and Agassiz, and, waiting for them to do the charging, nimbly picked up and passed the ball along so that nothing resulted from the Green men's onslaughts.

The last round was a rouser, but nothing was changed in the tally, and the record at finish was Meadow Brook, 6, and their opponents, 4.

Polo enthusiasts and followers of the sport seem to be poorly informed regarding the facilities for seating them all at the international cup games at Meadow Brook. While the official information was published broadcast some time ago, the bulk of those interested are in doubt about getting accommodations. For their information it may be stated again that the rush for the boxes has been phenomenal, and all might have been sold twice over, had it been possible. The seats are being rapidly disposed of, and to save disappointment members of the association and others will do well to communicate with August Belmont's office, 23 Nassau Street, New York, so that seats can be assigned to them. Line-up and summaries:

ENGLAND.	MIXED TEAM.
1—Lieut. Palmes.	1—A. W. Brown. (C. C. Rumsey.)
2—Lieut. Edwards.	2—Capt. Wilson.
3—Capt. Cheape.	3—F. P. Keene.
Back—Capt. Lloyd.	Back—Capt. Barrett.

Goals—Lieut. Palmes, 6. Penalties—Capt. Cheape, 1 goal; Capt. Lloyd, ½ goal for fouls. Total, 4½ goals. Mixed team—Goal, Brown.

MEADOW BROOK.	GREEN.
1—L. Waterbury. (C. C. Rumsey.)	1—M. Stevenson.
2—J. M. Waterbury.	2—L. E. Stoddard.
3—H. P. Whitney.	3—J. Crane. (J. E. Cowdin.)
Back—D. Milburn.	Back—R. L. Agassiz.

Meadow Brook—Goals, J. M. Waterbury, 3; L. Waterbury, 2; C. C. Rumsey, 1. Total, 6 goals. Green—M. Stevenson, 2; J. E. Cowdin, 2.

LARCHMONT'S FINAL SHOOT.

E. A. Wilson Wins Two Trophy Matches with Full Scores.

There was a good muster of gunners at the Larchmont Yacht Club traps yesterday for the final weekly shoot of the season. The conditions were excellent, with the result that full scores were made in all of the six contests decided.

E. A. Wilson proved to be high gun for the day. He won the second and fifth trophy matches, each with a full score. Ralph L. Spotts won the ten target scratch contest with a full score, and K. R. Hooker was the winner of the special trophy match, breaking all of his twenty-five targets. The leg for the April Cup—the final one—was won by W. B. Short, but K. R. Hooker and R. L. Spotts having won two legs each in former shoots, they shot off, Spotts winning the cup. A. E. Ranney won the fourth match, a twenty-five-target match, with a full score.

Next Saturday will be a banner day at Larchmont for trap shooters, for the club championship is to be decided. There will also be an interclub and universities championship shoot, in which gunners from six clubs and five universities will take part. Yale, Princeton, Pennsylvania, and Dartmouth Colleges have already entered, and it is expected that Harvard will enter before Wednesday. These will be individual championships, and it is estimated by the committee that at least eighty men will compete for the prizes offered.

Clan McDonalds Shoot Only Goal.

Preliminary to the final State cup tie game to be played with the Brooklyns at Marquette Oval Sunday, the Clan McDonalds defeated Clan McKenzie yesterday on those grounds by the score of 1 goal to 0 after an exhibition of fast soccer play. The winners monopolized the ball for the greater portion of the game, and only occasionally were placed on the defensive. On the other hand, the goalkeeper and backs playing for Clan McKenzie had more than their share of work and performed brilliantly. Toward the end of the game the Clan McDonalds had many tries for goal, but inaccurate shooting, coupled with Dale's alertness in the net, prevented any scoring. The line-up:

Clan McDonalds.	Position.	Clan McKenzie.
James Ross	Goal	Dale
Banks	Right back	Shaw
John Ross	Left back	Burns
MacCulloch	Right half	Wilkie
Bell	Centre half	Moffatt
Lyons	Left half	Neave
W. Russell	Outside right	Simons
Hastie	Inside right	Callary
Dewar	Centre	Haughie
W. Russell	Inside left	Mackie
Thompson	Outside left	Dunn

Referee—C. Creighton. Linesmen—Messrs. Watson and Baird. Goal—W. Russell, Clan McDonalds. Time—Halves of forty-five minutes.

BERNER LEADS HARRIERS.

Morris A. A. Road Race Attracts Good Field of Runners.

The regular crowd of cross country runners was out yesterday for the weekly road race of ten miles held by the Morris Athletic Association. Despite the fact that the season is drawing to an end and many of the best runners have turned to the work for the cinder paths the race was well contested, and after a hard fight B. Berner of the Morris Athletic Association won by a small margin, covering the ten miles in 1:16:18 2-5.

Berner went out from the start and set the pace for the field that followed the leader for more than half the distance. After the first five miles the pace began to tell on them, and they gradually dropped back along the trail, and were well strung out when the turn for the last two miles was reached.

Turning into Jerome Avenue Berner had opened up a good-sized gap on the pack with only M. Summer of the Sheridan Athletic Club being able to stay up with him. The pair ran a good race for the entire distance, but in the final sprint for the finish the home athlete showed the best and won out by a small margin. The order of finish:

B. Berner, Morris A. A.; M. Summer, Sheridan, A. C.; A. Davis, Morris A. A.; A. Hirsh, Morris A. A.; T. Fahie, Trinity A. C.; M. Balle, Morris A. A.; S. Maller, unattached; M. Cohen, Morris A. A.; E. Pilcer, Morris A. A.; S. Molwitz, unattached; W. Frick, Bronx A. C.; J. Castor, Unity A. C.; S. Schwartz, unattached; T. Collins, Liverpool, Eng.; S. Truxton, Bridge A. C.; T. Falling, unattached; S. Causton, unattached; F. Ruggles, Morris A. A.; H. Czerny, Morris A. A.; T. Spetala, Union Sportiva; S. Saliton, unattached; S. Cally, unattached; S. Fulton, Bridge A. C.; E. Talton, unattached; S. Cutting, unattached.

WATCHUNG RACE MEET.

Six Events Will Be Decided at Plainfield May 13.

Six events are scheduled for the annual race meet of the Watchung Hunt Club at the Plainfield Driving Club, Plainfield, N. J., Saturday, May 13. The feature event will be the Watchung Hunters' Purse of $150 at a distance of about three miles over a post and rail course. The Watchung meeting is the leading event of its kind in New Jersey, and practically closes the Spring season. Many of the best amateur riders compete, and the entry list includes a number of well-known horses at the various hunt club meets in the vicinity of New York. The programme follows:

First Race.—Oak Tree Purse of $125; for three-year-olds and up; high weights; gentlemen riders' allowance; one mile.

Second Race.—Plainfield Purse of $125; hurdle race for three-year-olds and upward; weight for age; penalties; one mile and a half over hurdles.

Third Race.—Melrose Scramble; purse $50; for farmers' horses over whose land the Watchung Club hunts; catch weights; half mile.

Fourth Race.—Watchung Hunters' Purse of $150; for bona fide hunters; to carry 165 pounds; a cup to the rider of the winner; about three miles over a post and rail course.

Fifth Race.—Westfield Purse of $100; for Galloways; to carry 150 pounds; penalties; professional riders 5 pounds extra; half mile.

Sixth Race.—Netherwood Purse of $125; four-year-olds and upward; non-winners within 12 months to carry 150 pounds; penalties; professional riders 5 pounds extra; mile and a quarter.

Entries close Monday, May 8, with the clerk of the course, George W. Gall, 6 and 8 East Forty-sixth Street, New York.

ANOTHER AVIATION SCHOOL.

Queen Aeroplane Company Will Begin Operations May 15.

The first aviation school in this country devoted solely to instruction in flying monoplanes is soon to be opened by the Queen Aeroplane Company, which was formerly known as the Lovelace-Thompson works, at Fort George. Several aviation schools have been planned—one at Garden City, another at Belmont Park, and two others outside of New York—but none have yet been put in actual operation. The new school will be opened about May 15.

Just where it will be located has not been decided, but one of the metropolitan race tracks will be selected. Negotiations with the owners of three tracks are now under way. A corps of foreign instructors has already been engaged, and two of them are expected from Europe on May 9. All have French pilot licenses and are men experienced in cross-country flying.

The leading spirits in the Queen Aeroplane Company are Frederic Thompson, W. S. McCormick, and C. W. Geddes. The factory at Fort George is running full blast turning out the latest types of monoplanes. Two of the new machines that will be used in the aviation school are now at Belmont Park, and two more will be sent there this week.

GOULD'S COMBOURG WINS.

American Horse Captures Big Purse at Longchamps.

PARIS, April 30.—The Prix Noailles (the Produce Stakes) for three-year-olds at one mile and a half was run to-day at Longchamps and won by Frank J. Gould's Combourg. The stake this year was worth $14,400. In the Prix d'Auteil, a handicap at a mile and a furlong, Charles Pfizer's Padone ran second.

Athletic Games at Guttenburg.

The outdoor athletic season will be opened at the old Guttenburg race track on May 7, with games of the Guttenburg Motordrome A. C. The list of events is a long one and will bring into action some of the best cinder path performers in the metropolitan district. Entries already insure a fine afternoon's sport, and among the headliners, who will compete, are Gwyn Henry of Texas, the National "220" champion; Billy Keating, the former National furlong champion, who is now an unattached athlete after representing the Irish-American A. C. for seven years; R. T. Edwards, the present quarter-mile champion; Eddie Frick, the half-miler, who is to take Harry Gissing's place on the New York A. C. team this Summer; Jim Archer, the new M. A. L. sprint champion, and a score more of good ones. Besides the athletic events there will be a game of soccer football, between the Columbia Oval A. C., and Clan McDuff.

Two Nights' Wrestling Carnival.

A two nights' wrestling carnival is billed for the Twentieth Century Athletic Club at the St. Nicholas Rink, Sixty-sixth Street and Columbus Avenue, this week. Zbyszko and Americus, the American light heavyweight champion, will have a return match on Wednesday evening. George Bothner, the American featherweight champion, has been agreed upon to act as referee. Several other star bouts have been arranged as preliminaries. To-morrow night many fistic stars who are now in New York are to try their hands at the wrestling game at a benefit. Some of the bouts arranged are: "Knockout" Brown vs. Cy Smith, Young Corbett vs. Kid Broad, Leach Cross vs. Jack Goodman, Tommy Maloney vs. "One Round" Hogan. There will also be several contests between well-known wrestlers in every class.

Entries for Pimlico To-day.

FIRST RACE.—Maiden three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. El Bart, Con Carne, 97 pounds; Excellence, Aetna, Ganogue, Springmass, Neva, Irish Nora, Alice Virginia, Mattie Kernan, Fezzan, 95 each; Master d'Or, Tiger Jim, Old Erin, 107 each; Meditator, 100.

SECOND RACE.—Two-year-olds, selling; four furlongs. Arany, Blitzen, Jr., 108 pounds each; Auto Maid, 109; *Flail, 94; Thirty Forty, 110; Gay, Firbal, Brightside, Uncle H. Harrison, 99 each; War Path, 112; *Erella, 100; *Omrica, *Nickie, 96 each; Uncle, *Maxentus, 97 each; Helnous, 105.

THIRD RACE.—Stafford Purse; three-year-olds; one mile. Judge Monck, Pluvius, Idle Weiss, Jim Basey, 110 pounds each; Joe Kenyon, Feather Duster, Racewell, 107 each.

FOURTH RACE.—Steeplechase; four-year-olds and upward; two miles. Racebrook, Landmark, Ennis Killen, Jack Frost, 132 pounds each; Dinna Ken, Beggarman, Clell Turney, 142 each; Trude, 135; The Speaker, 137; Sam Ball, 145; Orderly Nat, 140.

FIFTH RACE.—Driving Park Handicap; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Mr. Golightly, 102 pounds; †King James, 128; †Shannon, 107; †Royal Meteor, 108; Guy Fisher, Spellbound, 114 each; Watervale, 95, Compton, 103; The Cock, Besom, 112 each; Sea Cliff, 92; Pluvius, 96; Ben Loyal, 99.

†Hildredth entry.

SIXTH RACE.—Three-year-olds and upward; selling; mile and sixty-yards. *Third Rail, *Michael Angelo, 110 pounds each; Henry Munro, *Oakhurst, *Lawton Wiggins, 108 each; Scarus, El Oro, 104 each; *Tom Melton, 103; Charivari, 118; Corinth, 95; Live Wire, 118; The Whip, 99; *Little Friar, 93; Frank Purcell, *Superstition, 112 each; *The Monk, 105.

SEVENTH RACE.—Maidens, three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Supervisor, Ruby Knight, Betsy Trotwood, Edith C., 93 pounds each; Day Bell, Bourbon Beau, Footlights, Irish Gentleman, 100; Hatteras, Lamp Black, Balancer, Sam Rank, 97 each; The Welkin, Clicle, Miss O'Toole, 105.

*Apprentice allowance claimed. Weather clear; track fast.

GLENCOE ROAD RACE RESULTS IN A TIE

Harry Smith and Alexis Ahlgren Make a Dead Heat of the Ten-Mile Contest.

Harry Smith, Captain of the Pastime A. C., and Alexis Ahlgren, the Swedish runner over whom there has been so much contention of late, made a dead heat of the ten-mile invitation road run of the Glencoe A. C. yesterday, the time being 1:02:40. They smothered the rest of the field, the third man, Frank Ruggiero, former schoolboy champion, being about a hundred yards to the bad at the end. Nearly a hundred runners took part in the competition, with but sixty-five of the lot finishing, the last man being more than nineteen minutes behind the winners. The course led from the clubhouse in East 126th Street to Seventh Avenue, to Central Bridge, to Jerome Avenue, to Bronx Boulevard, and Bronx Park and return.

The start was made in a downpour, which helped to settle the chances of some of the members of the field. Reynolds, Hooley, and Wilson led away from the starter's announcement at a good pace, and held a forward position for about a mile and a half. At this stage they were deposed by Cullen, Rozette, and Tepper, who showed the way for a mile.

There was a varying change of positions by the more ambitious to the five-mile post. At this point Hayes, Mellon, and Boschi were up in front, and apparently going well. At the Bronx Park turn there was a general closing up on the part of the supposed best men in the race, and Smith, Jensen, Ruggiero, and Stack, the Pastime entry, set the pace, with Ahlgren, Jordan, and McCullough close up.

At nine miles White and Green were running in strong style. From here on it was a survival of the fittest, and the run home narrowed down to a battle between Ahlgren, Smith, Masterson, Joyce, and Hayes. About a half mile from the finish a rattling dash for the tape ensued for first place.

Ahlgren and Smith pulled away from the others slowly, but surely, and ran shoulder to shoulder the remainder of the distance, finishing aligned so that the judges could not separate them, in 1:02:40. Ahlgren fell over the line, and it was the idea of the onlookers that Smith would have won in a couple more strides. The order of finish follows:

Name and Club.	Finish.
Harry Smith, Pastime	1:02:40
Alex. Ahlgren, Ozanam	1:02:40
F. Ruggiero, Pastime	1:03:05
R. Masterson, Mohawk	1:04:20
J. Hayes, I. A. A. C.	1:04:30
F. Joyce, Mohawk	1:04:40
T. Nelson, I. A. A. C.	1:04:51
H. Jensen, Pastime	1:05:30
J. Stack, Pastime	1:06:35
E. White, unattached	1:07:08
C. Green, Mohawk	1:07:20
E. Jordan, Xavier	1:07:37
C. Resainico, U. S. I.	1:08:15
F. McCullough, Glencoe	1:08:30
S. D. Richman, Glencoe	1:08:52
W. De Roos, Ozanam	1:09:30
H. Rozette, Pastime	1:10:28
G. Smith, Mohawk	1:10:29
G. Brown, [illegible] Club	1:10:58
C. Davis, I.	1:10:59
M. Nelson, unattached	1:11:10
J. Gleason, Pastime A. C.	1:11:25
J. Boschi, Xavier	1:11:26

P. Season, U. S. I., 1:12:05; G. Murphy, Mohegan, 1:12:21; T. Larkin, Pastime, 1:12:28; J. Reynolds, I. A. A. C., 1:12:29; W. Cullen, Bear A. C., 1:13:10; J. Kiernan, Mott Haven, 1:13:25; J. Arzalone, U. S. I., 1:13:32; J. Muzzucca, Glencoe, 1:13:45; J. Brown, Xavier, 1:13:51; G. Wilson, Xavier, 1:13:53; J. Meehan, Mohawk, 1:13:54; W. Tepper, West End, 1:13:56; G. Hooley, unattached, 1:14:03; G. Haggman, Northern A. C., 1:14:04; D. Carnegie, Xavier, 1:14:23; T. Romano, unattached, 1:14:24; T. Harris, Glencoe, 1:14:29; C. Levy, Glencoe, 1:14:30; G. Mellon, Paulist, 1:14:50; T. O'Connor, Pastime, 1:15:03; G. Wuest, Glencoe, 1:17:40; L. Tocco, U. S. I., 1:17:45; N. Ohland, Alphabet, 1:17:58; S. Miller, Trinity A. C., 1:18:03; W. Burke, Union Settlement, 1:18:04; V. Flynn, Fairmont, 1:18:12; M. Heis, unattached, 1:18:18; R. Clark, unattached, 1:19:04; C. Jones, Mohegan, 1:19:15; A. Johnson, unattached, 1:19:16; C. Valatto, U. S. I., 1:20:30; N. Olino, unattached, 1:21; A. Glasser, Glencoe, 1:21:02; R. Matthews, Melrose, 1:21:03; R. Rosenstein, Sheridan, 1:21:04; W. Carroll, National A. C., 1:21:06; F. Early, unattached, 1:21:08; W. Dello, U. S. I., 1:21:09; A. Fortuno, U. S. I., 1:21:10; A. N. Reed, unattached, 1:21:11; B. Litchman, Eighth Regiment A. A., 1:21:12; M. Boires, Bronx C. C., 1:21:13.

Arberg Wins Cross-Country.

The Lambs' Employes Athletic Club held its annual five-mile cross-country run at Pelham Bay Park Saturday morning, many actors taking part. Harold Arberg won the gold medal for first place, Harold McAvoy won the silver medal for second place, and Charles Seymour, third, won the bronze medal. Baldwin Johnson, Henry Winters, Howard Arnold, and L. Smith finished in the order named.

GREAT FIELD OF RUNNERS.

Modified Marathon Attracts Largest Entry Ever Received.

With the largest entry ever received for a race of the kind, the modified Marathon event at twelve miles, to be decided over the roads from Fordham to the City Hall Saturday, gives promise of being one of the most spectacular and interesting seen in this country.

Boston, Philadelphia, Buffalo, and Baltimore and other cities will have representatives in the race, and there is much speculation as to how the out-of-towners will stand up against the metropolitan cracks.

The committee which has the election of the runners to represent America at the Olympic Games, will be on hand to look over the timber for that event, and it is anticipated that each competitor will put his best foot forward in an endeavor to catch their eyes. Aside from this incentive, the fact that there are more than 200 prizes, promises to call out the keenest sort of competition.

Championship trophies, both individual and team, will be awarded in the following classes: Athletic clubs, Catholic Athletic League, Y. M. C. A., intersettlement, Recreation Centre, Sunday School A. L., High Schools, and colleges.

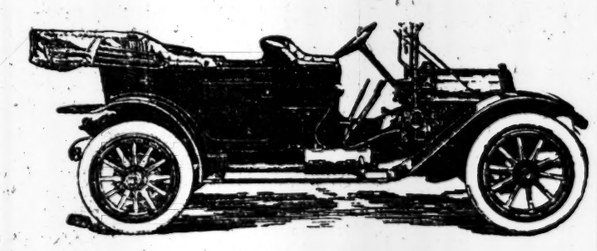
It is estimated that half a million people will witness the race, which will be started at 1:45 from Fordham Road and Jerome Avenue. A time limit of two hours and fifteen minutes has been placed, which practically gives every competitor a chance at the prizes.

The Police Department, through First Deputy Driscoll, will patrol the entire course with a large number of men, which will include the mounted and bicycle squads. The individual favorites in the race are Billy Kramer, the five-mile National championship, and Tewanima, the Carlisle Indian.

Silver Service for Al Reeves.

As a token of esteem and appreciation, his associates at the headquarters of the Association of Licensed Automobile Manufacturers presented Alfred Reeves with a silver wine service upon resigning the office of general manager of that organization to join with the United States Motor Company as its general sales manager. The presentation took place at the office Saturday, and to-day Mr. Reeves begins his work with the United States Motor Company.

(Other Sports on Pages 8 and 12.)



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If you're going to buy a cheaper car it will be to your interest to look over the Chalmers line. See what you get—then look at other cars and note the difference. Two hundred dollars or so added to what you intend paying may make or mar your entire investment. If we give you a car as good or better than the one you intend paying $3000 or over for—better get a Chalmers and save the difference—that's the right way to buy an automobile.

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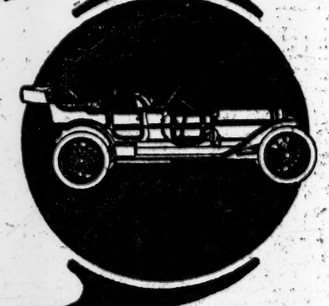

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RAILWAYS AND INDUSTRIALS.

At the present time the Sherman anti-trust law and the inter-State commerce law afford some striking contrasts in their operation. In one sense both are failures, and on a longer view it may appear that both are successes. Nobody will contend that the anti-trust law has stopped the formation of trusts, and nobody can contend that the inter-State law has had its desired effect on the reduction of railway rates. The phenomenon of the moment is the check to the reduction of railway rates and the marked reduction of all the trust rates, or prices. The effort to reduce railway rates by law has only solidified the schedules. There are those who suspect that the frozen rates are yielding higher incomes than competitive rates, despite the best efforts of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, which seems rather partisan than judicial in its action, getting results different from its intentions. On the other hand, the administration of the anti-trust law by the courts and the Executive is under suspicion of failure for all its ferocity, and yet economic causes have produced that cheapening of commodities which was the object of the anti-trust statute, even at the very apex of the prosperity of the trusts, and concurrently with the failure of the attempt to reduce railway rates by law.

It will not be necessary to demonstrate the stability of railway rates. The Inter-State Commerce Commission has done its best, but more than once has run away from the effect of its own orders to suit one set of complainants only to collide with the protests of another set with equally excellent claims to attention. Where the conflict of interests has been irreconcilable the Commission has succeeded no better than the railways in pleasing both parties, although its impartiality has been risked if not wrecked in the effort. The Inter-State Commerce Court was created to remedy the failures of the Commission, just as equity was invented to remedy the failures of the common law. The results remain to be seen. The fact of the moment is that the disappointment of the producers who are seeking to lessen their costs at the expense of the carriers by mandate of law attests the failure of the attempt. The depth of their failure is proportioned to their apparent success.

Just as the railways seemed at the mercy of their assailants capital ceased to flow into them, and the more teeth put into the law the severer the check to the investment flow. The railway construction and equipment industries are in a faint resembling death. Their revival is sure, for no law can check the country's growth, and its needs must be supplied. That there will be a shortage of railway accommodations soon is as fixed a fact as the stoppage of the reduction of railway rates. Ultimately the supply of this necessity will be adequate, but it will be slower and costlier than in the past. The railways no longer have to bleed themselves into bankruptcy for the profit of their customers.

On the other hand, the excess of productive capacity among the industrials and the shrinkage of their prices are no less marked than the opposing conditions among the railways. Bradstreet's index number is at the lowest since 1909, and is close to the level of the panic year, 1907. The recession has been continuous for nineteen months, and is general for almost everything. The most marked exception is cotton among farmers' products, which as a class follow the rule. The reason is simplicity itself. There is an excess for the mo[illegible] industrial productive ca[illegible] consuming capacity at the [illegible] have reached. There has [illegible]mental restraint of produ[illegible]or of prices for the produ[illegible]here is a natural restrain[illegible]ich will cease to act at [illegible]oment when it should. [illegible]world faces at the mo[illegible]condition such as [illegible]mental inter[illegible]vs. [illegible]which it is necess[illegible]mpilation by the Wall St[illegible] the accounts of 24 industrials. Their gross earnings have increased since 1906 by a fraction of 1 per cent., a negligible amount. But their inventories have grown over 27 per cent., reflecting their undistributed product, while their property account has increased over 9 per cent., measuring the necessity of a growth of profit at the time that it is ceasing to increase. Their capitalization is another measure of their necessity in this respect, and it has grown 15 per cent., while the net earnings to support the capitalization have shrunk almost 5 per cent. It would be invidious to specify cases, but it will be understood easily that this condition is severest in the most conspicuous case of all, and that the general averages above mentioned are effected by the exceptionally bad comparisons of the world's greatest corporation.

Government is not omniscient or omnipotent, and individuals, natural or corporate, are better judges of their affairs than any Commission in all matters of business discretion as distinguished from morals or conduct. We now see that governmental action has caused a check to the reduction of railway rates, and a check to construction of railways. This adds to the value of every existing company and threatens undersupply in the near future, with the corollary of growth of railways at excessive cost for capital. And on the other hand we see an overbuilding of industrial plants, and an accumulation of goods which consumers cannot afford to buy at the present price level.

THE SPIRIT OF 1824.

The cessation of hostilities in Morelos and Guerrero, neighboring States to the Federal district, is another augury of permanent peace in Mexico, as far as it goes, though the little battle yesterday at Ojinaga in Chihuahua was sufficiently warlike. The demand of the revolutionists in the southern States for a free election of Governors and municipal officers has already been met in the bill now before Congress. Indeed, new elections have been ordered in the States of Guanajuato and Jalisco. Pacification of the discordant element in Puebla, where any outbreak is particularly dangerous to the peace of the whole country, ought not to be difficult. Puebla is the historic seat of the Church Party in Mexico, and thus far the Church has shown no inclination to hamper the Government in its attempt to solve its bewildering political problem.

A general feeling of unrest, however, still prevails, while in the Councils of State emotionalism seems to dominate reason. What sense is there in an amendment to the Constitution prohibiting the succession to the Presidency of any relative of the incumbent to the fourth degree? That is a measure of as questionable expediency as the proposed retirement of Congressmen after one year of service and Judges after six years. No wonder the distinguished Mexican merchant, interviewed by the special correspondent of THE TIMES on Saturday, is dismayed by the prospect, and imagines "concealed Anarchists" behind MADERO. Mexico's greatest danger at present is not in the guns of the insurrectionists, but in the follies of destructive statesmanship with which she is threatened.

The spirit of 1824 is abroad in the land, and we all know what followed the extravagant and unworkable radical legislation of that epoch. With DIAZ off the scene, another SANTA ANNA may soon appear. But there is still a chance that wiser heads may control Congress, and the anti-re-election bill be shorn of its juvenile defects. No modern Government can long survive without the help of trained legislators and experienced Judges.

THE TARIFF OUT OF POLITICS.

There are signs of a striking tendency to take the tariff out of politics by a tacit agreement between men of light and leading in both the chief parties to treat it on its merits and without reference to party commitments. Of course the most important and impressive of these signs is the progress of the plan for reciprocity with Canada. Another sign is the steady advance of the idea of a Tariff Commission to get at the facts before acting definitively on the tariff, an idea that has been earnestly embraced by men of both parties, especially by business men of the very classes that in the past have been most stubborn for straight protection. But the most significant fact is the progressive disintegration that has gone on within the Republican Party on the subject of the tariff during the last three years.

First there was the newly awakened feeling that compelled the party to promise revision in 1908. Then there was the storm of indignation that followed the betrayal of that promise in the extra session of 1909. Then there was what may be called the emancipation of President TAFT, his breaking the fetters that bound his too faithful conscience to narrow and deadening policies of standpatism and Rooseveltism—the latter being a cowardly and selfish submission to the former—and the bold, well-reasoned, firmly pressed project of Canadian reciprocity, every line of which was based on tariff reform principles. Finally came the President's courageous call of the extraordinary session, offering to the Democratic majority in the House the rich opportunity to support Democratic principles by supporting a Republican President, and defying the extreme protectionists of his own party to resist.

Here surely is substantial progress in a peaceful revolution. The country is watching with deep interest, but quite tranquilly, the process of adopting a radical tariff reform measure by a Democratic House with the aid in that House and the secure co-operation in the Senate of a sufficient number of Republicans. The wail of the protectionist is heard in the land, of course, but it is pitiful rather than terrible, and its echoes die on the winds of April. The threat of general disturbance of business, the time-honored and previously powerful weapon of the protectionists, gets no response. Business men smile when they are called upon to "view with alarm" the movement that goes on in Congress. Especially to be noted is the striking change that has taken place in the attitude of the public toward the President. The feeling of indifference and discouragement which undoubtedly prevailed as late as last Fall has given way to keen attention and interest, to confidence and admiration. The ringing cheers he received the other night from the thousand newspaper men from all over the land were representative of the National sentiment. The people take him to be doing in a manly, sensible, and loyal fashion what he believes, and they believe, to be the best for the country. When we reflect that what he is doing is to treat the tariff no longer as a partisan matter, but with sole reference to the interests of the whole country, we can realise that the tariff is indeed being taken out of politics.

THE FRENCH IN MOROCCO.

The note the French Government has sent to the signatories of the agreement as to Morocco made at Algeciras five years ago really reopens the questions that were at that time only partially settled. There is nothing in the agreement then entered into that authorizes France to use force outside the seven ports open to commerce. Even within the so-called police zones recognized in the agreement there was provision only for a relatively small contingent of Morocco police, officered by Frenchmen and Spaniards and under the general command of a Swiss Superintendent. The troubles in Morocco long since got beyond the control of such a body, and France has felt obliged, even before the most recent outbreak, to use a considerable army there.

The circumstances that made this needful were, it is understood, pretty well thrashed out in 1909 with the signatories of the Algeciras agreement, and especially with Germany, from whom alone any difficulty was probable. Still, the situation is obviously a complex one, and it is impossible to predict its outcome. France is sending out troops to replace those used from the coast garrisons to the avowed number of some 10,000, but it is reported that French troops are also advancing from the East to meet those from the West and Southwest. Undoubtedly that is the only way in which the movement of the hostile tribesmen, which is spreading, can be met. But it is also practically an occupation of the territory of Morocco. Its first object will be to rescue the few foreigners in Fez, but when that is done the Sultan of Morocco will be helplessly dependent on French arms for his safety and his life. France will have made Morocco in reality, if not in form, a protectorate. Her subsequent course will have to be determined by the European Powers. Morocco will cease to be an African question and will again become a European question, with many possibilities of complication.

HASTENING JUSTICE.

It is to be hoped that the Legislature at its present session will take action, and wise action, on the reform of legal procedure, as to which specific and excellent measures have been proposed. It is quite needless at this time to go into the proof that the settlement of just claims is delayed, made costly and made uncertain under the present code of procedure. That has been shown over and again, especially in the proceedings of the State Bar Association, which is obviously the highest authority existing on the subject. Now uncertainty, delay, and cost are practically fetters for the relatively poor suitors. It is an unspeakable shame that they should be forged and imposed by the law itself. The State Bar Association has a committee, of which Judge A. J. RODENBECK of the State Court of Claims is Chairman, charged with presenting to the Legislature a practical remedy for existing evils. In a paper by the Judge certain rules are suggested on which this remedy can be based. They are constructive in their aim, and, so far as a layman can decide, extremely sensible. Associated with Judge RODENBECK are Messrs. JOHN G. MILBURN, WILLIAM B. HORNBLOWER, ADELBERT MOOT, and CHARLES A. COLLIN—a strong committee whose judgment should carry great weight.

The substance of these suggested rules is as follows: A legislative practice act covering the substance of procedure; rules of court covering the form of procedure; both general in character, with few exceptions or minute details, leaving to the courts ample power for the orderly and expeditious dispatch of causes unhampered by technical requirements. Provision for a complete disposition of the entire controversy and the determination at one time so far as practicable of preliminary questions. All questions of fact to be disposed of finally upon one trial as far as possible. No judgment to be set aside or new trial granted unless a miscarriage of justice has resulted from error, the Appellate Courts to have such power as can be given them to take additional evidence in order to determine what justice requires without a new trial. Provision for prompt and effective enforcement of judgment.

We wish that every lawyer in the State, and every member of the Legislature, whether lawyer or not, could read the paper in which Judge RODENBECK explains and supports these suggested rules. They would see the justice of the biting couplet the Judge quotes:

> Laws are like spiders' webs, small flies are ta'en
> While greater flies break in and out again.

And none of them with a spark of the sense of fair play could fail to feel the deep humiliation, the crying scandal of the state in which our laws are. We ordain a Constitution to establish justice, and we pass statutes to deny it. We boast of freedom and equality and we send a poor man into our courts shackled while mere money gives immunity to those who may have wronged him. And this, not through corruption, but through blundering. The honest Judge is helpless. The honest lawyer is equally so. It may be his duty to his client to use the confused and inept procedure in his interest. The judiciary and the body of the bar are now united in pressing reform. With proper diligence it can be well advanced before adjournment.

THE CHANGING FASHIONS.

The warning has been sounded of a radical change in fashions in women's dress. Perhaps it would have come even if Queen MARY had not felt called upon to command the banishment of tight-fitting gowns at Court functions. All the changes have been rung in the revival of the outré modes which began with the French Directoire and were continued through the pseudo-Grecian revelry of the First Empire and the later Georgian styles in England. A revival of early Victorian fashions was nearly due, and Queen MARY has doubtless precipitated it. What the few women invited to the English Court cannot wear, for their best duds, the other Englishwomen will refuse to wear.

We do not prophesy the return of crinoline. We need not anticipate evils, and they come rapidly enough, but ample skirts, flounces, leg of mutton sleeves, are near at hand. Prunella gaiters may take the place of the suede shoes which have been so highly favored on wet and snowy days in our thoroughfares. Close-fitting bonnets may supersede the big hats. Single-button gloves and folding parasols may be revived.

Queen MARY's order destroys prevailing fashions. The commercial modemakers will build up new ones. Already Charlotte Corday collars and common-sense skirts are predicted by the Style Committee of the National Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers. But that prediction comes from Toledo, Ohio. Wait till we hear from Paris. "Common sense" will be quite disregarded in the styles they devise there. Never mind; the hobble can be well spared, the threatened trousers were impossible, and the women will be the same no matter what they wear.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Citizenship Made Hard to Get.

Aliens with the right and the desire to become American citizens have often complained—usually with reason—of the difficulties they encounter, the time they have to waste and the money they have to spend before they can get the precious "papers" that raise them to political equality with their neighbors. A letter just received presents a novel and interesting variant of the old grievance.

It is that of a man born in Germany who was taken by his parents when a boy to Argentina. There he grew up, and on attaining his majority was of course a citizen of that country as much as if he had been born in it. Ten years ago he came to this country, and seven years later, having realized that it was in part his duty and in part his privilege to be naturalized, he went with his witnesses before the County Clerk in Hudson County, N. J., to take the first steps toward the attainment of this laudable end. That official, having heard the facts in the case, decided that the alien would have to renounce his allegiance, not to Argentina, but to the German Emperor, and, assuming that the County Clerk knew his business, the would-be citizen of the United States did as he was told.

Two years passed and he went confidently before the United States Examiner to get his second papers. Having related his story again, he was ordered to do what he should have done in the first place—renounce allegiance to Argentina. Again he obeyed, but the Judge to whom he went to take the oath of new allegiance noted the discrepancy between the first and second proceedings, decided that the whole process was vitiated by it, and refused to administer the oath.

An appeal since made to the Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization in Washington has elicited only a curt note, saying that the Judge was right, and that the only thing to do was to take out new first papers and wait two years for them to ripen. The teller of this tale says that he is discouraged. He has better reason to be indignant that he should have to suffer for an official error, the immediate correction of which would be within the spirit of the law, however it may be as to the killing letter thereof. He has been forced to spend not a few dollars in fees, quite uselessly; he and his friends have lost a good many hours of time in waiting on the convenience of haughty clerks, and he is as far as ever from being an American citizen. Which comes pretty near the outrageous.

Charged with Cruelty to a Sick Girl.

When we took occasion, the other day, to make a few remarks about Dr. HYSLOP's new "medium" and the value he puts on her subconscious activities, we did it, of course, with the suavity and moderation which always mark our comments on spiritualism in particular and the mystical in general. For we know that Dr. HYSLOP is an able as well as an estimable investigator of these subjects, and we are humble enough, in spite of our vehement doubts as to the accuracy of such conclusions, or near-conclusions, as he has reached, to admit that his experience with "mediums" has been so prolonged and so wide that he has a right to speak of them with some authority.

Hence are we distinctly shocked to note the severity with which The New York Medical Journal speaks of his latest excursion into the Over There. Whatever else it may be, in this instance The Journal is not suave. It goes straight and fiercely to the admission of those whom it calls "the soi-disant experts on intermundane communication" that their "Miss Burton" is a victim of hysteria, and says that as such the one right thing for them to do is to put her in competent hands for curative treatment. Then we read:

> It seems to us to be of questionable legality to exploit the abnormal mentality of a patient of this kind, who requires above all else rest and repression, anything rather than the constant excitement of the absurd spiritualistic seance. Experiments of this kind lead nowhere, are grossly unscientific, even cruel and inhuman, and we believe it to be the duty of the relatives of the pseudonymous Miss Burton to rescue her from her present predicament and to place her where she may regain a normal, well-balanced mind and a healthy body.

Dr. HYSLOP and his medical assistants won't like that, but they will have some difficulty in clearing themselves of the expressed and implied charges here brought against them. They are put in the position of psycho-vivisectionists, with no great results achieved or reasonably expected as justification of what they are doing, and they are shown to be experimenting on a human being with as little regard for the ultimate effects upon their unfortunate "subject" as ever was shown by investigators who deal with dogs and guinea pigs. This view of their proceedings—and of all exploitation of hysteria not distinctly therapeutic—is quite new, so far as we are aware, and it seems to us likely, in time, to make serious trouble for not a few eminent mystics.

Informers Are Disliked.

One of the lawyers employed to defend the accused ironworkers out in Los Angeles shows the delicacy of his sensibilities by refusing to have anything to do with McMANIGLE. "I will handle no informer's matters for him," this lawyer is quoted as saying; "the other attorneys can do what they will."

Mr. HARRIMAN does not explain whether his horror of McMANIGLE is based on the conviction that the informer is lying or on the general principle that an effort to save one's guilty self from deserved punishment by the betrayal of one's associates in crime is the culmination of human baseness. Apparently he ignores the possibility that the informer may be what ORCHARD claimed to be—a man who has repented of his evil deeds and has determined, regardless of consequences to himself, to do what he can to serve society by telling the whole truth.

We do not understand that McMANIGLE makes any such claim, or that anybody makes it in his behalf, but that may come later. And it cannot be denied, or at least shouldn't be, that the informer does sometimes have a theoretically adequate excuse for betraying his accomplices and does occasionally perform real public services. There must be some good reason, however, for the instinctive detestation of the informer which we all feel, even when he tells the truth—a feeling out of which we find it impossible to argue ourselves. His act may be beneficial, in the abstract, but his motive is either obviously hideous or widely open to the suspicion of being so, and he can never prove it high or disinterested, even when the chance that it may be so exists.

The fact is that the world has decided that it could get along well enough without the assistance of informers, and it makes use of them with reluctance and nausea. Even honest detectives suffer in reputation and esteem because of the betraying of confidence they have to do in the course of their business, and that in spite of the unanimous admission of moralists that good faith need not be observed toward public enemies when it endangers public safety.

As for McMANIGLE, it is only fair to assume that the suddenly changed attitude of union labor toward him is due to a belief that he is lying, not to the fear that he is telling the truth.

JUVENILE CRIMINALS.

Thinks They Are Produced by the Public Schools.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Ex-Judge B. F. Conroy of New York City was recently interviewed at the Belvidere Hotel, Baltimore. He said:

"By far the highest per cent. of the crime done to-day in this country is the work of youthful malefactors. Mere boys in their teens are being haled into the criminal courts of our large cities in droves for the perpetration of the most desperate offenses against society.

"Highway robberies, daring hold-ups, and burglaries seem to have a peculiar fascination for these vicious youngsters, and the dread of a long penitentiary sentence seems to exercise no restraining effect. The basic trouble, of course, is in defective home-training, or, rather, in the want of all parental discipline. The abandoned and reckless boy is, in nine cases out of ten, the product of lax control at home. Our penitentiaries are full of men who were never taught to obey father or mother."

Any number of prominent men are expressing themselves on the above line, but they fail to take into account the glorious promises made by the public schools. These schools promised the honest and industrious citizen, and, for the purpose of giving them every opportunity, compulsory education has been inaugurated to take children from parents whether they wished it or not. Now that the schools have lamentably failed, and have actually produced the criminals, the results are thrown back upon the parents.

I say, give the parents the liberty to raise their children as they will before holding them responsible. Let compulsory education, child labor laws, and laws for allowing busybodies to intercept parents in the regulation of their children be abolished—and then let parents be held responsible, but not before.

Most parents would then be inclined to raise children in the good, old-fashioned way, in which the making of sissies was out of the question. Parents' word was in old times the child's law, and the birch was better than the present day reformatory. The 5,000,000 illiterate Southern mountaineers raise their children much in the line of our grandfathers, and, as a consequence, we hear of no such outbreaks of juvenile crime in that section as we do in the highly educated centres of Boston, New York, and Chicago. FRANCIS R. LIVESEY.

Clarkson, Md., April 23, 1911.

Police Commissioner as Petty Judge.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

One of the many reasons for the want of discipline among the rank and file of the New York police, against their superiors, is the old and pernicious habit of the extreme head of that force being obliged, by an old custom, to appear as Judge at petty trials of police offenders, and be compelled to make sentences of one or two days' pay. Why cannot all this be delegated either to some of the subordinate officials, or to a specially formed set of petty Judges, appointed by the Police Commissioner to try them? Think of the second greatest city in the world having to ask its Police Commissioner to sit before a room full of the rank and file, and hear each petty excuse, and then pass upon it! Is that dignified?

E. CHASSEAUD.

New York, April 24, 1911.

LAWS EXCLUDING ALIENS.

Thomas McCandless Says Herman Bernstein's Statements Are Not All Facts.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your last Sunday's issue appears a long article concerning an interview with one Herman Bernstein, which was published in The Jewish World on Saturday last. The interview is filled with cloudy and misleading generalities. He comments on President Taft's statement concerning the standard of admission, but omits to mention that on the same occasion, when addressing a delegation of representatives of the foreign press in America, who had come to petition him for the removal of Mr. Williams, the President expressed the fullest confidence in Mr. Williams and his administration.

He speaks of his talking with some deported aliens who were returning by the same ship. That they were displeased with their deportation is not to be wondered at, but their displeasure is not a valid criticism of the immigration laws. The medical examiners here are quite as expert as any to be found in Kieff, and certainly as disinterested and fair in their findings. The "rules of the Immigration Department," by which, I suppose, Mr. Bernstein means the immigration laws, are clear and unmistakable. A tailor, arriving during a strike in the tailoring industry, if afflicted with lameness would be deported, and justly, because his physical defect would hinder his earning a livelihood at another trade.

The one case which Mr. Bernstein cites by name—that of Schulem Ingber—can be and has been explained, at least to the satisfaction of that man's relatives or friends here. These friends, who had deposited this money for him, came over and withdrew it on the same day Ingber was deported. Had they desired, he need not have been deported penniless.

Commissioner Williams has just such power over his subordinates as the Civil Service Commission gives him. Among other things the Commissioner cannot do is to decide who shall or shall not be permitted to pledge their aid and support for the alien. That trachoma may be cured in three weeks would be interesting were it true. Unfortunately, it is not true. THOMAS McCANDLESS,

Representing the New York Protestant Episcopal City Mission on Ellis Island.

New York, April 25, 1911.

THE PHOTOPLAY.

It Has Achieved a Distinct Technique and Appeal to the Public.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Within the last month I have read items and editorials in practically all of the New York dailies in which the moving picture show was discussed, and in no case was the great merit and interest of the photoplay, in itself, given recognition. The attendant evils of the moving picture business have gained attention to the exclusion of the photoplay itself. Unless it be proposed to abolish the moving picture altogether, it is a mistake to give publicity only to the disagreeable features of the business. The making of the photoplay is a new art, as distinct in its technique and its appeal as the making of books and of stage plays are from each other. Its present influence for good is positive and its possibilities cannot adequately be forecast. It is entitled to as serious consideration as a medium of expression as any other art, and more, perhaps, because it is too new to have traditions and conscious technique to guide it.

It is because of this belief that I invite attention of THE TIMES to the moving picture shows which are given at the Educational Alliance every Tuesday and Saturday evening. Except for the assurance of decent management, these shows make no outward pretensions beyond those of the other picture theatres on the east side. If our audiences are being educated they at least are not made aware of it. What we do aim to do is to provide an opportunity for the better sort of photoplay to work out. We simply exercise care in the selection of films, choosing the ones which we consider at least harmless. For almost every performance we are able to obtain some film the beauty and appeal of which makes us bless the name of Edison for the invention of the cinematograph.

I shall never forget, for example, the picture of Tolstoy's funeral, which was a great feature in this neighborhood of Russian Jews. It may have been "faked" in part, but it was obviously taken in Russia, and the procession that followed the bier into the depths of the primeval forest in which the great man was buried looked as if it might be a pageant of the characters in his books. This, of course, was not one of the type of photoplays to which the films are always more strongly tending. An example of art in this direction might be made of a recent film entitled "Fisher Folk." It showed how a young fisherman married an inconspicuous little flower girl chiefly to spite his coquettish fiancee, and how the baby which came while he was away on a sea trip made him a true husband and father. A trifle mawkish in places and often too obviously done, it showed a marvelous power to build up big effects in a short time, which is the aim of the photoplay. And this thing is all done in silence! This new art is pantomime, but pantomime freed of many of the limitations of the conventional stage and subjected to the limitations of photography. It takes originality and intelligence to deal with inspiration in terms of an art with new capabilities and new limitations. Should we not then welcome any indications of mastery, and in the meantime be patient of shortcomings?

I have no doubt whatever that many sincere, well-informed people would be surprised to know that part of the moving picture shows, at least, are made up of such films as these I have mentioned. Many believe that only wild West pictures are manufactured. We seldom display a Western picture at the Alliance, and when we do we make sure that the reactions of the subject are harmless. And yet we have no difficulty in getting from 700 to 900 people to come to our Saturday night shows.

We should like to make our performances distinctly educational, but we find obstacles in two directions. In the first place, we do not have any means of compelling attendance such as schools might have, and therefore must invite our audiences by giving comedies and dramas which simply entertain. We use all of the scenic and industrial films that are issued, but these do not appear in sufficient numbers to enable us to make up three programmes. The other obstacle to the maintenance of a distinctly educational show is the fact that the film makers do not put out enough educational subjects. Their chief demand comes from ignorant nickel theatre proprietors, and they do not find it profitable to manufacture a great number of instructive films. Much of the trouble lies in the fact that the manufacturers do not understand what the educational moving picture show wants. It is not merely animated scenery or a picture of Hottentot dinner dance. It is such a moral drama, such a little thesis play as "The Red Cross Seal," which dwells on the war on the white plague, or the "Wedding Bell," which shows the danger of goods made in sweatshops. These films are all from the Edison studios, which, under Mr. Horace G. Plimpton, have made the most progress in this direction. In time, when every school has its cinematograph, there will be a field for the manufacture of purely didactic pictures, and geography, science, and history will gain in interest thereby. But for shows which invite their audience the theatre photoplay is the best that educators can hope for. This is why the Educational Alliance is content to limit its educational aims and considers its picture theatre mainly as a kind of salon for the exhibition of the better sort of photoplays. It is a New Theatre which complains of no lack of nature drama.

BOYD FISHER,
Entertainment Director, the Educational Alliance.

MAY SONG.

(Warbled while you wait.)

Watch me wrke a roundelay
All about the Merrie May.

O, the Merrie May is charming!
"Charming" fitteth in with "farming"—
Rustic love we sing to-day.

O, the Merrie May is jolly!
"Jolly" chimeth in with "Molly."
Singing down the orchard way.

O, the Merrie May is pleasant!
"Pleasant" gives the cue for "peasant,"
Handsome swain with ribbons gay.

O, the Merrie May is blissful!
"Blissful"—coin a rhyme, say "kissful"—
Swain to Moll the coin will pay.

Charming farming,
Jolly Molly,
Pleasant peasant,
Blissful, kissful:

Thus we round our roundelay,
All about the Merrie May.

F. MOXON.

CHARTER FRAMERS ANSWER CONTROLLER

His Power Restricted Only in Minor Matters, They Reply to Prendergast.

KEEPS LOGICAL FUNCTIONS

Taking of Bills More Than 30 Days Old Out of His Hands a Move for Economy, They Say.

A reply to Controller Prendergast's criticisms of changes in the administration of his office by the so-called Gaynor Charter was made public yesterday by the men who drew the Charter for the Mayor. It declared that all the more important functions of the Controller are left to him and that the bureaus and powers which are taken out of his control rightly belong elsewhere. They say:

"The Law Department's bill is identical with the Ivins Charter draft, in respect to the functions to be exercised by the Chamberlain as head of the new department of the City Treasury, except that it was deemed advisable to assign the onerous duties incident to the development of an adequate market system to a new department, namely, Markets, Weights and Measures.

"The proposed Charter does not provide that the other functions detached from the Controller's office shall be relegated to bureaus to be established in the Board of Estimate, as provided in the Ivins Charter bill, for the reason that the board is already overloaded with work and responsibility.

"The proposed Charter provides in Section 425 as follows:

> In case of the failure of the Controller to adjust and allow any claim filed with him within thirty days from the date of filing such claim with him, the claim and all accompanying papers shall be transmitted by the Controller to the Corporation Counsel, and thereafter the Corporation Counsel shall have exclusive jurisdiction over the investigation and settlement of said claim.

"The purpose of this provision is to require the Controller to make prompt audit of all accounts in order to save to the city the usual discount for cash payments, which are calculated upon the basis of a credit of thirty days. The city loses thousands of dollars annually because it does not deal with tradesmen upon a cash basis.

"While the present Controller has done much to expedite the payment of the current bills of the city, it is obvious that, unless an account is controverted and is, therefore, likely to become the subject of litigation, there is no reason why its payment should be delayed beyond the period within which the Controller is to have the power to pay the same. For these reasons, it is apparent the provision makes no radical change in the existing scheme of settlement of the ordinary liabilities of the city.

"In conclusion, it may be said that not only the most logical, but the most important, functions of the Controller, relating to the auditing of accounts, the control of the city's bookkeeping systems and the management of the city's stock and bond sales, are all left to the Finance Department, and in connection with the duties of the head of that department as a member of the Board of Estimate, as well as other important boards and commissions of the city, the Finance Department still remains one of the most vital and important and influential of the departments of the city."

TAFT AT PEACE CONGRESS.

Will Speak at Opening of Session on Wednesday at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 30.—The Third National Peace Congress will assemble here next Wednesday for a four days' session, under the auspices of the leading societies of America devoted to the settlement of international disputes by means other than war. President Taft will speak at the opening meeting.

On the programme of speakers with President Taft at the opening exercises, which will begin at 2 P. M. Wednesday, are Cardinal Gibbons, Hamilton Holt of New York, Dr. L. S. Rowe of the University of Pennsylvania, Andrew Carnegie, Benjamin F. Trueblood of Boston, Secretary of the American Peace Society, and William C. Dennis of Washington.

After the first day there will be three sessions daily, at which, among others, will be heard Baron d'Estournelles de Constant of France, Senator H. La Fontain of Belgium, Dr. Charles F. Thwing of Cleveland, President Western Reserve University; United States Senator T. E. Burton of Ohio, President American Peace Society; John W. Foster, former Secretary of State; Huntington Wilson, Assistant Secretary of State; Congressmen James A. Slayden of Texas and Richard Bartholdt of Missouri; John Barrett, Director General Pan-American Union; James Brown Scott, Secretary Carnegie Peace Fund; Dr. T. Iyenaga, Japanese Professor at Chicago University; Prof. P. D. Claxton, University of Tennessee; Edwin Ginn of Boston; Edwin D. Mead of Boston, Director of the World Peace Foundation; Talcott Williams of Philadelphia, editor Philadelphia Press; Prof. S. T. Dutton, Secretary of the New York Peace Society; Isaac Sharpless, President Haverford College; Mrs. Fannie Fern Andrews, Secretary American School Peace League; Dr. Lyman Abbott, editor of Outlook; Mrs. Belva Lockwood, Price Collier of New York, the Rev. Gilbert Read, International Institute of China; Samuel P. Brooks, President Baylor University, Waco, Texas.

It is expected that the Third National Peace Congress will bring the Southern States more definitely into the movement, and that at a later day the Pacific Coast, which is now being organized by the American Peace Society, will have either a National or an International Peace Congress for the purpose of awakening deeper interest in the movement there.

The following-named organizations will co-operate in the congress: American Peace Society, New York Peace Society, Carnegie Peace Fund, Chicago Peace Society, Buffalo Peace Society, Connecticut Peace Society, World Peace Foundation, Peace Society of Southern California, American Society for Judicial Settlement of International Disputes, Maryland Peace Society, National Association for Arbitration, Washington Peace Society, American Academy of Political and Social Science.

OLD DE PEYSTER HOUSE GONE

Historic Home of Col. de Peyster Gives Way to the March of Progress.

An old wooden building at 116 East Broadway, said to have been the home of Col. Abraham de Peyster 135 years ago, and mentioned as the next oldest building, after Frances's Tavern, on the east side, was in process of demolition yesterday, and in a couple of days will have entirely disappeared. Miss Catherine de Peyster, a descendant of Col. de Peyster, died about six months ago and left considerable property, in which this was included, in the hands of the Cruikshank Real Estate Company.

This company will erect a loft building on this site, and began the work of demolition on Saturday. When Col. de Peyster lived in the house it was a one-story cottage. A second story and attic were added about seventy years ago, it is said.

For many years the building has been used as a saloon, although for a time a bakery held forth there. "Pop" Walsh has been a picturesque figure in the history of the saloon, and he remembers many details concerning the old house. According to him it was the birthplace of Senator Allison, and in later days, when it was a saloon, it was a favorite resort for the Tweed gang.

WEATHER MAN ALOFT, COULDN'T GET DOWN

Forecaster Scarr, Left on the 29th Floor of His New Quarters, Called the Police.

ELEVATORS QUIT RUNNING

His Shouts Down the Shaft Answered by Echoes—Caught in the Rain He Had Predicted.

After being imprisoned on the twenty-ninth floor of the Whitehall Building, 17 Battery Place, on their first day of occupancy of the Weather Bureau's new suite of offices, Chief Weather Forecaster James Henry Scarr, his first assistant, Charles Dana Reed, and second assistant, G. S. Lingrin, were rescued yesterday by the police of Harbor Precinct A.

The lease of the new offices will really become effective to-day, but the moving process from the old offices at 160 Broadway has been going on for several days, and Forecaster Scarr and his assistants thought it best to be present yesterday at the installation of the sensitive apparatus for ascertaining weather conditions.

At about 4:30 P. M. the carpenters were dismissed. Shortly after that Mr. Scarr and his assistants decided that they would go also. One of the assistants pushed the elevator button several times, but the cables remained motionless. Then he pushed all the other buttons of all the elevator shafts, and got no response from any of them. Appealingly he applied to his chief for orders.

"Yell down the shaft, and tell them to send up a car," said the Forecaster, who is a big man with a big voice. There began a series of yells which rumbled in the empty shafts, and reverberated until lost in the narrow confines of their trip downward. The Forecaster himself took part in this method of attracting attention, placing his hands to his mouth in the shape of a megaphone and yelling at the top of his voice. He soon resigned in favor of his assistants.

While his assistants kept up the howls for help, he rattled the iron gratings of the sliding doors, which must have frightened mice if there were any in the vicinity, but never got to the ears of the uniformed elevator operators. It was then after 5 o'clock.

"I simply must get home," said Mr. Scarr in desperation. "It will rain hard at 5:30 o'clock, I am positive, and I have neither umbrella nor raincoat. What will people say if they find out that the Weather Man was caught in a shower which any one could have predicted?"

"I know where the steps are. Do you want to walk down?" suggested his first assistant. "It's only twenty-nine stories."

"Not if I have to stay up here all night. Haven't I just got out of bed? Not me; they'll help me down from here or I'll know why. It seems strange to me that elevator bells shouldn't ring on Sunday."

The good-natured assistants decided to stay with their superior, and one of them went back into the offices to see if there was any better prospect than "showers to-night and to-morrow." The other waited on the outside so as to hail any car which might accidentally be manoeuvring in the tall shafts.

The telephone suggested rescue. There were other offices on the ground floor, as well as a public telephone station, and public telephones just across the way. If somebody could be telephoned to for help, it would be only a matter of a few minutes before a car could be sent to the twenty-ninth floor. But none of the listed telephones responded, and the forecaster was reminded that it was Sunday, and that nothing stirred in the whole downtown district. In despair he called up a telegraph company and asked how long it would take to deliver a message to the elevator boy below. They told him it would take at least forty-five minutes, and the forecaster hung up the receiver in disgust.

"Surely the police can't refuse to help us, or shall I appeal to the Fire Department?" he asked.

When Mr. Scarr explained to the police the situation, there seemed to be some doubt as to the sincerity of the appeal, and the telephone operator said that the police did not have jurisdiction in such matters, and referred the forecaster to the Department of Buildings.

"But I'm up here, and I want to get down, and I can't make the elevator man hear me. What are you going to do about it?"

"Why don't you 'hoof' it down?" suggested the operator.

"Confound you!" roared the Weather Man. "I tell you I can't walk down twenty-nine stories, and I won't! Please send a man from the nearest police station and tell him to tell the elevator man to run his car to my office." He gave his full name and telephone number and hung up the receiver.

In fifteen minutes a car bearing a policeman from Harbor A Squad made its appearance.

"What's all the trouble up here?" he asked, and Mr. Scarr was not slow in explaining things to him.

When the elevator reached the ground floor the Weather Man gave the elevator operators a lecture on duty. One of them said that he thought he heard a signal once, but guessed that he was mistaken. Outside the rain was coming down heavily. Mr. Scarr turned up his coat collar and fled to the nearest Subway entrance.

BRIDE, ILL, DELAYS WEDDING.

Ceremony for Miss Stearns and Mr. Stevens Has to be Postponed Two Weeks.

The marriage of Alice Anita, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Stearns of 323 West Seventy-sixth Street, and Wells Merrick Stevens has been temporarily postponed, owing to the illness of Miss Stearns.

The wedding was to have taken place Wednesday, May 3, in St. Joseph's Church, Stuyvesant Square. The illness of Miss Stearns is not dangerous, and it now is expected the ceremony will take place within two weeks.

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Dress your food with Chiris Olive Oil or take a tablespoonful three times a day before meals, and you will soon notice a vast improvement in your health. Chiris is the pure, virgin oil pressed from selected French olives and imported in original bottles.
Send 10 cents for a trial bottle and our Salad Book, containing 75 of the latest salad recipes. Where dealers cannot supply Chiris, order direct.
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OLIVE OIL

GIBBONS JUBILEE OPENS.

Anniversary of His Elevation to the Cardinalate to be Celebrated.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 30.—The first of the Nation-wide observances of the golden jubilee of Cardinal Gibbons's ordination to the priesthood and of the twenty-fifth anniversary of his elevation to the Cardinalate took place here to-day in Immaculate Conception Church.

The Cardinal presided and delivered a brief sermon. Solemn high mass was celebrated by the Rev. E. J. Quinn of Brooklyn, N. Y. The congregation contributed over $1,000 to the fund for the erection of the Cardinal Gibbons Memorial Hall at the Catholic University in Washington. From to-day until late in the Fall observances of the dual anniversary will be held in every church of the Baltimore Archdiocese, and on a certain day in October all Catholic churches in the United States will unite in a celebration in the Cardinal's honor.

Cardinal Gibbons was ordained a priest on June 30, 1861, and on the same day twenty-five years ago was elevated to the Sacred College of Pope Leo XII. He will be 77 years old on July 23 next.

Cardinal Gibbons to-day expressed his disapproval of the proposition of Episcopalian ministers to shorten the Ten Commandments. The Cardinal's displeasure was forcibly expressed while addressing a body of confirmants in Immaculate Conception Catholic Church this morning. The Cardinal, in referring to the proposition, incidentally said:

"What a horrible thing to undertake to lay hands on God's commandments! We must not dare to change one iota of God's word."

NEAR AGREEMENT ON KOENIG.

Col. Gruber, After Seeing Barnes, Decides to be Harmonious.

Unless unexpected opposition develops, ex-Secretary of State Samuel S. Koenig will be elected President of the Republican County Committee at the meeting of the committee on Tuesday evening. State Chairman William Barnes, Jr., conferred yesterday with Col. Abraham Gruber, who at the meeting of the Executive Committee on Saturday led the opposition against putting Koenig in the place which Lloyd C. Griscom resigned, and afterward it was said that Mr. Gruber had decided to withdraw his opposition in the interest of harmony. Several members of the Executive Committee are still opposed to Mr. Koenig, however.

It was explained yesterday by friends of Mr. Griscom that if the matter comes to a vote on Tuesday night Mr. Koenig will win easily. It was said yesterday that Mr. Barnes in his talk with Col. Gruber counseled harmony.

"Mr. Koenig is sure to win," said a friend of the former Secretary of State. "There was some opposition at first, but it has been about all smoothed out. When, at Saturday's meeting, it was voted 17 to 15 to adjourn at the request of Mr. Gruber, the vote had no significance. Some of the members thought that we were trying to hurry things through, and they suspected a trick, but it was later explained that we had no sinister object in electing a successor to Mr. Griscom at that time.

"Several of the members who voted for an adjournment have since informed Mr. Koenig that they will vote for him on Tuesday. It is very likely that Mr. Koenig will be elected unanimously, but if it comes to a fight the vote will be 23 to 12 in Mr. Koenig's favor."

Mr. Griscom said last night that he felt sure that Mr. Koenig would be elected.

"Everything seems to be shaping toward harmony," said Mr. Griscom. "We do not look for any fight on Tuesday. I am confident that Mr. Koenig will be chosen as my successor."

TO HOSPITAL MILE A MINUTE.

Child Run Down by an Auto Is Whisked Away at High Speed.

Five-year-old Esther Mayer, daughter of the Rev. Hyman Mayer of 543 Boulevard, Rockaway Beach, was knocked down by an automobile yesterday afternoon near her home, the mudguard of the machine striking her head. There were several women in the car, but they seemed too excited to know what to do, and Policeman Raeburn was holding the little girl in his arms and hailing for an ambulance from St. Joseph's Hospital at Far Rockaway, six and a half miles away, when Alderman Samuel Marx of Manhattan came along in his automobile.

Marx invited the policeman into his car and then ordered his chauffeur to make full speed to the hospital. With Raeburn signaling to policemen along the way not to molest them, the autoists made the six miles and a half in six and a half minutes, reaching the hospital before the ambulance had got three blocks on its long run to Rockaway Beach.

The surgeons said the child had concussion of the brain and internal injuries and probably would die. The occupants of the car that struck the child were taken to the Rockaway Beach Police Station, where their names were taken. They were Mrs. Charles Schaeffer, Jr., of 851 Stuyvesant Avenue, Brooklyn; her mother, Mrs. Frederick C. Feldhus; her sister-in-law, Miss Louise Schaeffer, and a friend, Mrs. Adolph Eckhardt. The chauffeur was Paul Fuchs. Mr. Mayer went to the station, too. He was crying, and Mrs. Feldaus remarked to him:

"You know there are altogether too many children in the streets, anyway."

"There may be too many for the convenience of you joy riders," responded Mr. Mayer, bitterly, as he lodged a complaint against the party. They were allowed to go after giving their names.

AUTO CRASHES INJURE 7.

Boy Not Expected to Recover and Motorcycle Policeman May Die.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., April 30.—As the result of two automobile accidents here to-day, one the skidding of a car into a telegraph pole and the other the collision of a motor cycle and an automobile, seven Yonkers residents are in the hospital suffering from severe injuries, and Charles Marsden, a ten-year-old boy, is dying with a fractured skull.

His mother, Mrs. Alice Marsden, is suffering from a compound fracture of the hip; Ernest Cokefair, who was driving the car, has a severely injured arm and possible internal injuries; Grace Cokefair, 8 years old, has a broken arm; William Marsden, 9 years old, is badly bruised, and Mrs. Ernest Cokefair has severe injuries to the spine.

Cokefair was driving his auto on the Boston Post Road, near the Hartsdale line, about 6 o'clock. In attempting to turn out from the trolley tracks the heavy machine skidded on the slippery rails and crashed into a telephone pole, crushing the front of the car and pinning young Marsden between the seat and the pole. The entire front of the car was wrecked, and the front seat was jammed back on those in the rear seat.

George Cashin, a Yonkers policeman, who was riding a motor cycle in Mamaroneck Avenue at 2 P. M., crashed into the rear of an automobile owned by William Barrett and driven by George Webster, wrecking the motor cycle and severely injuring the policeman. He was attended at the White Plains Hospital, and later he was sent to his home in Yonkers in an ambulance. He has slight chance for recovery.

AUTO COLLIDES WITH CAR.

Three Women Are Slightly Cut by Glass in Brooklyn.

Three women were injured yesterday in a collision between an automobile and a Crosstown B. R. T. car at Pearl and Willoughby Streets, Brooklyn. Two in the auto—Annie Levine of 30 Pike Street and May Cohen of 20 Suffolk Street, Manhattan—were cut by glass from the car windows, which were smashed. The other woman, Mrs. Antoinette Morse of 27 President Street, Brooklyn, was in the car. She was cut by glass. All were attended by Ambulance Surgeon Blaber of the Long Island College Hospital.

The automobile, owned by Joseph Klopper of 390 East Fifteenth Street, Manhattan, was operated by John Gleason, a chauffeur. It was bound for Manhattan though Pearl Street when it struck the car.

Birthday Party for Hazel Guggenheim.

Mrs. Benjamin Guggenheim gave a children's party yesterday in the St. Regis in honor of her daughter Hazel's eighth birthday. She was dressed as a gypsy and her older sister, Margaret, as Little Bo-Peep. Florence Leopold came in Oriental costume and Susie Seligman as Buster Brown. Thirty girls were present and enjoyed themselves with games and dances.

CLUB RULE BROKEN FOR THE GERRY BABY

No Children Allowed Until Its Parents Refused to Stay—Has Special House Now.

VIRGINIA NEIGHBORS KINDER

Let the Orange Huntsmen Chase the Fox at Will Since the Baby Was Taken In.

Special to The New York Times.

THE PLAINS, Va., April 30.—The Orange County Hunt Club, comprising less than a dozen Northern millionaires, who a few years ago pitched their tents among the F. F. Vs. of Fauquier County, Virginia, to find themselves the most unwelcome and unpopular residents of a State famed throughout the world for its hospitality, has at last won the esteem of this Southern stronghold. And why? All because of a baby, and the baby's mother.

That all the world loves a baby, even the most hardened of bachelors admit, at times. In Virginia, where family life is on an old-fashioned plane, the possession of a baby is an evidence of good faith and human kindness that does much to predispose the gentry of Fauquier and Loudon Counties to this particular baby's young parents, who are Mr. and Mrs. Robert Livingston Gerry of New York, Newport, Arden, and the Orange County Hunt Club.

When the father of Mrs. Gerry, the late E. H. Harriman, August Belmont, and R. J. Townsed established a happy hunting ground in the Virginia mountains with a commodious clubhouse at the railway station of The Plains, that they might enjoy fox hunting in great seclusion, the rules of the club declared with emphasis, "No children allowed."

The Harriman, Belmont, and Townsend children were then beyond the nursery age. The remaining members of the club were bachelors.

One of the latter, Robert Livingston Gerry, a few years ago married Miss Cornelia Harriman. Hence the small Gerry's presence, if not exactly in the hunting field, in the neighborhood thereof. Some persons thought this particular infant might be considered entitled to a place by the club fireside, but Mr. Townsend, who succeeded Mr. Harriman as President, said no.

Mr. Gerry, who, like his brother Peter, finds the Virginia mountains an attractive Winter resort, and would rather any day lead the simple life at The Plains than lead a cotillion, refused to come to the club without his wife, and she refused to come without the baby. Mr. Townsend and the committee remaining obdurate, the resourceful Mrs. Gerry, after failing to rent or buy a house in the village, conceived the idea of building one in the club grounds.

The latter being small, accommodations were asked only for Baby Gerry and nurse, with the structure of the portable kind, easily removable at any time. To this the club President gave a reluctant consent and the "baby house," as the entire population of The Plains describes the infant's abode, is very close to the club porch and always under the immediate supervision of Mr. and Mrs. Gerry, who continue to live in the club.

The baby house is a frame affair, with day nursery on the ground floor and small kitchen and a large nursery above, all at some time of day flooded with sunshine and fanned by the breezes from the foothills of the Alleghanies.

The local plumber doubled his season's income by equipping the baby house with everything needful or desired, this temporary home of the youthful New Yorker being in every way as comfortable and convenient as the deserted nursery in New York or at Arden.

The Virginians feel that a young, wealthy, and fashionable woman, who loves her husband and her baby too well to be separated from either of them, even for a few weeks at a time, is after all the old-fashioned wife and mother of their traditions. An example of natural affection the entire Orange County Hunt owes the fact that thousands of acres through this historic region of Virginia are now open to their hounds and horses, and that they may chase the fox practically wherever the fox may turn without meeting the obnoxious notices that formerly barred their way.

Even the scion of colonial family who posted the acres inherited through many generations with such couplets as, "He who rides into my wheat is very apt to come out beat" has relented sufficiently to remove the couplets, which were numerous and conspicuous. It is said that he also intends to remove this sign, proclaimed in glaring letters on the gate of his best farm: "They who ride into my oats will find their teeth knocked down their throats."

The little Episcopal church of the village, where all the countryside worship, was at Easter decorated in the greatest profusion The Plains has ever known, Mrs. Robert Gerry having the flowers sent from New York, whence comes everything used in the clubhouse, from flowers to decorate the dinner table to the beefsteaks for a hunt breakfast.

COCKS'S QUAKER MARRIAGE.

Roosevelt Present at Congressman's Wedding In Friends Meeting House.

The marriage of William W. Cocks, former Congressman from the First District, which includes Oyster Bay, to Miss Jessie F. Wright of Flushing, L. I., on Saturday, was solemnized according to the Quaker custom in the old Friends Meeting House in Rutherford Place.

At one side of the platform in front were the bridal couple, and back of them sat W. Burling Cocks, the bridegroom's uncle, and F. Cocks Hicks, the bridegroom's brother. On the other side sat the committee appointed by the Society of Friends to preside at the wedding. At 3 o'clock the bridal couple arose, and, joining hands, said the words which made them man and wife. Miss Amy Willets of Jericho, L. I., read the certificate prescribed by the Quakers to be read at weddings, in which it was recited that the couple had laid their intentions to marry before the Westbury monthly meeting of the Society of Friends and had received the consent of surviving relatives and of the meeting. The guests were invited to sign their names to the certificate.

Among those present were Col. and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, William Loeb, Jr., Charles S. Bennet, Clerk of the United States Senate, and William S. Bennet.

APRIL BROKE NO RECORDS.

Ten Rainy Days, but That Is Normal for the "Month of Showers."

April, though extremely variable in temperature, broke no weather records, according to Forecaster Scarr of the United States Weather Bureau. The temperature of the second day in the month fell to 24, within four degrees of the record for April within the last forty years. On April 18, 1874, the thermometer fell to 20. The average is 48.1.

"Most people complained of the unusual cold weather this month," said Forecaster Scarr, "but they really got a happy medium. We had two long cool spells and two warm spells, and are now winding up with this moderately cool May which I should call just about average. The highest temperature recorded was on the 28th, when the thermometer recorded 78.

"In fact, on the average, April was about the best behaved month we have had for a long time. The rainfall was 3 inches at sundown, and with the rain to-night will just about reach the average rainfall for April, which is 3.3 inches. Back in 1874 we had 7.2 inches, but that was most unusual. In 1881 it fell as low as one inch. There were ten rainy days in the month, and this, too, is quite in line with the average for the 'month of showers.' There were two days of snow, and that, of course, was unusual, but does not constitute any particular phenomenon."

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CHICAGO THEATRE FOR COHAN

New York Managers Negotiating with John Cort for Sale of Stock.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 30.—George M. Cohan and Samuel Harris of the New York Theatrical firm of Cohan & Harris have obtained from John Cort of Seattle an option on the Cort Theatre in this city.

The two managers arrived on Saturday, when the negotiations were immediately opened. The option expires Tuesday, and under its terms all of the stock owned by John Cort, amounting to $60,000, will be taken over by the New York firm. Before the expiration of the option the New York managers will decide whether to build a new theatre here for their own attractions or to utilize one already established.

Mr. Cort's interest in the theatre is 40 per cent. H. H. Frazee is the other principal stockholder. It is not believed that Frazee will sell his interest in the theatre.

There is a probability, however, of a silent partner selling his share to the New York managers, thus giving them control. By acquiring the Cort property, Cohan & Harris will have made the second step in their plans to enter the producers' ranks on a large scale. They own and control the George M. Cohan Theatre in New York, and it is understood that they hope to launch similar enterprises in Chicago, Boston, and Philadelphia.

FRIARS' FROLIC TO TOUR.

Will Travel in Their Own Special, Going as Far West as St. Louis.

Plans have been completed for the tour of the "Friars' Frolic," to begin with a performance at the New Amsterdam Theatre on Sunday evening, May 28. The tour this year is a departure from the Friars' annual efforts in the past, when a single performance here for the benefit of the building fund of the club was the only public function of the organization.

The tour will be under the direction of A. L. Erlanger, who will have for his assistants George M. Cohan as general stage manager and John Murray, Sam Harris, R. H. Burnside, Mike Simons, John W. Rumsay, George W. Sammis, Jerome Siegel, and Bruce Edwards. The performers will include Mr. Cohan, William Collier, Lew Fields, Joe Weber, Raymond Hitchcock, Henry E. Dixey, George Evans, Nat Wills, Lew Dockstader, George H. Primrose, Emmett Corrigan, John Barrymore, Jerry J. Cohan, Carter De Haven, Gus Edwards, Andrew Mack, Eddie Foy, George Beban, William Rock, Harry Kelly, Tully Marshall, and Fred Niblo. The performance will consist of a minstrel first part, an olio, and an afterpiece, written by George M. Cohan.

The traveling arrangements include six sleepers, two dining cars, one buffet car, and two baggage cars. They will visit Atlantic City, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Pittsburg, Cleveland, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Chicago, Detroit, Buffalo, Rochester, and Boston, winding up with a second performance at the New Amsterdam Theatre here.

WAGE-EARNERS' CONCERT.

League Will Give Another in Carnegie Hall at Cheap Rates.

The Wage Earners' Theatre League announces another concert to be given at cheap rates, as a result of the success of the recent experience of the League with the Philharmonic Orchestra. This concert, which is to be given on Sunday evening, May 21, at Carnegie Hall, will enlist as its chief feature David Bispham, who will sing songs in German and English and recite "King Robert of Sicily," with Rossiter Cole's incidental music, played on the organ.

The assisting artists will be Leo Orstein, the young pianist; Maurice Nitké, and Max Dolin, two young violinists who are popular with the people of the east side.

The concert has been scheduled for the evening of Sunday, May 21, instead of the afternoon, in order that it may not conflict with any outdoor pleasures that the people might have in case of pleasant weather. The announcement of a notable concert for a date so late in the Spring is practically without precedent. However, Julius Hopp, Director of the Wage Earners' League, through whose efforts the concert has been arranged, is of the opinion that such entertainments can be continued throughout the Summer.

Children to Aid Playgrounds.

The children of Greenwich House will give plays and dances at the Waldorf-Astoria on Thursday afternoon, May 18, in aid of the Summer playground work of that settlement. Classes in singing, folk dancing, and dramatic expression are held throughout the year, and the plays are simply a résumé of the work of these classes. Last year Greenwich House bought additional property and tore down an old house, making a small playground, which is in constant use by about 200 children. Last year the children's entertainment raised enough money to maintain this playground and to send many children to the beaches and to the country. Tickets for the entertainment are $1 each, and may be had from Mrs. John T. Pratt, 11 East Sixty-first Street, and Miss Katharine Lord, Greenwich House, 26 Jones Street, and at the Waldorf.

Corse Payton's Company at the Grand.

Corse Payton will begin his stock season at the Grand Opera House next Monday, May 8, with "Sweet Kitty Bellairs" as the opening bill. Mr. Payton's company will include Minna Phillips, Grace Fox, Charlotte Wade Daniels, Ethel Milton, Claude Payton, William A. Mortimer, George Storrs Fisher, Lee Sterrett, Joseph Girard, Charles Greer, Richard Vanderbilt, Clifford C. Stork, and Everett Murray. Daily matinees will be given, and on Friday afternoons the members of the company will hold a reception on the stage. Band concerts will be given in the lobby of the theatre half an hour before each performance.

Volunteers for Woman's League Show.

Rehearsals for the Professional Woman's League minstrel show to be given at the Hudson Theatre on May 9 are well under way. In addition to the members of the league, some of the prominent players who have volunteered to appear in the second part of the show are John Mason, Crystal Herne, Vincent Serrano, John Flood, Walter Hale, Amelia Gardner, Gail Kane, Raymond Hackett, Ralph Herz and company, Elsie Janis, Nora Bayes, and Jack Norworth, Maggie Cline, Cliff Gordon, Emma Carus, Francesco Redding, Ethel Levey, and Miss Bertie Heron.

Benefit for Stage Children.

A performance for the benefit of the Stage Children's Fund was given at the Broadway Theatre last night before a large audience. Prominent musical comedy and dramatic stars and well-known vaudeville performers furnished the programme. The proceeds will be used toward maintaining a vacation Summer home at Bensonhurst.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

One of the features of the matinee to be given by Adeline Genee in Carnegie Hall on Thursday afternoon will be Nahan Franko's orchestra, which will play, for the first time in New York, the score of "Rosenkavalier," the new Viennese operetta.

B. Ray Goetz, who wrote the lyrics for "Tillie's Nightmare" and "The Summer Widowers," has been engaged by Ned Wayburn to do the same office for his new musical play, "Eleven-Forty-Five," which will be produced in the Fall. Mr. Wayburn wrote the music himself.

Arthur Hammerstein has engaged Harry Tayor, a leading tenor of the Aborn Opera Company, to sing Orville Harold's role of Capt. Richard Warrington in "Naughty Marietta" next season, as Mlle. Emma Trentini's chief support.

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MAN-A-CEA WATER
A Natural Mineral Spring Water.
(Not a Laxative Water.)
It rarely, if ever, fails to immediately promote good digestion. Send for Booklet.
Acker, Merrall & Condit Co.
and all First-Class Druggists and Grocers, or MANACEA WATER CO., 15 Stone St., N. Y.

NEW FRANKFORT UNIVERSITY.

Fund Left by Mrs. Speyer Has Been Added To, and Plans Now Are Complete.

Word has been received from Frankfort-on-the-Main that a university is to be founded there. The first mention of this project was heard a few years ago, at the time of the death of Mrs. Speyer, widow of the founder of the International banking house, who left a large sum for educational purposes. The Speyer foundation will not now be used in the establishment of the university.

According to information received by The New York Medical Journal, the university is planned to have three faculties, legal, philosophical, and medical, incorporating societies which exist at present, such as the Senckenberg Institute, the Academy for Social and Business Sciences, the Physical Society, the Speyer, and the Th. Stern foundations.

"As the city has quite a number of hospitals," says the announcement, "there is only left for the medical faculty to create an anatomical and physiological institute. It is intended to open the university for the Summer semester of 1914. In the report it is stated that the finances of the new university lack but $125,000 more, with an additional annual expense of $40,000. All this money will be received in donations, thus following the example of the rich American universities.

"While in former years, in Europe, universities were founded by ruling Princes and by Governments, the Frankfort institution will have the distinction of being the first opened by a private citizen and supported without any Governmental aid whatever; a proud distinction.

"Although for quite a number of years rumors have been circulated that the city of Hamburg had the intention of opening a university, and although that city also is well endowed with medical and business institutions and its leading citizens certainly are as wealthy and as charitable as the citizens of Frankfort, this project seems to have been abandoned."

MRS. G. W. STODDART DEAD.

Last Appeared on the Stage Ten Years Ago with Nell Burgess.

Mrs. George W. Stoddart, widow of George W. Stoddart, an actor and sister-in-law of J. H. Stoddart, is dead at the home of her grandson, Nell Burgess, Jr., at 177 West Ninety-fifth Street. She was 79 years old.

Mrs. Stoddart came to this country in the forties with a company of Viennese dancers. She returned to England soon after, however, and there she married Mr. Stoddart, coming back to this country with him in the fifties. She was at one time a member of the old Boston Museum stock company, and later a member of Mrs. Drew's Arch Street company in Philadelphia.

Her last appearance on the stage was about ten years ago, when she appeared with the late Nell Burgess, her son-in-law, in "A Daughter of the Revolution."

OLD CUSTOMS MAN DIES.

A. C. Longstreet Had Been In the Port Surveyor's Office 44 Years.

Archibald Craig Longstreet, for forty-four years in the office of the Surveyor of the Port, died yesterday of pneumonia in his home, 140 West Fifty-seventh Street. He was 74 years old. He was born in Englishtown, Aug. 12, 1837. As a boy he came to New York with his father, Samuel, who had purchased big tracts of land from Sixteenth Street up to Thirty-third Street, which then was being developed for residential purposes.

After being graduated from school in Hudson, N. Y., Mr. Longstreet entered the firm of A. T. Stewart & Co., but soon afterward was appointed to the customs by Roscoe Conkling. He married Mary Jane Dilkes, a daughter of Inspector George W. Dilkes of the New York Police Department.

Obituary Notes.

Prof. CHARLES B. BOSS, for fourteen years Principal of the Broadway school, Hackensack, died in his home at Leonia, last night, following a stroke of apoplexy. Prof. Boss, who was 60 years old, was a widower when he married Julia Demott, one of his teachers, last June. The funeral services will be held Tuesday afternoon, the body being taken to his former home, Sherburne, N. Y., for burial.

KALMAN JACOBY of Atlantic City, died suddenly of heart disease yesterday. He was 78 years old, and went to Atlantic City from Vienna, in 1880. Mr. Jacoby was apparently in the best of health and spirits, and after dinner was in his sitting room, with his adult children about him. Suddenly he groaned and fell sidewise. A daughter caught him in her arms. When a physician arrived he said death had been instantaneous.

ROSWELL C. WILSON, Keeper of the Auburn prison, from 1865 to 1868, died in Lockport, N. Y., on Saturday, at the age of 69 years. For many years Mr. Wilson had been President of The Review Printing and Publishing Company, publishers of The Lockport Review.

ANTONIO REYES of the firm of Reyes Bros. & Co., bankers and commission merchants, 80 Wall Street, died in Havana, Cuba, on Friday of old age. Mr. Reyes was in active business, and the trip to Cuba was on the firm's business. He was born in Barcelona, Spain, and came to this country in 1859. He was a member of the Produce and Maritime Exchanges.

Sir C. A. PELLETIER, Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Quebec, died in Quebec on Saturday of a lingering illness. He had been President of the Canadian Senate and a Cabinet Minister. He was well known in the United States, having lived in Virginia and Atlantic City.

JEREMIAH A. NORTH, for more than thirty years a member of the firm of Bertram Bros., commission merchants, 62 Pearl Street, Manhattan, died yesteray at his home in Sea Cliff, L. I., from a complication of diseases. He was 61 years old. He formerly resided in Madison Street, near Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn. He was a member of the New York Produce Exchange.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

GOLDSTEIN.—April 29, 218 West 112th St., to Mr. and Mrs. A. Goldstein, a daughter.
HOPP.—April 25, 1,907 Arthur Av., to Mr. and Mrs. P. Hopp, a son.
WILSON.—April 28, 251 West 81st St., to Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Wilson, a son.

Married.

BOYNTON—BERRY.—At Saratoga Springs, N. Y., on Saturday, April 29, 1911, by the Rev. Joseph Carey, D. D., Nathalie, daughter of the late Nathaniel and Catherine V. R. Berry, to Theodore Vernon Boynton, Albany, N. Y. Washington, D. C., and Paris, France, papers please copy.
HAYES—HUNTINGTON.—On Saturday, April 29, 1911, at the Collegiate Church of Saint Nicholas, New York, by the Rev. Malcolm James MacLeod, Effe Knox, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Van Vechten Huntington, to Frank Anderson Hayes.
SAMSON—MURRAY.—Carrie Murray to Harry Samson, April 27, 1911.
TUCKER—AVERY.—On Saturday, April 29, 1911, in the chapel of the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas, New York, by the Rev. Edward B. Coe, D. D., Helen Fowler, daughter of the late Henry Newell Avery, M. D., of Minneapolis, Minn., to Luther Henry Tucker, Jr., of Albany.

CRIST—SLACK.—April 28, Katherine A. Slack to Harris M. C. Crist.
DRYFOOS—NECARSULMER.—April 27, Helena Necarsulmer to Mortimer H. Dryfoos.
GOLDEN—HOFFMAN.—April 27, Kate Hoffman to Archer Golden.
SAMSON—MURRAY.—April 27, Caroline Murray to Harry Samson.
STERZELBACH—WERTHEIMER.—April 28, Stella Wertheimer to Herbert A. Sterzelbach.
STETSON—BEARDALL.—April 24, Harriet V. Beardall to George H. Stetson.

Brooklyn.

ALLAN—WELLING.—April 26, Maude M. Welling to George W. Allan.
JACOBS—GUNST.—April 26, Helen Jacobs to Melville A. Gunst.
JONES—DEMPSEY.—April 26, Lucille J. Dempsey to Robert P. Jones.
MOLER—HETSCH.—April 29, Lulu R. Hetsch to Walter H. Moler.

Died.

AYMAR.—On Sunday, April 30, 1911, Katherine Aymar, widow of the late James Keen Aymar. Funeral services at her late residence, 420 West 144th Street, on Tuesday, May 2, at 4:30 P. M.
AVERY.—At the residence of her son, Hartford, Conn., of pneumonia, on April 29, 1911, Mary Orden, wife of the late Samuel P. Avery of New York, in the 86th year of her age. Services at 61 Woodland St., on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment in Greenwood Cemetery at convenience of the family on Tuesday.
BAIRD.—On Saturday, April 29, 1911, at Liberty, N. Y., Raimond Duy, son of William Raimond and Jennie G. Baird, aged 23 years. Funeral service from his late residence, 63 West 88d St., on Tuesday afternoon, May 2, at 2 o'clock. Interment at the convenience of the family.

WATERS PIANOS
Horace Waters & Co.
invite you to hear and examine the new model 1911 *Waters Pianos*, also to compare the very moderate *Waters Prices* with those of other pianos in the same high class.
If you are a judge of piano quality and of real piano values you will be convinced that the *Waters* is the most attractive piano proposition it is possible to offer.
Style A—Waters Upright
is a marvel of sweetness and beauty in tone and appearance. It is a standard high-class piano, warranted to be durable, to stand well in tune and hold its tone. Price
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for cash or on payments of only
$7 Monthly
and no charge for interest or extras.
In addition to our large stock of *Waters Pianos* and *Players* our Exchange Dept. offers many good used pianos at extremely low prices and on payments of only *$5 per month* if desired.
Send Postal for Catalogue.
Horace Waters & Co.
Three Stores:
134 Fifth Ave., near 18th St.
127 W. 42d St., near B'way.
Harlem Branch (Open Evenings)
254 W. 125th St., nr. 8th Ave.

Died.

BAKER.—On Wednesday, April 26, at the Isle of Hope, Savannah, Ga., Looe, son of the late William Cox and Kate S. Baker, in the 60th year of his age. Interment at Morristown, N. J., Thursday, May 4, at 5 P. M.
BROWN.—On Saturday, April 29, after a short illness, Margaret Daly Brown, wife of H. Carroll Brown and daughter of the late Marcus Daly. Funeral private.
CARSON.—At 106 Chestnut St., Springfield, Mass. on April 30, Julinah R. Carson, age 87 years, widow of William W. Carson, formerly of Newburg, N. Y. Funeral private.
CHENEY.—Entered into eternal rest at New Haven, Conn., on Sunday morning, April 30, 1911, Sarah Austin, wife of Benjamin H. Cheney. Private funeral service on Tuesday, May 2.
FRICK.—Saturday, April 29, 1911, after lingering illness, Pauline Frick, beloved sister of Emil Frick. Funeral from late residence, 239 East 57th St., Wednesday, May 3, 10 A. M., thence to R. C. Church of St. Nicholas, 2d St., near Avenue A, where a solemn requiem will be offered for the repose of her soul. Friends invited to attend.
GREENLEAF.—At Norfolk, Va., on April 29, 1911, Bertha, wife of James L. Greenleaf and daughter of Helen B. and the late George H. Potts. Funeral services at the cemetery Somerville, N. J., Monday, May 1, at 12:45 P. M. Friends from New York can take the 10:35 A. M. train from C. R. R. of N. J. from 23d St.
HEISS.—On Friday, April 28, 1911, at his home, 515 Manhattan Av., Harvey W. Heiss, member of Company C, Sixth Regiment, National Guard of Camden, N. J., in his 60th year. Funeral service at Calvary M. E. Church, 7th Av. and 129th St., Monday, May 1, at 8 P. M. Members of Continental Lodge, No. 287, F. and A. M.; Trinune Chapter, No. 241, R. A. M.; Columbian Commandery, No. 1, K. T.; Mecca Temple, Colfax Council, R. A., and friends of the upholstery and carpet trade are invited. Philadelphia papers please copy. Cut flowers.
HOLMES.—Entered into rest, Salem Centre, New York, Sunday afternoon, April 30, 1911, Marjorie Taylor, infant daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Clarence A. Holmes.
LONGSTREET.—On Sunday, April 30, at his late residence, 140 West 57th St., Archibald Craig, of pneumonia. Funeral from Stephen Merritt Burial Chapel, 8th Av. and 19th St., Tuesday, 1 P. M. Interment private.
McNEAR.—On Sunday, Maggie Harrison, beloved wife of Samual A. McNear. Services Tuesday, at her late residence, Maxwelton, Brevent Park, Atlantic Highlands, New Jersey, on arrival of 1:30 P. M. train from foot Liberty St., New York.
MORGAN.—At Lenox, Mass., on April 28, George Hale Morgan, son of the late George Denison Morgan, in his 72d year. Funeral services at Christ Church, Hartford, on Wednesday, May 3, at 2:30 P. M. Special cars will be attached to train leaving New York for Hartford at 11 A. M. Cars will return on the 5:04 train from Hartford, reaching New York 8

SPORTING NEWS

Continued from Pages 8 and 9.

NEWCOMERS RACE ON THE SPEEDWAY

Lohengrin, the Syracuse Pacer, Quits in Brush with Coast Marie—Road Drivers Enjoy Sport.

After a delay caused by the unseasonable weather of the past few weeks the members of the Road Drivers' Association were afforded their first real opportunity of the season yesterday for a good morning's sport on the Harlem Speedway. Several new comers were shown yesterday and the prospects are that they will give a fine account of themselves in the amateur sport of the Speedway in the near future. E. T. Bassett, who has always owned one or more fast steppers, showed Baron Delect, 2:16¾, the Oakland Baron pacer that made his mark at the Parkway track in 1909.

Judge Boardman, one of the Speedway's veterans, driven by W. C. Urbin, showed in perhaps better form than he has during his long career on the drive. He was was among the first to enter into a brush with Trixey H., 2:13½, winning rather handily, as he did with several others, some of which were pacers.

Nathan Straus, who was out behind Denver, 2:14¼, practically made a request to every owner of fast trotters for a brush, but Mr. Urbin was the only one who accepted. The pair came together the entire distance, and although Judge Boardman was beaten by half a length, yet he forced Denver to his present speed limit. Denver's second contest was with Andrew Crawford's new trotter, The Sailorman, the former winning a brush and repeat rather handily. While Mr. Straus was speeding Denver, Trainer Sullivan jogged the trotter, O. J., 2:24¼.

After the regular warming up process, Mr. Bassett started Baron Delect against another newcomer, Aintree, 2:10¾, one of Walter Cox's old guard, driven by Eddie Bass, the former being winner in both events. Trainer Rue Clark, who drove Ragged Edge, 2:19¼, owned by E. O. Benson, last Sunday turned the horse over to another, and he drove a good going three-year-old named Willy Wilkes, by Harry Wilkes.

The big-headed Syracuse pacer Lohengrin, 2:12, met Coast Marie in a prearranged contest, which lasted only a short distance, as the pair had hardly passed the quarter post when the up-State pacing wonder quit with every evidence of having had enough of the race. Lohengrin did not show up again, but will be here next Sunday. Mr. Murphy speeded Brother Milrol, 2:14½, before the Coast Marie race, and the trotter looked in his usual speed form. E. Shoemaker made his initial attempt of brushing the new pacer Kid Kelley, but apparently picked the wrong horse, as he confined the contest against E. L. Hunt, driving the former Grand Circuiter, Clover Patch. The first two heats between the pair were very close and honors were even, but in the two further attempts Kid Kelley was far behind.

Jim Kennedy, son of the well-known Speedway driver, Patrick Kennedy, introduced the pacer Guardine, 2:21¼, which had speed enough to finish in front of Leganon twice and then beat Charles Welland's trotter De Witt, 2:08¼, driven by Trainer Bob Davis.

Trixie H. proved an easy winner against Dr. Eddy and was successful in winning a heat from C. M. Reynolds's Dr. Threet, 2:14¼. That the latter's defeat was merely an accident, was proven later when starting against Clover Patch, 2:09½. Dr. Threet won a brush by several lengths. Two of the Speedway's young trotters, Walter Edelmyer's Bright Axworthy and A. Smith's Boy Voyage for The Trip, had their first brushes and both were winners, the former beating Joseph F. Gibbon's pacer Mahlon Wilkes and the latter Charles Horn's Dr. Eddy, 2:21¼.

LEHIGH FRESHMEN WIN.

Class of 1914 Springs Surprise in Annual Interclass Games.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Penn., April 30.—In the annual interclass track and field meet at Lehigh University Saturday the freshmen carried off the honors of the meet with 57 points. Their nearest opponent was the senior class, which totaled 44 points. Next came the juniors with 23 points and the sophomores with 2 points. It was the first time in many years that the freshmen captured the meet. The summary:

100-Yard Dash.—Won by Murphy, freshman; H. J. Williams, junior, second; Wampler, freshman, third. Time—10 2-5.

120-Yard Hurdles.—Won by Graham, senior; Howard, freshman, second; Baird, junior, third. Time—0:17 4-5.

Half-Mile Run.—Won by Dawson, senior; Tinker, freshman, second; Herrman, senior, third. Time—2:10.

Mile Run.—Won by Mickel, freshman; Davies, junior, second; Leiby, freshman, third. Time—5:54.

220-Yard Hurdles.—Won by Schultz, junior; Wampler, freshman, second; Baird, junior, third. Time—0:29 1-5.

440-Yard Dash.—Won by Harris, junior; Todd, freshman, second; Baird, junior, third. Time—0:58 2-5.

Two-Mile Run.—Won by Smith, senior; Dawson, senior, second; Fowler, junior, third. Time—11:43.

220-Yard Dash.—Won by Murphy, freshman; Williams, junior, second; Wampler, freshman, third. Time—0:24 1-5.

Shot Put.—Won by Wells, senior; Bailey, freshman, second; Jackson, freshman, third. Distance, 37 feet 1¾ inches.

Hammer Throw.—Won by Wells, senior; Bailey, freshman, second; Smith, senior, third. Distance, 115 feet 7 inches.

High Jump.—Won by Bleiler, freshman; Dinsch, freshman, second; Howard, freshman, third. Height, 5 feet 2 inches.

Discus Throw.—Won by Bailey, freshman; Wells, senior, second; Graham, senior, third. Distance, 107 feet 55-100 inches.

Broad Jump.—Won by Graham, senior; Siebecker, freshman, second; Murphy, freshman, third. Distance, 19 feet 7½ inches.

Pole Vault.—Won by Graham, senior; Siebecker, freshman, and Van Nort, sophomore, tied for second place. Height, 10 feet 3 inches.

Opera House Team Wants Games.

The office force at the Metropolitan Opera House has, as usual, organized itself into a baseball team this Summer, under the management of Willie Small. The team will be glad to play theatrical and other teams, and challenges should be sent to Mr. Small, care of the Opera House.

LAWN TENNIS AMATEUR.

English Committee Drafts Definition Which Is Very Strict.

The sub-committee of the English Lawn Tennis Association appointed to draft a new amateur definition has handed in its report, which is to be acted on next Winter. It is a peculiar piece of composition, and if one were to believe it every player in England at the present moment is more or less of a professional. Should it pass the council matters will be pretty strict. The new definition is as follows:

An amateur lawn tennis player is a player who has not

(a) Played the game for a money prize, staked bet, declared wager, or gate money, nor with any person other than an amateur for a prize (other than sweepstakes attached to a private match or competition.)

(b) Taught, pursued, or assisted in the game for pecuniary gain (except at a school or college where the engagement also includes scholastic duties) or procured money or pecuniary advantage by means of prizes won.

(c) Accepted money, traveling expenses or other monetary equivalent (except hospitality at a private house) for playing the game or taking part in lawn tennis tournament match or other competition unless the payment of reasonable expenses to players taking part in such tournament, match or competition shall have been specially sanctioned by the council.

(d) Accepted money, lawn tennis requisites or other monetary equivalent for playing the game (other than a payment or royalty receivable as owner of any patent) from any manufacturer, agent, or retailer of or dealer in lawn tennis requisites.

Or a person who, after doing or committing any of the above-mentioned acts, has been reinstated as an amateur by the council.

Or a person who is not disqualified as an amateur in any other branch of sport.

No person shall be disqualified as an amateur lawn tennis player by reason of receiving monetary or other remuneration for services rendered in connection with the game in any of the following capacities, namely:

(1) As Secretary, Treasurer, or Manager of any association, committee, tournament, or club.

(2) As author, editor, or publisher of or correspondent, reporter or contributor to any book, paper, or periodical.

(3) As referee or handicapper to any tournament sanctioned by the council, match or other competition.

(4) As holder of any post or position sanctioned by the council.

Nor shall any person be so disqualified by reason of being directly engaged or employed in the sale or manufacture of lawn tennis requisites.

2. That the following be added to Rule 25 of the rules of the Lawn Tennis Association and follow Section 7:

To reinstate, upon terms or otherwise, as it may think proper, any player who, through inadvertence, ignorance, or other reasonable cause, has ceased to be an amateur and is desirous of being so reinstated.

3. That the following additions and alterations be made in the regulations for the management of lawn tennis prize meetings—

For No 4 substitute:

No money, check, order for money or order for goods in any form shall be offered or given as a prize, and the amount actually paid for a prize shall in no case be below the advertised value of the same.

For No. 8 substitute:

No person directly engaged or employed in the manufacture or sale of lawn tennis requisites shall be eligible as a competitor and no person acting as a referee or handicapper for monetary or other remuneration shall be eligible as a competitor for a period of six calendar months after so acting, and no person acting as correspondent, reporter, or contributor to any paper or periodical for monetary or other remuneration shall be eligible as a competitor at a prize meeting at which he is so acting.

NOTES OF THE GOLFERS.

An Executive Committee meeting of the United States Golf Association was held last week at the office of Robert C. Watson, the secretary. All the committeemen were present except W. A. Alexander, H. L. Ayer, and Milton Dargan, who sent proxies. The advisability of restricting entries in the National amateur championship tournament was discussed, but nothing was given out then. Something more definite in that line may be expected after the June session. Seven clubs were elected to active membership as follows: Country Club of Detroit, Westward Ho Club, Cincinnati Golf Club, Town and Country Club of St. Paul, Colorado Springs Golf Club, Idlewild Country Club, and Milwaukee Country Club. These were all raised from the allied ranks except Colorado Springs and Idlewild. The new allied members elected are Uniontown (Penn.) Country Club, Suburban Club of Chicago, Rockland Country Club of Palisades, N. Y., and Glen Oak Country Club of Glen Ellyn, Ill.

Programmes are out for the thirteenth annual amateur championship tournament of the Metropolitan Golf Association to be held over the links of the Garden City Golf Club May 24, 25, 26, and 27. The championship will consist of a qualifying round of thirty-six holes, and the top sixty-four will continue on at match play. The first thirty-two will qualify for the title, and the third and fourth sixteens for minor prizes. There is also a cup for the defeated sixteen of the first thirty-two. All match rounds will consist of eighteen holes except the final.

The invitation tournament of the Garden City Golf Club to be held on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday of this week will start with an eighteen-hole testing round. There will be three sixteens. The final round on Saturday will consist of thirty-six holes. With one or two exceptions W. J. Travis has always won this tournament.

PREVENTORIUM NEEDS.

$23,000 Wanted to Complete New Buildings for 158 Children.

"A Friend," through Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, has just sent a check for $50,000 to Marcus M. Marks, President of the Tuberculosis Preventorium at Farmingdale, N. J., to be used for additions to the buildings. The new buildings will increase the capacity of the institution to 158 beds. The total cost of equipment and furnishing will be $125,000, and only $23,000 must still be collected to complete the buildings

Any one may endow a bed in perpetuity by paying $5,000, while $2,500 will endow a bed for life.

The preventorium aims to prevent tuberculosis by taking children from infected homes to the fresh-air home at Farmingdale, N. J., in the pine belt, seven miles north of Lakewood. The new buildings will have a southern exposure and protection from the north winds by hills and woods.

By open-air life, pure food, and careful supervision the children will here be built up, so that they may resist the development of tuberculosis. The children sleep and are instructed in the open air, going indoors only for meals.

Application for admission should be made through a tuberculosis clinic, or at the Admission Bureau, 426 First Avenue. The preventorium pays railroad fare and all other expenses. Since the preventorium moved from Lakewood it has been able to save 250 children.

Contributions should be sent to the Treasurer, Alexander S. Webb, Lincoln Trust Company, Madison Square, or to the President, Marcus M. Marks, 687 Broadway.

Tuberculosis Day at Capital.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Washington churches to-day observed "Tuberculosis Day" with special attention to the campaign of the Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

The day was selected by the association, and the pastors in Washington were requested to observe it by the local association, of which Gen. George M. Sternberg is President, and Miss Ruth Rizer is Secretary.

BURNS-WAGNER BOUT BEST OF THE WEEK

Challengers for Bantamweight Title Clash at Whirlwind A. C.—Maloney vs. Goodman.

Some good boxing bouts are on the cards for this week at the New York clubs, but the general class of the shows hardly compares with those of the past few weeks, during which time several battles of National and International importance were decided. Nothing attracting interest like the Moran-McFarland, Welsh-Moore, Hogan-Wolgast, Burns-Stanley, and such bouts will be shown in any ring of Greater New York during the coming week.

What appears to have the call among boxing enthusiasts for the next few days is the ten-round bout between Frankie Burns of Jersey City and Young Wagner of New York before the Whirlwind A. C. at the Clermont Avenue Rink, in Brooklyn, Thursday evening. Both boys rank high in the bantamweight division, and they are the most consistent challengers of Champion Johnny Coulon for a fight for the title. Wagner has challenged Burns many times during the past three months, and said the Jersey City boy was dodging him. He has likewise been hot on the trail of Coulon, and Thursday night he will have a chance to show whether he or Burns is entitled to a battle with the title holder. Wagner has improved during the present season, and has been a consistent winner. Burns last week won a popular decision over Tommy Houck in fifteen rounds at New Haven, and is again in shape to do his best work. The Jerseyite did not show to advantage in his recent bout with Abe Attell.

While the two bantams are settling their differences in Brooklyn, New Yorkers will have a chance to see two local lightweights in action on this side of the bridge. Tommy Maloney and Jack Goodman, both from the west side, will clash in the feature event of ten rounds before the Twentieth Century A. C. at the St. Nicholas Rink. Considerable sectional rivalry exists between this pair, and the bout should furnish good action. They will box at 137 pounds, weigh in at 3 o'clock.

On Friday night at the National Sporting Club middleweights will do the honors. Tom McMahon of Pittsburg, who made a flying start but poor finish in his recent bout with Sailor Burke, will oppose Bill McKinnon of Roxbury in the main bout of ten rounds. Both are hard hitting, aggressive men, and have been seen but little in local bouts.

At the Olympic A. C., in Harlem, tonight two ten-round bouts are on the programme, besides the usual number of preliminaries. In the star event Sammy Keller, the English bantam, will oppose Young O'Leary of the east side. In the other event Artie McGovern and Young Riley, two clever 105-pounders, will do the honors.

At the Colin A. C., Wyckoff Avenue and Halsey Street, Brooklyn, a show will be put on this evening with Jimmy Moran and Irish Faddy in the feature event of ten rounds. A. J. Hawkins, the Fort Hamilton soldier, and Kid Roll are slated to go six rounds in the semi-final. Five four-round bouts will precede the star numbers.

The Princess A. C. will hold its regular show Wednesday evening at the O'Brien Gymnasium, Seventh Avenue and Twenty-third Street, and the headliners will be Barry Hill and Young Reilly. Willie Brown and Young Solly will come together in another ten-round bout.

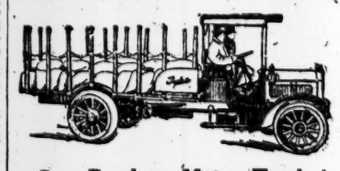
The regular weekly shows will be staged at the Sharkey A. C. Wednesday, at the Long Acre and Metropolitan Clubs Thursday, and at the New Polo A. A. Friday. The usual week-end stags will be held at the Sharkey, Fairmont, and Long Acre Clubs.

Gaelic League Games.

The Gaelic League will hold a big athletic and football carnival at Celtic Park on Sunday, May 21, and plans are being perfected to make the event one of the biggest of the outdoor season. The feature of the games will be a scratch invitation race of 330 yards, in which Henry, Hayes, Cloughen, Rosenberger, and Sheppard have been invited to compete. Novice races at 100, 600, and one-mile, a 440-yard run for members of the Gaelic League, discus throwing, and other track and field events will also be put on. Kilkenny and Kildare teams will clash in the Gaelic football match.

Amateur Billiardist at Daly's.

A subscription 18.2 balkline tournament will be played at Daly's billiard rooms, between four contestants, beginning to-night, and the players will meet each other twice during the tourney. The games will be at 200 points each, and will be played afternoons and evenings. In addition to the silver souvenir for which they will compete there will be prizes for the second and third places. The four contestants are: Florian Tobias, William Gershel, Willis Thompson, and John Siwel.



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New York

COMMEND STOVER'S PLAYGROUND PLEA

Use of Vacant Land Will Do Much for the Children, Medical Authority Says.

WILL SAVE PARK LAWNS, TOO

Will Halt the Recruiting of Criminals and Fill the Ranks of Scholarship Instead of the Jails.

The action of Park Commissioner Stover in asking owners of unimproved property in Manhattan to allow children to use it for playgrounds in Summer is commended by physicians.

"Such use will not only save the lawns of Central Park," says the editor of The New York Medical Journal, "but will keep boys and girls off the dangerously crowded streets. This appeal, which we expect confidently to see answered with generous enthusiasm, is directly in line with a very modern awakening to the importance of conserving the health and happiness of the child.

"The view of the child which has ruled through long ages was that he was a victim of original sin which had to be severely thrashed out of him; his natural instincts and longings were suppressed, and his developing psychology was ignored to an extent that produced the most terrible consequences. Among the poor he had been considered mainly as an assistant breadwinner, among the very rich an ornament to be cared for by alien hands, by all a crude object to be fitted, no matter how, into some one of the grooves of a rigid civilization.

"Now the child is beginning to loom large in the eye of science, and the importance of his environment is being recognized.

"For the first time the child is recognized to have certain rights, first among which is a sound and normal body. He is being gradually set free from the blinding and stunting factory, the Ozanam and Big Brother movements are welcoming his groping for friendship and clean knowledge, the courts are respecting his youth and innocence, the hands of countless thousands of yearning, childless people are outstretched to him.

"The reward should be great in stopping the recruiting of the criminal and vagabond classes, in filling the ranks of scholarship, art, and industry instead of the jails and asylums.

"Ere long we shall all know that a child is the most wonderful of the gifts of nature, an awful responsibility, yet a divine blessing; to lose one through preventable disease or moral neglect will be acknowledged as the most shocking of crimes.

"Childhood must be prolonged; too soon with us it is merged into an unlovely maturity. Economically considered, it seems obvious that if the labor of children is sternly repressed, there will be more work for the multitude of idle adults who ask only for a chance. Only civilized man demands labor of his child; Adam was grown up when he was told to go to work. Kindness will be the keynote of child culture; only guidance is needed.

"Solomon's rod was a metaphor; let the children be as olive plants about our table."

BELMONT DIDN'T GET LOAN.

Lawyer Says He Never Received $150,000 for Which a Commission Is Asked.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Wilton J. Lambert, counsel for Perry Belmont in the suit brought against him yesterday in the District Supreme Court by Ellerson & Wemple, real estate dealers, for $3,000 commission on an alleged loan of $150,000, to-day explained that Mr. Belmont never received the money on which the commission was charged. In 1908 Mr. Belmont was building his new home here and made some inquiries as to borrowing $150,000. The money was not forthcoming at the time, however.

According to Mr. Lambert it was not until some time later when Mr. Belmont had sailed for Europe that anything more was heard on the subject. By that time, Mr. Lambert says, Mr. Belmont had arranged to do without the loan and the matter stopped there.

Mr. Belmont's answer to the declaration of Ellerson & Wemple will be filed within the next few days.

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NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield and North, week days only, leave Pier 28, E. R., 2:45 P. M.; foot East 22d St., 3:00 P. M. Steamer RICHARD PECK.

BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only, leave Pier 27, E. R. Steamer NAUGATUCK, 11:00 A. M.; Steamer BRIDGEPORT, 3:00 P. M., foot East 22d St., 3:30 P. M.

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New York, May 6, 9:30 A.M. Baltic, May 6, 11:00 A.M.
Minnewaska, May 6, 12:00 Noon Majestic, May 10, 3:00 P.M.

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St. Louis...May 20; June 17; July 15; Aug. 12
St. Paul...May 27; June 24; July 22; Aug. 19

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnewaska..May 6; June 3; July 1; July 29
Minneapolis..May 13; June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
Minnetonka..May 20; June 17; July 15; Aug. 12
Minnehaha..May 27; June 24; July 22; Aug. 19

Red Star Pier 59, N. R., 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Finland....May 6; June 3; July 1; July 29
Kroonland..May 13; June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
Lapland...May 20; June 17; July 15; Aug. 12
Vaderland..May 27; June 24; July 22; Aug. 19

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★OLYMPIC (New).....June 28; July 26
Majestic...May 10; June 7; July 5; Aug. 2
Adriatic...May 17; June 12; July 12.....
Oceanic....May 24; June 21; July 19; Aug. 12
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Teutonic...May 3. One Class Cabin (II.)
Baltic.....May 6; June 3; July 1; July 29
Celtic.....May 13; June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
Arabic.....May 20; June 17; July 15.....
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Owing to the largely increased circulation of The New York Times and the fact that it has reached the limit of press facilities in its present building, newsdealers outside the City of New York are compelled to limit their supplies of The New York Times to the actual daily sale—no returns of unsold copies are permitted.

Readers leaving the City should place order with newsdealer or telephone 1000 Bryant if they wish to be assured of not missing a copy. Daily and Sunday editions 75 cents per month.

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Weill, R., & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; F. W. Brake, dress goods and cloths; 100 Fifth Avenue.

Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; W. H. Edington, carpets and rugs; 114 Fifth Avenue.

Barr, William, Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; S. Schultz, cloaks, suits, and dresses; 4 Washington Place.

Famous, St. Louis, Mo.; Roy Lockhart, cloaks and suits; 4 Washington Place.

Bry & Brother Cloak Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Mr. Newberry, Fall suits; 7 West Twenty-second Street.

Brown, Thompson & Co., Hartford, Conn.; Charles Smith, house furnishing goods and toys; 2 Walker Street.

Reid & Hughes Company, Norwich, Conn.; H. Beauchemin, carpets; 75 Spring Street.

Reid & Hughes Dry Goods Company, Waterbury, Conn.; W. E. Minor, carpets; 75 Spring Street.

McWhirr, R. A., Company, Fall River, Mass.; J. E. Bannister, carpets; 75 Spring Street.

New Bedford Dry Goods Company, New Bedford, Mass.; F. H. Marshall, carpets; 75 Spring Street.

England Brothers, Pittsfield, Mass.; F. H. Muller, carpets; 75 Spring Street.

Webber, W., G., Company, Salem, Mass.; G. Goss, carpets; 75 Spring Street.

Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Company, Worcester, Mass.; E. J. Darby, carpets; 75 Spring Street.

Howland, Dry Goods Company, Bridgeport, Conn.; J. S. Greening, carpets; 73 Spring Street.

Ives, Upham & Rand Co., Meriden, Conn.; W. I. Wilcox, carpets; 75 Spring Street.

Bunge, J. H. Company, Middletown, Conn.; H. E. Atwell, carpets; 75 Spring Street.

Shartenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; J. E. Sullivan, carpets; 75 Spring Street.

Barney, H. S. Company, Schenectady, N. Y.; H. Gilbert, carpets; 75 Spring Street.

Sweeney Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; C. H. Peck, Carpets; 75 Spring Street.

Shartenberg & Robinson Company, Pawtucket, R. I., F. H. Crafts, carpets; 75 Spring Street.

Farris & Mowry Co., Woonsocket, R. I.; J. C. A. Aubuchon, carpets; 75 Spring Street.

Schuster, Ed. & Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; H. Karstner, carpets and rugs; 114 Fifth Avenue.

Bailey Company, Cleveland, Ohio; L. G. Oppenheim, carpets and rugs; 114 Fifth Avenue.

Hammel, L., Dry Goods Company, Mobile, Ala.; Mr. McDonald, carpets and rugs; 114 Fifth Avenue.

Field, Marshall & Co., Chicago, Ill.; H. I. Mills, knit underwear; 104 Worth Street.

Smith, McCord Townsend Dry Goods, Kansas City, Mo.; M. Miller, notions; 72 Leonard Street.

Steiger A., & Co., Holyoke, Mass.; P. C. Striger, cloaks and suits; Hotel Cadillac.

Guggenheimer, C. M., Lynchburg, Va.; Mrs. McGehee, millinery; Miss N. A. Hill, representing; 40 West Twenty-second Street; Hotel Cadillac.

Robinson, J. W., Company, Los Angeles, Cal.; J. T. McNevin, notions, neckwear, ribbons, and laces; 111 Fifth Avenue.

Field, Marshall & Co., Chicago, Ill.; G. C. Odgers, boys' clothing; 104 Worth Street.

Jordan, Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; C. A. Lautham, carpets; 31 Union Square.

Hartford Carpet Company, Hartford, Conn.; W. D. Marshall, carpets; 41 Union Square.

Clarke Brothers, Scranton, Penn.; J. W. Penny, carpets; Herald Square Hotel.

Elder & Johnston Co., Dayton, Ohio; J. W. Gardner, blankets, 2 Walker Street; Hotel Navarre.

Ward, M., & Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. H. Roos, dry goods; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Navarre.

Root Dry Goods Company, Terra Haute, Ind.; C. H. Haffner, gloves, laces, handkerchiefs, neckwear, and trimmings, 214 Church Street; Hotel Collingwood.

Berwick Stores Company, Berwick, Penn.; W. C. Garrison, general merchandise; O. A. Pealer, carpets; Hotel Grand.

Siegel Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; L. L. Moyer, domestics, Sixth Avenue and Twentieth Street; Hotel Cumberland.

Almy, Bigelow & Washburn, Salem, Mass.; C. R. Washburn, dry goods, 2 Walker Street; Hotel Wellington.

Sherer, C. T., Company, Worcester, Mass.; A. J. Allan, dry goods; The Hermitage.

Field, Marshall & Co., Chicago, Ill.; G. E. Tarnow, ribbons; 104 Worth Street; Hotel Latham.

Golden Eagle Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; Mrs. Lily, millinery; 315 Fourth Avenue; Hotel Victoria.

Bush & Bull Company, Williamsport, Penn.; C. L. Longacre, house furnishing goods; Hotel Grand.

Pringle Brothers, Charleston, S. C.; E. K. Pringle, furnishing goods; Hoffman House.

Wyman, Partridge & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; A. C. Johnson, domestics; 43 Leonard Street.

Maratt Department Store, Indianapolis, Ind.; W. H. Ellis, carpets; 215 Fourth Avenue; Hotel Broztell.

Bullock's, Los Angeles, Cal.; G. Crawford, domestics; G. F. Hartley, clothing and hats; O. Bartlett, dry goods; 41 Union Square; Hotel Broztell.

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Rosenthal-Sloon Millinery Company, St. Louis, Mo.; W. Wise, millinery; R. Schwartz, milliners; 621 Broadway.

Fellman, L., New Orleans, La.; L. Feibelman, notions, laces, and ribbons; 43 Leonard Street.

TRADE NOTES.

Gimbel Bros. have discontinued their office at 621 Broadway; their buyers from the Philadelphia and Milwaukee stores will hereafter look at samples on the ninth floor of the Gimbel Building, Broadway and Thirty-second Street.

New York Stock Exchange Quotations

THE WEEK'S TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

Total Week Ended April 29, $18,285,500

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Express 4s	87	86¼	87	7
Albany & Sus. 3½s	93⅝	93⅜	93⅝	1
Allis-Chalmers 5s	74⅜	70¼	70⅝	39
Am. Ag. Chem. 5s	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	74
Am. Cotton Oil 4½s	98	98	98	1
Am. S. & R. deb. 6s rects. full paid	102	101⅜	102	20½
Am. Spirits Mfg. 6s	100	100	100	6
Am. Ice 6s	75	75	75	1
Am. Tel. & Tel. col. 4s	90¼	90	90	49
Am. Tel. & Tel. con. 4s	10-½	108¼	108½	61
Am. Tobacco 4s	85¼	84¾	84⅜	108
Am. Tobacco 6s	107	106¾	106¾	45
Am. Writing Paper 5s	90¼	90	90¼	22
Ann Arbor 4s	81¾	81¼	81½	5
Armour 4½s	93	92⅞	92⅞	43
At., T. & S. F. gen. 4s	99¼	98⅞	99¼	110½
At., T. & S. F. adj. 4s	91½	91⅛	91½	194½
At., T. & S. F. adj. stp.	92¼	91¾	92⅛	79
At., T. & S. F. con. 4s	109	107½	109	144
At., T. & S. F. con. 4s, 1960	104	103¾	104	67
At., T. & S. F. conv. 4s, issue 1909	108¼	108¼	108¼	1
At. T. & S. F. cons. 4s	110⅜	109¼	110⅜	37
A., T. & S. F. E. Ok. 4s	97¼	97¼	97¼	1
At. & Birmingham 4s	86	86	86	1
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	95⅞	95½	95½	91
A. C. L., L. & N. 4s	94⅜	94	94½	108
Baldwin Locomotive 5s	102⅜	102¼	102½	13
Balt. & Ohio gold 4s	99	98⅝	99	79½
Balt. & Ohio 3½s	92⅞	92⅜	92⅜	14
B. & P., L. E. & W. Va. 4s	92	91¼	91⅜	25
B. & O., S.W. Div. 3½s	91	90¾	91	10½
Bethlehem Steel 5s	94	93½	93½	100
Brooklyn Rap. Tr. 4s	84⅜	83⅞	84⅜	124
Brooklyn Un. El. 5s	101¼	101	101	22
Buff. & Sus. I. deb. 5s	90	90	90	12
Bush Terminal 4s	93	93	93	30
Cal. Gas & El. 5s	95¾	95	95¼	17
Can. So. 1st ext. 6s	103	102⅞	103	22
Cent. of Ga. consol. 5s	109	108¼	109	7
Cent. of Ga. 2d inc. 5s	103	102½	102½	21
Cent. of Ga. 3d inc. 5s	100	99¾	100	15
Central Leather 5s	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	88
Cent. N. J. gen. 5s	123⅛	123	123⅛	4
Cent. of N. J. 5s, reg.	122¾	122¾	122¾	13
Central Pacific 4s	97	96¾	97	53
Ches. & Ohio con. 5s	112	111⅝	112	13
Ches. & Ohio gen. 4½s	101	100⅝	101	108
C. & O. conv. 4½s	96¼	95⅝	96¼	303
Chicago & Alton 3s	73½	73¼	73¼	4
Chicago & Alton 3½s	70	69	69⅜	53
C., B. & Q. gen. 4s	97½	96⅞	97⅜	207
C., B. & Q. joint 4s	97⅜	96⅛	96⅞	201
C., B. & Q. 4s, reg.	96¾	96¼	96⅝	6
C., B. & Q. deb. 5s	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	2
C., B. & Q., Ill. Div. 3½s	88⅛	88	88¼	10
C., B. & Q., Ia. Div. 4s	99½	99½	99½	4
C., B. & Q., Ill. Div. 4s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	25
C. & E. I. ref. 4s	81½	81	81½	17
C. & E. I. 5s	110¼	110¼	110¼	5
Chi. & Erie 1st 5s	111⅜	111⅜	111⅜	1
Chi. Gas L. & C. 5s	103⅜	103	103⅜	3
Chi. Gt. West. 4s	80	85⅞	85⅞	37
Chi., Ind. & L. ref. 5s	111	111	111	1
Chi., Ind. & L. ref. 6s	128¾	128¾	128¾	10
C., M. & St. P. gen. 4s	99	98¾	99	151
C., M. & St. P. 4s, 1089	93	92⅝	93	71
C., M. & St. P. Ter. 5s	102½	102½	102½	25
C., M. & St. P., C., & W. 5s	106¾	106¾	106¾	2
C. & N. W. gen. 4s	99½	98⅝	99	142
Chi. & N. W. gen. 3½s	87¾	87¾	87¾	39
Chi. & N. W. ext. 4s	99¾	99¾	99¾	3
Chi. & N. W. con. 7s	110¼	110¼	110½	1
C. & N. W. deb. 5s, 1933, reg.	107¾	107¾	107¾	5
Chi., R. I. & P. 4s	109¾	109¾	109¾	1
C., R. I. & P. col. 4s	75¾	73½	75¼	584
C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	97⅞	96½	97⅝	55
C., R. I. & P. col. 4s, Series M	97¼	97¼	97¼	3
C., R. I. & P. col. 4s, Series J	94⅜	94⅜	94⅜	1
C. R. I. & P. ref. 4s	90	88¾	90	113
Chi. & West. Ind. 4s	92¾	92¾	92¾	4
C., St. P., M. & O. 6s	124½	124½	124½	5
C., C., C. & St. L. gen. 4s	94¾	94	94¼	29
Colorado Midland 4s	63	62½	63	10
Colorado Industrial 5s	76	76	76	9
Col. Fuel & Ir. gen. 5s	98	97½	98	12
Col. & So. 1st 4s	95½	95	95¼	40
Col. & So. ref. 4½s	98¾	98¾	98¾	9
Consol. Tobacco 4s	85	85	85	3
Conn. Ry. & Lt. 4½s	101⅜	101¼	101⅜	1
Cub.-Am. S. col. tr. 6s	96½	96¼	96¼	5
Del. & Hud. conv. 4s	98⅞	98½	98⅞	62
Del. & Hud. ref. 4s	98⅜	98⅜	98⅜	301
Den. & Rio Gr. con. 4s	93½	92	93⅜	17
Den. & Rio Gr. 5s	92¾	92¾	92¾	39
Des M. & Ft. D. 4s	80	80	80	10
Dist. Securities 5s	77½	77½	77½	8
Dul. & Iron R. 1st 5s	108½	108¾	108½	1
Du Pont Powder 4½s	84¾	84¾	84¾	7
E. T., V. & Ga. con. 5s	111¼	110¾	111¼	33
Erie conv. 4s	97⅛	96¾	97⅛	17
Erie conv. 4s, B	72⅛	70⅝	72⅛	65
Erie 1st con. 4s	85¼	85¼	85½	22
Erie gen. 4s	75¼	74¾	75¼	34
Ft. W. & D. C. 6s	112⅜	112¼	112⅜	6
Flint & P. M. 6s	110½	110½	110½	2
Gal., Hous. & Hend. 5s	97¼	97¼	97¼	1
Gen. Electric conv. 5s	156⅛	150	156⅜	198
Hocking Valley 4½s	103⅜	102⅝	103⅜	14
Houst. & T. C. 1st 5s	109½	109½	109½	1
Ill. Central ref. 4s	97¼	97	97	38
Ill. Central 4s, 1952	98⅜	98¼	98⅜	242
Inter.-Met. 4½s	79	78¾	78¾	242
Inter. Ry. Tran. 5s	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	22
Int. & Gt. Nor. 1st 6s	108¾	108¼	108¾	15
Int. & G. N. 2d 5s, t. r.	110⅜	118	119½	5183½
Ind., Ill. & Ia. 4s	96½	96	96⅜	12
Int. Steam Pump 5s	94⅝	94¾	94½	24
Int. Paper 6s	102	101½	102	8
Iowa Cent. 1st 5s	101	101	101	1
James F. & C. 4s	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	3
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s	80¼	79⅝	80	45
Kan. City So. 3s	73½	73¼	73½	5
Kan. City So. 5s	103⅝	103⅜	103⅝	38
K. Co. E. L. & P. 6s	114	114	114	3
K. Co. E. L. & P. 5s	103½	103¼	103½	5
Lack. Steel 5s, 1915	95¼	95	95	32
Lack. Steel 5s, 1923	98½	98½	98½	12
Lack. Steel 5s, 1950	88	88	88	2
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	94¼	93⅝	94¼	216
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	94½	93¾	94¼	514
Lake Shore 3½s	90	89	89⅝	29
Lake Shore 3½s, reg.	88⅛	88	88½	52
Laclede Gas 1st 5s	102¼	102⅜	102¼	14
Laclede Gas ext. 5s	100¾	100¾	100¾	1
Lake Erie & W. 1st 5s	109½	109½	109½	2
L. V. of Penn. con. 4s	97	96⅞	97	9
Lev. Av. & Pav. Fy. 5s	100	100	100	2
Long Island ref. 4s	96⅝	96¼	96⅝	9
Louis. & Nash. unif. 4s	99	98⅝	98⅝	40
L. & N., M., K. & C. 4s	93	92¾	92¾	3
L. & N. joint 4s	89	89	89	2
L., C. & L. 4½s	104½	104½	104½	1
Louis. & Ark. 1st 5s	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	7
L. & N., S. & N. Ala. 5s	111¼	111¼	111¼	3
Manhattan 4s	96½	96¼	96⅜	76
Manhattan 4s, fac.	97¼	97¼	97¼	1
Mercantile Marine 4½s	66⅜	66¼	66⅜	44
Met. St. Ry. 5s	73½	73⅛	73½	15
Met. St. Ry. 5s, tr. r.	74	73½	74	10
Met. S. R. ref. 4s, tr. r.	45½	44	44⅜	65
Mex. Cent. con. 4s	100	100	100	12
Mich. Cent. deb. 4s	93	91⅞	93	408
Mich. Cent. 3½s	88	88	88	1
Mil. Gas 4s	90¼	90¼	90½	5
Minn. Union 6s	115½	115½	115½	2
Minn. & St. L. ref. 4s	66⅛	65	66¼	9
Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s	96⅞	96⅜	96¾	9
Mo., K. & T. 2d 4s	84	83¾	84	23
Mo., K. & T. ref. 4s	80½	79	80¼	33
Mo., K. & T. 4½s	87¾	86½	87	91
Mo., K. & T. ext. 5s	102¾	102¼	102¼	5
Mo. Pac. 1st 6s	100	100	100	2
Mo. Pac. conv. 5s	93⅝	93½	93⅝	80
Mo. Pac. 5s, 1920	101	101	101	16
Mo. Pac. 5s, 1917	101	101	101	10
Mo. Pac. 4s	78	77¾	77¾	32
Mob. & O. new 6s	120½	120½	120½	1
Mob. & O. gen. 4s	86⅜	86⅜	86⅜	2
N., C. & St. L. con. 5s	110¼	110¾	110¾	7
N. Rys. of M. gen. 4s	86¾	86¾	86½	15
N. Rys. of M. pr. 4½s	93½	93½	93⅜	11
Nassau Elec. 4s	78¾	78¾	78¾	22
N. Y. Air Brake 6s	102	102	102	3
N. Y. C. gen. 3½s	89¼	88⅝	89⅛	38
N. Y. C. deb. 4s	94½	93½	94½	27
N. Y. C. deb. 4s, reg.	93¾	93¾	93½	2
N. Y. C., L. S. col. 3½s	79¼	79	79¾	17
N. Y. L. E. & W. 1st 4s	90¾	90¼	90¾	7
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st 4s	90¾	90¼	90¾	50
N. Y. & E. 1st ext. 4s	101¼	101¼	101¼	2
N. Y. G., E. L. & P. 4s	89	88⅜	88⅞	49
N. Y. G., E. L. & P. 5s	104	103⅜	104	28
N. Y. N. H. & H. cv. 6s	133¾	132⅞	133	13
N. Y., N. H. & H. cv. 3½s	96⅜	95¼	96⅜	43
N. Y., O. & W. 4s	93⅜	90¾	93⅜	11
N. Y. Telephone 4½s	96½	96½	96½	50
Norf. & West. con. 4s	98⅞	98⅝	98¾	73½
Norf. & West. conv. 4s	106¼	104½	106¼	409
Norf. & West. Poc. 4s	89⅜	89⅜	89⅜	3
Norf. & West. Div. 4s	93¾	93¾	93¾	3
Northern Pacific 4s	100⅜	99⅝	100¼	152½
Northern Pacific rg.	99½	99	99	2
Northern Pacific 3s	71¾	70⅝	71¼	48½
Og. & Lake C. 4s	88¼	88⅛	88¼	4
Oregon S. L. ref. 4s	94⅛	93¾	94¼	64
Oregon R. R. & N. 4s	96	96	96	10
Oregon S. L. con. 5s	112¾	112¾	112¾	1
Oregon S. L. 6s	114¾	114¾	114¾	2
Pac. Tel. & Tel. 6s	98¼	97¾	98¼	179
Pac. of Mo. 1st 4s	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜	3
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1912	99½	99¼	99½	32
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1915	97	96⅜	96⅝	5899
Penn. 4s, 1948	103¼	103¼	103½	15
Peo. & East. 1st 4s	91¾	91¾	91¾	5
Peo. G. ref. 5s	102	101⅞	102	12
Pere Marq. ref. 4s	74⅜	74¼	74⅜	6
Pere Marq. ref. 4s, gtd.	75	75	75	2
Phila., B. & W. 4s	102½	102½	102½	7
Philippine Ry. 4s	80⅝	80⅜	80⅜	1
Public Service C. 5s	94	94	94	80
Prov. Sec. dep. 4s	86⅜	86⅜	86⅜	1
Reading gen. 4s	97¾	97¾	97¾	243
Reading gen. 4s, reg.	97¼	97¼	97¼	2
Rio Grande So. 4s	61½	61½	61½	1
Rio Gr. West. 1st 4s	92¼	92¼	92¼	5
Ry. Steel Spring 5s	97¾	97¾	97¾	15
St. L. & I. M. gen. 5s	107¾	107¾	107¾	71
St. L. I. M. & So., R. & G. 4s	85½	85½	85⅜	36
St. L. & I. M. unif. 4s	85½	85	85	30
St. L. & S. F. R. R. ref. 4s	82¼	81¾	81¾	141
St. L. & S. F. R. R. gen. 5s	90	88¾	89	121
St. L. & S. F. Ry. gen. 5s	107¾	107¾	107¾	1
St. L. W. 1st 4s	91½	91¼	91½	21
St. L. S. W. con. 4s	79¾	78¾	79	50
St. L. S. W. 2d inc. 4s	82	82	82	½
San A. & A. P. 4s	87¼	87¼	87½	39
Seab. A. L. ref. 5s	100	100	100	1
Seab. A. L. 4s, stamped	87¾	87¼	87¾	54
Seab. A. L. adj. 5s	75½	77¾	79⅜	350
So. Pr. San Fr. 4s	92⅝	92¼	92½	15
So. Pac. conv. 4s	97¼	96¾	97	137
So. Pac. ref. 4s	95¾	95¾	95⅝	390
So. Pac. col. 4s	92	91⅝	92	43
So. Ry. 1st 5s	107	107½	107	69
So. Ry. ref. 4s	79½	78¾	79⅛	590
So. Ry. St. L. Div. 4s	87¾	87¾	87¾	7
So. Ry., Mem. 4½s	108¾	108¾	108¾	3
Tenn. C. & I. Birm. Div. 6s	106	106	106	5
Term. Assn. St. L. ref. 4s	97¾	97¾	97¾	13
Texas & Pacific 5s	110½	110¼	110½	4
Texas & Oklahoma 5s	105⅜	105	105⅛	13
Tol., St. L. & W. 4s	69	69	69	2
Th. Av. con. 4s, t. r., sta	63¾	61⅜	63	290
Tri-City Ry. & L. 5s	98½	98¼	98¼	19
Und. Elec., London, 4½s	93¼	93¼	93¼	1
Und Elec., London, inc. 6s	56	56	56	1
Union Pac. 1st 4s	102	101	101½	52½
Union Pac. 1st 4s, reg.	100	100	100	25
Union Pac. ref. 4s	97¾	97	97⅜	35
Union Pac. conv. 4s	105⅜	104½	105⅜	497
U. S. Realty & Imp. 5s	90	89¾	90	31
U. S. Leather 6s	104	104	104	10
U. S. Rubber 6s	105	104	105	39
U. S. Steel 5s	106	105⅝	105⅞	222
U. S. Steel 5s, reg.	106	106	106	½
Va.-Car. Chem. 5s	101¼	100	101¼	74
Va. Iron, C. & C. 5s	92	91½	91½	41
Va. & S. W. con. 5s	96	96	96	1
Wabash 1st 5s	108	108	108	15
Wabash 2d 5s	101	100¾	101	12
Wabash Deb. B	98	98	98	5
Wabash ref. 4s	68¾	68¼	68⅝	478
W. P. T. 4s, Cent. t. r.	41½	40	41½	52
W. P. T. 1st 4s, Col. t. r.	41½	40½	41½	4
W. P. T. 2d 4s, t. r.	6	6	6	50
Western Electric 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼	15
Westchester Light 5s	105	104½	105	4
West. Maryland 4s	86¼	86¼	86¼	102
W. N. Y. & Pa. 1st 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
W. Va. Cent. & P. 6s	100½	100½	100½	3
West Shore 4s	100¾	100¾	100¾	8
West Shore 4s, reg.	98¼	98¼	98¾	11
West. Elec. & Mfg. 5s	93½	92⅜	93¼	77
West. Union 4½s	95½	95¼	95¼	12
West. Union conv. 4s	104	104	104	10
Wheel. & L. E. 1st 5s	103¾	103¾	103¾	2
Wheel. & L. E. con. 4s	85	82	85	43
W. & L. E., Wheel. Div. 5s	104¾	104¾	104¾	2
Winston-Salem S. B. 4s	95	94	95	5
Wisconsin Cent. 4s	93½	93	93	103
Wis. C., Su. & D. D. 4s	92½	92¾	92½	24

Total sales $14,695,500

Foreign Government Bonds.

Argentine 5s	98¾	98⅞	98⅞	9
Japanese 4s	88¼	88¼	88½	1
Japanese 4½s	94	93⅞	93⅞	89
Japanese 4½s, 2d Ser.	93¾	93¼	93⅜	38
Rep. of Cuba 4½s	98⅝	98¼	98⅜	4
Rep. of Cuba 5s	103½	103¼	103¼	4
U. S. of Mexico 5s	90½	90⅛	90¼	15

Total sales $160,000

State Bonds.

Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. ctfs	60	59	59¼	91

New York City Issues.

Fours, 1957	100	99⅞	99⅞	13
Fours, 1958	99⅞	99½	99⅞	17
Fours, 1959	100	99¾	100	114
4½s, 1960	102¾	102¼	102⅝	481
4½s, 1960, rects	103½	102⅝	103½	2,386
4½s, 1957	108⅝	108	108⅝	86
4½s, 1957, new	108¾	108	108¾	42

Total sales $3,339,000

Grand total $18,285,500

YEAR'S RANGE IN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Where no sale occurred in 1911 the last previous price is given.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last. Sale.
Alabama Currency Fund 4s. J. J.			111 Mar. 20, 1904
Louisiana consol. 4s, 1914. J. J.			100 Feb. 18, 1898
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1958.			113⅜ Jan. 10, 1909
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1900.			105¼ Oct. 28, 1910
N. Y. Canal 4s, July, 1960	105⅜ Apr. 18	104¼ Jan 11	105¾ Apr. 19, 1911
North Carolina 6s, 1919. A. O.			114¾ Mar. 28, 1910
North Caro. consol. 4s, 1910. J. J.			100¾ Feb. 3, 1909
North Caro. consol. 4s, small.			100¼ Apr. 8, 1907
North Caro. special tax. A. O.			117 Dec. 11, 1908
South Carolina 4½s, 1933. J. J.			103½ July 27, 1910
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913. J. J.	97 Mar. 1	96 Jan 18	97 Mar. 1, 1911
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913 small			95½ Jun. 20, 1910
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. cfs	67½ Mar. 6	40 Jan 13	59 Apr. 27, 1911
Virginia fund. debt, 2-3s, 1991. J. J.	80½ Mar. 4	86½ Mar 4	86 Apr. 20, 1911
Virginia Riddleberger			90 Dec. 20, 1907
U. S. 2s, 1930, reg. Q. Jan.	101½ Feb. 15	101½ Feb 15	101½ Feb. 15, 1911
U. S. 2s, coupon. J. Jan.	101¾ Apr. 3	101 Feb 1	101¾ Apr. 3, 1911
U. S. 4s, 1925, reg. Q. F.	116 Feb. 21	115 Apr 3	115 Apr. 3, 1911
U. S. 4s, 1925, coupon. Q. F.	116⅜ Feb. 17	115⅞ Apr 5	116 Apr. 21, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, coupon. Q. F.	102¾ Apr. 17	102¼ Mar 20	112⅜ Apr. 10, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, reg. Q. F.	102 Feb. 7	102 Apr 6	102 Apr. 6, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, small			102½ Nov. 11, 1910
Panama 2s, 1930, reg.			100¾ Oct. 26, 1910
Panama 2s, 1938, reg.			101¼ Aug. 11, 1910
Panama 2s, 1908-18, reg.			100⅝ Oct. 11, 1909
Dist. of Columbia 3-65s, 1925. F. A.			110 Nov. 28, 1909
Philippine 4s, 1914-1934. Q. F.			111 May 3, 1906
Phil. Isl. p. w. & Imp. reg. 4s, 1935. Q. M.			108¾ Feb. 26, 1908
Phil. Isl. land pur. 4s, 1914-45. Q. F.			100½ July 14, 1910
Argentina 5s	99 Jan. 18	97¼ Jan 3	98⅜ Apr. 28, 1911
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4½s, Feb. 15, 1925. F. A.	95¾ Jan. 3	93½ Mar 30	93⅞ Apr. 29, 1911
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4½s, 2d ser. Jy. 10, 1925. J. J.	95¼ Jan. 9	93⅜ Mar 31	93⅜ Apr. 29, 1911
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4s, Jan., 1925. F. A.	90 Jan. 5	87⅛ Mar 21	88½

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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Evidence of the underlying firmness of the present position of the stock market was supplied toward the close of last week in the advance which occurred on a small volume of trading. The earlier days of the week had witnessed a series of irregular movements, though throughout them the tendency was toward a higher general level of prices. The forward movement was much accelerated on Friday; when a dozen or more fairly active issues rose a full point or over. Investment purchases of stocks figured to some extent in the week's betterment, though it cannot be said that this class of buying was of sufficient proportions to relieve the market as a whole of the predominance of purely professional trading operations. In this sort of a market the shifting of position by traders really rules the day-to-day fluctuations, and a short interest need not be of very large dimensions to establish a basis for an upward movement such as marked the trading at the close of the week. At the same time repeated recoveries in prices such as have recently been witnessed and the failure of declines to carry far despite the bearish pressure put upon the market are not without significance even in a period, like the present, when the participation of investors and of the public at large in the operations on the Stock Exchange are near the minimum. These conditions give no assurance against a downward movement of greater proportion than the fractional fluctuations which have marked the trading on many recent days, should some disappointing event occur of sufficient moment to lead to general liquidation of the stocks now in speculative hands, but these conditions do hold the promise of speedy recovery from a depression caused by such an event.

Were the underlying conditions other than sound, traders operating for a decline, with the aid of some of the incidents which have confronted the security markets during the last month, might easily have forced declines of greater proportions than any which has occurred. The more acute phase assumed for a time by the Mexican situation; the week-to-week postponement of court decisions long expectantly looked for; the unexpectedly small earnings of the United States Steel Corporation for the first quarter of the year and the further contraction of the steel trade during the last fortnight; the rise in cotton prices to the highest price of the year, and the uncertainties which attended the change in the banking alliances of the Missouri Pacific, were among the incidents out of some or all of which much bear capital might be expected to have been made. How slight has been the impression which these events have made upon prices, even though on more than one occasion they were accompanied by determined bear pressure, is shown by a survey of the changes during the month in the average level of prices. One record of daily average prices shows a range of only 2½ points in the active railroad stocks and a trifle smaller range in the active industrials for the entire month of April. Movements in individual stocks in some instances covered a much wider range, of course, but these figures show the average of the market's fluctuations. What is more, all the ground that was made and lost earlier in the month was made up last week, so far as the course of prices is reflected in these average figures. Were the movement in stocks the only evidence of slowly increasing confidence in the security markets, not much importance could be attached to it under the conditions now prevailing, but of much more consequence is the reviving demand for bonds which made itself felt during the last fortnight, but more particularly last week. Increased demand for bonds was indicated by the enlarged dealings on the Stock Exchange, by the more active over-the-counter trading, and by the success which attended last week's public offerings. The ease with which the several note issues offered to investors last week were placed revealed no change in the investment situation, but the ready absorption of the week's bond issues, including $7,500,000 of Chicago & Northwestern 4s and $23,000,000 of Seaboard Air Line bonds, pointed to a distinct improvement in the attitude of investors, whether institutions or individual, toward long-term investments. Most of the demand was for high-grade bonds, but in this the improvement took the normal course, particularly in view of the fact that the financial markets are still under restrictive influences which have retarded the progress of commercial as well as financial affairs. The fact that this improvement has taken place even in advance of the handing down of the decisions in the anti-trust cases and while revision of the tariff is still under discussion holds promise of much greater improvement when these troublesome factors are disposed of.

In turning to the bond market for long-term investments institutions and individuals are yielding to the inevitable influence of long-continued ease in money. Reduced earnings on deposits and lowered interest in turn allowed on deposits have the effect of forcing money into investments if funds are to be made to earn any reasonable return. Only in times of universal distrust would money remain very long unused. No such conditions now prevail, even though it be true that elements exist in the situation which are restricting confidence. These factors are confronted with offsets which are going far to strengthen the feeling that, with the passing of the Spring and Summer, the country will be entering upon very substantial improvement in business. Last week brought no impairment of the excellent outlook for the crops, while in another direction evidence slowly accumulates of the fundamentally sound condition of the country's business undertakings. Rates as low as 8¼ per cent. for commercial paper, as were quoted last week, carry conviction of the fact that overextension by merchants and others has been corrected and that underlying conditions in the mercantile world are sound and in a position to expand with safety so soon as certain restrictive influences are lifted from the situation. Reviving interest on the part of investors in long-term securities, with the opportunity which this brings for the raising of funds by railroads and other undertakings, is one of the early stages in the cycle of improvement and one which is the harbinger of much good for the future. Orders for steel rails and for additional equipment placed last week by railroads which have recently made issues of bonds furnish practical illustration of the direct bearing of improved investment demand upon increased trade activity.

No sudden change from dullness to full activity in trade and manufacturing can be expected, and such a change would not be desirable. The market still has ahead of it undoubtedly some serious tests, and the same is true of the business of the country at large, but conservative optimism is fully justified by the course which events are taking. The usual Summer dullness may possibly accentuate for a time the quiet which exists in business, but only a more serious impairment of the crop prospects than there is any reason to consider within probabilities can in normal course prevent another forward movement in trade, once the questions involved in the corporation cases now before the Supreme Court and the revision of the tariff have been settled. This, it is true, is looking somewhat far ahead, but the present position of the securities market offers inducements only to those who may take a position based on the broad development of the future rather than upon expectations of momentary changes in quotations. Increase in trade activity would serve, of course, to bring firmness in money, but this year the country is in a peculiarly favorable position in this respect because of the great credits which it has abroad and because of the practical certainty that with the coming of the Fall and the renewal on a large scale of the exports of farm products we will be in a position to command the gold supplies of Europe to whatever extent our own requirement may dictate.

The quarterly statement of the United States Steel Corporation issued on Tuesday last showed earnings which were below expectations, falling as they did not only below the corresponding quarter of the previous year, which had been fully expected, but also below the corporation's profits for the last quarter of 1910. The explanation of this poor showing in the matter of earnings lay in the low figures to which the earnings declined in January, and this condition had been largely corrected by the end of the quarter. The corporation's March earnings amounted to $10,468,000, compared with only $5,869,000 earned in January. Thus the earnings for the current quarter may recede considerably from the scale of profits in March and still show for the second quarter of the year results considerably better than those recorded for the year's first three months. In this connection interest attaches to the fact that the corporation's unfilled orders at the opening of this quarter amounted to 3,447,000 tons, whereas at the opening of the first quarter of the year the orders on hand amounted to only 2,674,000 tons. It may be said, then, that the corporation's showing in the statement which it made last week is capable of two interpretations, according as the mere amount of the quarter's earnings or the improvement which took place during the period are accepted as the true guide to the significance attaching to the statement. It is permissible to those who choose to give full credit to all that is favorable in the situation to hold to the view that the recovery in earnings from January to March throws more light on their probable course in the future than does the bare fact that the Steel Corporation's earnings for the first quarter of the present year fell far short of those of the corresponding period a year ago, and also short of the hopes which had been entertained before the publication of the statement.

THE MARKETS OF EUROPE.

MONEY TIGHT IN LONDON.

American Railways Able, However, to Borrow on Short Term Notes.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 30.—Continued stringency of money at a time when the stock markets expected it to be cheap has been an unfavorable influence while the difficult settlement, particular in the British Railway Department, exercised a further depressing effect. The collection of heavy arrears in the income tax and the booming of trade in the country which prevents a return of money to the central banks are given as the chief cases making for tightness which, however, became less marked at the close of the week.

The Economist says that the popularity in London of short-term notes has made it possible for American railways to borrow very cheaply that way, and hence the policy of deferring bond issues is maintained.

TRADING DULL IN BERLIN.

Canadian Pacific Led with a New Record, but Other Stocks Lacked Support.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 30.—The Boerse was extraordinarily dull this last week mainly because of the proximity of the monthly settlement. Only a few special issues engaged the market's attention, notably Canadian Pacific, which recorded during the week another record maximum of 282½. New York reports to the effect that the Canadian Pacific is thinking of absorbing the Erie Railroad are partly responsible.

The rise in steels and irons was firm on good local trade reports and was unaffected by the unfavorable quarterly reports of the United States Steel Corporation.

BOURSE TONE SANGUINE.

Optimistic Despite Morocco—Hopes of Better Business This Week.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 30.—Despite the alarming Moroccan news, markets here maintained a rather optimistic tone all week. Spanish securities were only affected by Spain's attitude.

Home rentes were inactive. Russian securities continue booming. Copper was firm. Rio Tintos, which lost several points on Friday, recovered and closed strong.

Business has been far from brisk, but it is expected to recover next week.

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EARLY PANAMA BOND ISSUE.

National City Bank Points Out Factors in the Situation.

The issue of Panama bonds on which printing was ordered begun some weeks ago is likely to be announced during the current month or shortly after, according to the National City Bank's circular, issued to-day, which is usually well informed on such matters. The circular points out that while the bonds are engraved with the date June 1, 1911, they may be sold subsequently with interest from that date, charged to the purchaser, but a number of considerations are advanced indicating an early issue of the bonds. The circular says:

The Treasury has done remarkably well to have avoided an issue for more than a year; but it can plainly be foreseen now that both the administrative programme as to reciprocity with Canada and the Democratic plans for reducing the tariff on certain schedules will result in decreased revenues. No authentic figures have as yet been made regarding the extent of the reduction should the reciprocity measure become a law, but it is believed that the customs receipts will show a decline of about $5,000,000 annually should the measure pass. The greater loss to the revenues may come from a reduction of duties levied by the schedules which the party in power in the House of Representatives now proposes to change. These reductions, should the bills relating to them become laws, will amount to a little more than $10,000,000, which is the figure predicted by the Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means in the House, and is fully confirmed by a Treasury analysis of the bills. The department is in no position to meet even so small decreases as those mentioned, and, foreseeing that they would involve inevitably some financing, it is altogether likely that the Panama bond authority will be availed of at this season of the year, when money conditions are exceedingly favorable to the success of a public offering."

It is also pointed out in the circular that customs revenues continue to decline partly because of the slackness in general business and partly because of the prospective reductions in duty. A loss of $14,000,000 in import duties, however, has been offset by a gain of $20,000,000 in ordinary internal revenues. The circular continues:

"The general fund of the Treasury is now entitled to reimbursement on account of advances toward the construction of the canal to the extent of $140,000,000, and by the time the Treasury feels justified in making announcement as to the new issue of bonds, the fund reimbursable will probably be in excess of $150,000,000. An issue of $50,000,000, which it is understood is the amount already determined upon, will therefore only restore to the general fund one-third of the amount to which it is entitled. But $50,000,000 in Treasury cash will be quite a comfortable sum, and, barring any unusual decline in Government receipts, will suffice to carry the Treasury along easily for perhaps another year. Canal expenditures are being made at the rate of about $30,000,000 per annum, but it is expected that with the canal work progressing rapidly and satisfactorily the expenditure for an entire year may reach $40,000,000."

FIRM CHANGES.

Only Two Important Shifts in the Wall Street District Announced for To-day.

The changes in Stock Exchange and banking house partnerships usual on May 1 have been few in number this year. Two are announced to-day:

The limited co-partnership existing under the firm name of Taylor, Auchincloss & Joost expires by limitation, and Sam Sloan Auchincloss and Alexander Henry Tiers retire. Henry F. Taylor, Sherman B. Joost, William R. Gelston, and James C. Auchincloss, general partners, and Robert Stewart Crocker, special partner, have formed a limited co-partnership, under the firm name of Taylor, Auchincloss & Joost, for the transaction of a general brokerage business. Mr. Taylor and Mr. Auchincloss are members of the Stock Exchange.

The banking house of Hodenpyl, Walbridge & Co. has been dissolved, and Anton G. Hodenpyl, George E. Hardy, Bernard C. Cobb, John C. Weadock, and William H. Barthold have formed a co-partnership under the firm name of Hodenpyl, Hardy & Co., with offices at 7 Wall Street, to operate and acquire public utility properties and deal in bonds, stocks, and other securities.

Henry D. Walbridge, James K. Andrews, Hiram S. Brown, and Francis E. Haag have become associated in business under the name of H. D. Walbridge & Co., for the purpose of acquiring, financing, and operating railway, gas, and electric properties and dealing in securities at the same address.

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LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Beads Strung Permanently on Strong Cords Pay 60 Per Cent. Duty.

In overruling a claim filed by L. Littauer, the Board of United States General Appraisers held yesterday that small black beads, hexagonal in form, strung on strong cotton threads, one of which is knotted lengthwise of each bead in such a manner as to maintain a permanent space between the several beads, are dutiable properly at the rate of 60 per cent. ad valorem as articles composed in chief value of beads, as specified in Paragraph 421 of the present tariff act.

Littauer, who is a former Congressman and head of large glove manufacturing concerns at Gloversville, N. Y., imported the necklace for his wife. He maintained before the board that the assessment made by Collector Loeb at the high rate of 60 per cent. of the value of the necklace was erroneous. The importer's contention was that the necklace should be allowed to enter at 45 per cent., under Paragraph 109, as "manufactures in chief value of glass or paste." Judge Sharretts, who writes the decision for the board, does not agree with Mr. Littauer's claim. The General Appraiser holds that the beads are not to be returned for duty at the rate applicable to the material of which the beads in question are composed.

In denying Littauer's contention Judge Sharretts says in part:

"Congress, in enacting Paragraph 421 of the present act, has used language which clearly establishes an unmistakable intent to exclude the goods under consideration from classification at the rate of duty provided for beads temporarily strung by the employment of the word 'loosely' in the pertinent provision of that paragraph.

"Based on the official sample, we find the goods to be beads permanently strung into articles used for the embellishment of wearing apparel, and hold that they are more specifically provided for in Paragraph 421 as articles composed in chief value of beads than under Paragraph 109 as manufactures in which glass or paste is the component material of chief value. The protest is accordingly overruled and the Collector's decision is affirmed."

BOSTON COPPER GOSSIP.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 30.—Disclosures in the Franklin mine foreshadow, or, at least, indicate, great possibilities. The foot wall vein that was found so rich on the twenty-third level south has been found to be of good average grade on the twenty-sixth.

Isle Royale's copper contents this month are reported averaging higher than in March, when seventeen pounds of refined copper was returned from each ton of ore.

Mohawk is now estimated to be producing 1,000,000 pounds of copper monthly. Shaft No. 6 promises to open practically a new mine for the company.

At present fourteen diamond drills are at work in the Michigan copper district; a year ago there were twenty-five.

Old Dominion's net profits during March were $100,000, the production being 2,543,000 pounds of copper, which was sold at 12 and 13 cents.

A new raise from the west level of the Shannon struck ore twelve feet above the level; the west side of the raise is in concentrates; the east side is oxidized ore running 7.3 per cent. copper.

At Superior & Boston drifting is in progress both north and southwest.

The north crosscut on the tenth level of Arizona Commercial entered a vein 120 feet from the shaft. Assays showed 16 to 25 per cent. copper, 6.3 ounces silver, 80 per cent. iron, and traces of gold. President Amster says it is the most important discovery ever made on the property.

Raven is now drifting on the 2,000-foot level of the Snoozer vein, but without result thus far.

Granby during March produced 1,988,341 pounds of copper, the largest amount in many months.

The Utah Consolidated management reports that the new ore body on the ninth level is running 6 per cent.

The ore developed and partly developed at Utah Copper is said to exceed 200,000,000 pounds. The two mills are treating a higher grade of ore than ever before.

General Manager Jackling of Ray Consolidated says that the producing cost will be below the previous estimate of 9 cents per pound. It is the expectation of the management that, running full, Ray will be able to get an 8-cent cost, which will be a result of greatest importance to all the low grade porphyries.

A high grade vein has been opened on the 1,600-foot level of Tuolumne. One sample showed 25 per cent. copper, and the average at last report was above 12 per cent. The south ledge of the Edith May vein has not yet been struck.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities abroad. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to:

6,631. GOLD DREDGING MACHINE AND PUMPING PLANT.—Supplementing a previous report, an American Consul reports that a mining company has planned to enlarge and modify its plant as outlined in Foreign Trade Opportunity 6,816, published in Daily Consular and Trade Report for Jan. 31, 1911. The manager of the company states that at a recent meeting of the Board of Directors it was decided to put in a gold dredging machine on the property of about 3,500 acres of placer ground. A pumping plant will be established on the seacoast and the water for the dredge will be pumped through a 20-inch wooden pipe about ten miles inland and raised about 500 feet. Oil will be imported as fuel for power supply, and it is planned to spend about $350,000 in the installation of this plant. It would be well for persons interested in supplying machinery to write in English to the individual who has direct charge of the installation of the plant.

6,632. AGENCY FOR MACHINERY MANUFACTURES.—A business man in a European country informs an American Consular officer that he is desirous of securing the agency for Switzerland for one or more machinery manufacturers in the United States desiring such representation.

6,633. RUSSET BUFFINGS IN WHOLE HIDES.—The Bureau of Manufactures is in receipt of a communication from a business man in Germany in which he states that he would like to enter into correspondence with some well-equipped American manufacturers of leather from whom he could secure russet buffings in whole hides. He writes that only such leather factories as tan hides would be considered, as it is from these that he desires to secure his supplies.

6,634. STATIONARY STEAM ENGINE.—A report from an American Consul in Russia states that an inquiry has been received from a local business man who desires to purchase a stationary compound steam engine, non-condensing, the diameter of the small cylinder to be 8 inches, with a 12-inch stroke, and the engine to be of not less than 200 revolutions per minute. The diameter of the fly-wheel should be about 56 inches. He desires price on both vertical and horizontal engines, and would like to have gross and net weights, with export discounts. Catalogues and correspondence should be in Russian.

6,635. MARINE MOTORS.—A business man in Russia informs an American Consulate that he desires to purchase motors of 4 and 6 horse power, to be installed on boats about 20 feet in length. If possible, correspondence should be in Russian and gross and net shipping weights, and prices with export discounts, should be quoted.

6,636. MULES FOR ARTILLERY PURPOSES.—The Bureau of Manufactures has received a communication from a business firm in Austria-Hungary stating that it would like to hear from American firms engaged in the raising of mules, as it wishes to import a number of large and strong animals for the Austrian mounted artillery.

6,637. COTTON WEAVING MACHINERY.—An American Consul in India reports that he has received a communication from a local business man stating that he is desirous of opening a weaving establishment and wants to know where he can get the best available machinery for it, especially reeds, warping, sizing, and winding machines, with their necessary requisites.

6,638. ELECTRICAL APPARATUS AND FIXTURES.—A report from an American Consular officer in Italy states that a business firm in his district has expressed a desire to enter into communication with American manufacturers of electric lamps, with metallic filament, carbon for arc lamps, insulators, switches, and arc lamps, with a view to securing the agency.

6,639. OILS, GREASES, AND FLOUR.—A business man in a European country informs an American Consular officer that he would like to secure the agency of American exporters of cottonseed oil, animal and vegetable greases for soap making, palm oil, &c., and wheat flour.

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SALES OF STOCKS IN THE WEEK ENDED APRIL 29. TOTAL WEEK'S SALES, 1,725,941.

Range for Year 1910. High	Range for Year 1910. Low	Range for Year 1911. High. Date.	Range for Year 1911. Low. Date.	Closing Saturday, April 29. Bid.	Closing Saturday, April 29. Ask	Week's Net Change.	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid. Date.	Last Dividend Paid. Per Cent	Period.	Range for Week Ended April 29. First	High	Low	Last	Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended April 29, '11.
251	245	243 Apr. 28.	235 Jan. 20.	242	246	+11	**Adams Express Co.**	100	$12,000,000	Mar. 1, '11.	2	Q	243	243	243	243	..	100
13	7½	8⅝ Jan. 30.	7⅝ Apr. 18.	7	7½	+ ⅛	Allis-Chalmers Co.	100	19,820,000	.....	..	..	7½	7½	7½	7½	9⅞	100
54⅜	27	34 Feb. 3.	25 Apr. 21.	27½	28½	+ 1¼	Allis-Chalmers Co. pf.	100	16,050,000	Feb. 1, '04.	1¾	Q	26	28½	26	28½	35	400
90⅜	55⅛	67½ Feb. 6.	50⅜ Apr. 18.	63⅛	63½	+ 2⅜	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	153,887,900	Feb. 27, '11.	50c	Q	61⅝	64⅞	60⅜	63⅞	67¼	90,350
49½	35	59⅝ Feb. 28.	46 Jan. 3.	57	57½	+ 2⅜	American Agricultural Chem. Co.	100	17,114,100	.....	..	..	54⅞	57½	54⅞	57½	42½	2,700
47¼	24	47½ Mar. 1.	36¾ Jan. 12.	43¾	43¾	+ 2¼	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	15,000,000	.....	..	..	41½	43¾	41	43¾	38	2,200
91½	83¾	97 Feb. 27.	90 Jan. 6.	95	95½	+ 1¾	Am. Brake Shoe & Foundry Co.	100	3,600,000	Mar. 31, '11.	1¾	Q	95½	95½	95½	95½	..	100
18⅞	6⅞	11 Apr. 29.	6⅞ Jan. 6.	10⅜	10⅝	+ 1⅜	American Can Co.	100	41,233,300	.....	..	..	9⅝	11	9½	10⅝	9⅝	15,716
82¼	62	80½ Apr. 29.	74 Jan. 5.	80	80¼	+ 3½	American Can Co. pf.	100	41,233,300	Apr. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	82½	86¼	82½	86¼	72½	16,765
72⅛	30½	57½ Feb. 8.	50¼ Jan. 3.	52½	53½	+ 1¾	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	30,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1½	Q	50¾	52½	50¾	52½	58⅛	2,320
120	109	118½ Feb. 14.	114½ Mar. 13.	110	115	— ⅝	American Car & Foundry Co. pf.	100	30,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	114⅝	114⅝	114⅜	114⅜	116	145
69⅜	52⅛	62⅝ Feb. 28.	50⅛ Apr. 21.	53⅝	53⅞	+ 2⅜	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	20,237,100	Dec. 1, '10.	2½	SA	50⅞	54	50½	53⅞	90	7,010
8¼	4	4½ Jan. 31.	3⅜ Jan. 25.	3½	4¼	..	Amer. Hide & Leather Co.	100	11,274,100	.....	..	..	4	4	4	4	6¼	100
29½	16⅜	25½ Mar. 14.	17⅝ Jan. 17.	23⅜	24⅛	+ 2	American Ice Securities Co.	100	19,043,100	July 20, '07.	1¾	..	22½	24	22½	24	24⅜	1,400
17⅜	10⅜	12⅝ Feb. 14.	10⅛ Apr. 21.	11	11¼	+ ⅜	American Linseed Co.	100	16,750,000	.....	..	..	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	12⅝	100
46⅞	23½	34 Feb. 14.	30 Apr. 21.	31	33	+ 1	American Linseed Co. pf.	100	16,750,000	Sept. 1, '00.	1¾	..	31	31	31	31	35	100
62½	29	42⅜ Feb. 1.	35¾ Apr. 21.	37⅛	37¼	+ 1¼	American Locomotive Co.	100	25,000,000	Aug. 26, '08.	1½	Q	36	37	36	37	47	400
115	102½	110⅝ Mar. 6.	104 Apr. 18.	104	107	+ ⅞	American Locomotive Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Apr. 21, '11.	1¾	Q	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	110	110
48	28½	36¼ Jan. 25.	31½ Mar. 8.	33	35	..	American Malt Corp. pf.	100	8,690,500	Apr. 15, '11.	1	SA	34	34	33	33	38¾	109
104	61⅝	81⅛ Feb. 2.	70⅞ Apr. 18.	75¼	75⅜	+ 3¼	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co.	100	50,000,000	Nov. 2, '10.	1	..	72⅜	75⅝	71¼	75¼	76⅝	24,700
112⅜	98¼	106 Feb. 1.	103¼ Jan. 3.	104⅜	105	+ 1	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co. pf.	100	50,000,000	Apr. 15, '11.	1½	Q	104½	105	104⅛	105	103	820
90⅞	82	89 Feb. 2.	86 Mar. 8.	87½	87¾	..	Amer. Smelting Securities pf. B.	100	80,000,000	Mar. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛	..	200
102	95½	102 Mar. 14.	99 Apr. 6.	102½	103½	+ ½	American Snuff Co. pf.	100	12,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1½	Q	102	102	102	102	..	100
66	38	52⅛ Feb. 9.	39⅝ Apr. 7.	43½	44	+ ½	American Steel Foundries	100	16,218,000	Feb. 15, '11.	1¼	Q	44¾	44¾	43¾	43⅝	58⅞	300
127½	111⅛	122¼ Feb. 27.	113 Jan. 3.	118⅜	118¾	+ 1⅜	American Sugar Refining Co.	100	45,000,000	Apr. 3, '11.	1¾	Q	118⅜	118⅝	118⅜	118	121	500
124	111¼	119½ Feb. 14.	111 Jan. 5.	117	118	+ ½	American Sugar Refining Co. pf.	100	45,000,000	Apr. 3, '11.	1¾	Q	116⅝	116⅝	116⅝	116⅝	121	100
143⅜	126¾	147¼ Mar. 28.	140¼ Jan. 3.	145⅝	145⅞	+ ⅞	Amer. Telephone & Telegraph Co.	100	270,038,300	Apr. 15, '11.	2	Q	144¾	145⅞	144½	145⅞	133½	3,610
99⅜	90½	100¼ Mar. 14.	93½ Jan. 4.	97⅝	98	+ 1	American Tobacco pf.	100	78,680,100	Apr. 1, '11.	1½	Q	97	98	97	98	94	450
33½	25⅜	30½ Mar. 21.	30½ Jan. 3.	34⅜	35	+ 1¼	American Woolen Co.	100	20,501,000	.....	..	..	33½	35¼	33½	35	32¼	3,300
104	90⅜	96 Feb. 8.	83¾ Mar. 29.	91¼	92	+ 1½	American Woolen Co. pf.	100	40,000,000	Apr. 15, '11.	1¾	SA	29	29¼	29	29½	..	900
..	..	34⅛ Feb. 7.	27¾ Mar. 17.	29⅜	30⅛	+ ½	American Writing Paper Co. pf.	100	12,500,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1	Q	36¼	38½	36⅞	38½	40¾	3,300
54	33½	41 Feb. 6.	36⅛ Apr. 18.	38¼	38⅜	+ 1⅜	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	25	105,500,000	Apr. 19, '11.	50c	Q	51	51	51	51	..	300
52½	51	60½ Apr. 3.	48 Mar. 24.	52	54	— 3½	Associated Oil Co.	100	40,000,000	Mar. 1, '07.	$1.50	Q	..	..	..	..	107⅝	20,100
124⅛	90¾	110⅝ Mar. 29.	100¾ Jan. 3.	108⅛	108⅝	+ ⅞	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe.	100	165,653,000	Mar. 1, '11.	1½	SA	102⅝	103	102⅜	103	102¼	1,000
104¼	97	103⅜ Jan. 27.	100¾ Jan. 3.	103	103½	+ ½	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf.	100	114,199,500	Feb. 1, '11.	2½	SA	120¼	124	120¼	124	124¼	2,100
137⅛	102½	124 Feb. 7.	117 Jan. 3.	124	124½	+ 3½	Atlantic Coast Line.	100	56,964,400	Jan. 10, '11.	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
119⅛	100¼	109¼ Jan. 31.	102 Feb. 24.	104⅝	104⅞	+ 1	**Baltimore & Ohio**	100	152,304,800	Mar. 1, '11.	3	SA	103⅛	104⅜	103⅛	104⅜	107⅜	1,000
94	87¼	91 Jan. 4.	87½ Mar. 21.	88⅜	89⅛	+ 1	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	100	60,000,000	Mar. 1, '11.	2	SA	89	89	89	89	88	200
3½	2	2⅝ Jan. 27.	2 Jan. 12.	2	2⅛	..	Batopilas Mining	20	8,931,890	Dec. 31, '07.	12½c	..	2	2	2	2	2⅞	100
34⅞	21	34½ Apr. 6.	29 Jan. 12.	31⅜	32½	— ⅜	Bethlehem Steel Corporation.	100	14,862,000	.....	..	..	31½	32⅞	31½	32½	29¼	800
65	49	64½ Apr. 7.	59 Jan. 3.	61⅛	62	— ¾	Bethlehem Steel Corporation pf.	100	14,908,000	Feb. 1, '07.	3½	..	61	62¼	61	61½	59	600
82⅜	68½	79½ Feb. 6.	74⅞ Jan. 3.	78⅜	78⅞	+ 2¼	Brooklyn Rapid Transit.	100	45,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	76⅞	78⅞	76⅞	78⅛	76	16,853
158⅜	113¾	133¾ Feb. 7.	117 Apr. 18.	121¼	121½	+ 3⅜	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.	100	116,348,200	Mar. 1, '11.	3½	SA	118⅝	121½	117⅝	121½	136½	15,050
172½	143	155½ Feb. 6.	147 Jan. 3.	148	150	..	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf.	100	116,274,900	Mar. 1, '11.	3½	SA	148	148	148	148	158	100
182½	137¼	150 Feb. 1.	142⅛ Jan. 5.	144⅜	145	+ 1¼	Chicago & Northwestern.	100	130,121,700	Apr. 1, '11.	1¾	SA	134	136	134	136	142	200
162⅜	140	140 Mar. 8.	130⅛ Apr. 20.	136	145	+ 2	Chicago, St. P., Minn. & Omaha.	100	18,556,200	Feb. 20, '11.	3½	..	22	24¼	22	23⅞	..	10,700
..	..	24¼ Apr. 27.	21½ Apr. 7.	23⅝	23⅞	+ 1⅜	Chino Copper	5	3,500,000	.....	..	..	50	59	56½	58	81	400
92¼	61	66 Jan. 18.	56½ Apr. 25.	57	60	— 2	Cleve., Cin. Chi. & St. Louis.	100	47,056,303	Sept. 1, '10.	2	Q	106½	106½	106½	106½	..	50
165	*165	*166½ Apr. 28.	*166½ Apr. 28.	193⅜	..	..	Cleveland & Pittsburg.	50	11,243,700	Mar. 1, '11.	1¾	..	28½	30	28½	29⅜	36⅜	1,525
50	22½	36⅜ Feb. 6.	28½ Apr. 21.	30⅛	30¼	+ 1¼	Colorado Fuel & Iron.	100	34,253,300	Apr. 15, '02.	1¾	A	52	52	52¾	52¾	57⅝	400
63¾	46	60 Jan. 18.	51 Apr. 18.	53	55	+ 1	Colorado & Southern.	100	31,000,000	Dec. 31, '10.	2	SA	73	75⅞	73	75⅞	77¼	500
83	70	77 Jan. 24.	74¼ Mar. 27.	75	76	+ ⅝	Colorado & Southern 1st pf.	100	8,500,000	Apr. 1, '11.	2	SA	74	74	74	74	78½	100
81	70	73½ Mar. 2.	73½ Jan. 11.	72	74½	+ ½	Colorado & Southern 2d pf.	100	8,500,000	Apr. 1, '11.	2	Q	141½	145¼	140¾	144⅞	133¾	6,900
160⅜	122¼	146½ Mar. 22.	135⅜ Jan. 3.	144⅞	145	+ 3½	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	99,816,000	Mar. 15, '11.	1½	..	139¾	139¾	139½	139½	15	460
23¼	11¼	15 Jan. 5.	13½ Jan. 10.	13⅜	14⅛	— ¼	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	49,756,500	.....	..	Q	79	79	79	79	75	216
86⅜	70⅝	80⅞ Mar. 30.	74½ Jan. 10.	79	79¼	+ 1	Corn Products Refining Co. pf.	100	20,817,600	Apr. 10, '11.	1½	Q	36½	38¾	36½	36⅝	..	100
39	38	36½ Apr. 27.	35 Feb. 2.	35	37½	+ 1½	Cuban American Sugar Co.	100	7,135,600	.....	..	..	92	92	92	92	..	100
90	90	93 Mar. 22.	88½ Jan. 19.	91	92½	+ 1	Cuban American Sugar Co. pf.	100	7,893,800	Apr. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	..	..	..	..	..	..
185	149¼	172 Feb. 3.	164¼ Jan. 3.	167	168	+ ⅞	**Delaware & Hudson**	100	42,503,000	Mar. 20, '11.	2¼	Q	167⅞	167⅞	167⅞	167⅞	168¼	150
52	23¼	85 Feb. 21.	28¼ Jan. 3.	29½	30¼	+ ⅛	Denver & Rio Grande.	100	38,000,000	.....	..	..	29½	30	29⅛	29⅜	38½	1,915
84	62⅝	74 Feb. 21.	68 Jan. 5.	68	69	— 1⅜	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	100	49,772,400	Jan. 16, '11.	2½	SA	69	69⅝	68	68⅛	78	1,300
38⅜	23¼	38⅝ Mar. 1.	32⅜ Jan. 11.	34⅞	35¼	+ ⅛	Distillers' Securities Corporation.	100	30,781,400	Apr. 20, '11.	1½	Q	33⅜	35	33½	35	28¼	2,075
18⅜	10	15⅝ Mar. 30.	11 Jan. 6.	14⅜	15¼	+ ⅜	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.	100	12,000,000	.....	..	..	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼	14⅜	200
34⅝	17	30⅛ Mar. 30.	22 Jan. 6.	27½	28½	+ 2½	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic pf.	100	10,000,000	.....	..	..	28½	28	28½	27⅝	25	900
87	82½	88 Apr. 24.	82 Jan. 18.	88½	89½	— ½	Du Pont de N. Powder pf.	100	14,863,700	Apr. 25, '11.	1¼	Q	88	88	87½	87½	..	210
34⅜	19½	32¾ Feb. 15.	27¼ Jan. 11.	30⅛	30½	+ 1¾	**Erie**	100	112,378,000	.....	..	..	28⅝	30⅝	28¼	30¼	27⅜	19,800
52⅜	35	51⅞ Feb. 20.	45⅝ Jan. 12.	47⅜	48¼	+ ⅛	Erie 1st pf.	100	47,892,400	Feb. 20, '07.	2	..	46½	48¼	46¼	48¼	44	2,360
42	26¼	40⅛ Feb. 20.	35 Jan. 9.	37⅜	38¼	+ ½	Erie 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07.	2	..	37½	37¾	37¼	37½	34¼	300
61½	55	68¼ Apr. 1.	60 Feb. 1.	65	70	+ 3	Evansville & Terre Haute.	50	4,000,000	Nov. 1, '10.	5	A	65	68	65	68	..	310
88	37	65⅛ Feb. 16.	48¼ Jan. 11.	60	65	+ ½	**Federal Mining & Smelting pf.**	100	12,000,000	Mar. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	60	60	60	60	68	200
107	101⅛	108 Apr. 5.	103⅜ Jan. 11.	107¼	108½	..	**General Chemical Co. pf.**	100	12,500,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1½	Q	108⅜	108⅜	108⅜	108⅜	103	20
160¾	134	158⅞ Apr. 29.	145¼ Mar. 3.	158½	159	+ 6⅜	General Electric Co.	100	65,181,200	Apr. 15, '11.	2	Q	151⅝	158⅞	150½	158¼	146	13,400
9¼	7¾	7⅞ Jan. 3.	5½ Jan. 14.	6⅜	6¼	+ ⅛	Goldfield Consol. Mines.	10	55,591,480	Apr. 30, '11.	50c	Q	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	..	10,100
143⅞	118	131¼ Feb. 1.	122 Feb. 24.	126⅜	126¾	+ 3	Great Northern pf.	100	200,951,000	May 1, '11.	1¾	Q	123¾	126⅞	123⅜	126¾	132	9,100
80½	45	63¾ Feb. 2.	56 Jan. 5.	60	61	+ 1¾	Great Northern ctfs. for ore prop.	...	1,500,000	Mar. 15, '11.	50c	..	59	60¾	58½	60¾	62	2,600
140	102	134 Apr. 29.	128 Mar. 24.	133	140	+ 6	**Hocking Valley.**	100	11,000,000	Jan. 18, '11.	2	SA	130⅛	134	130⅛	134	..	350
147	124	138¼ Mar. 30.	132 Jan. 3.	137¼	138½	+ 1⅞	**Illinois Central.**	100	109,282,500	Mar. 1, '11.	3½	SA	136¼	137⅞	136¼	137⅞	133⅛	700
25½	14½	20⅜ Feb. 10.	17½ Apr. 22.	18	18⅜	+ 1¼	Interborough-Metropolitan	100	93,262,100	.....	..	..	17½	19⅛	17½	18⅜	19½	4,000
62⅞	41½	55⅜ Jan. 4.	47¾ Apr. 22.	51	51⅜	+ 2¾	Interborough-Metropolitan pf.	100	45,740,000	July 1, '07.	1¼	Q	48¾	52¼	48¼	51¼	52	6,000
125⅞	83⅛	121¼ Feb. 20.	109 Jan. 3.	119	119⅜	+ 1¾	International Harvester.	100	79,999,700	Apr. 15, '11.	1¼	Q	118	119½	117½	119½	90⅜	2,900
129	117	124⅞ Apr. 20.	122¼ Jan. 3.	123¾	124	— ¼	International Harvester pf.	100	60,000,000	Mar. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	124	124	124	124	122	500
16	9	13⅜ Jan. 31.	9¼ Apr. 27.	9⅝	10	..	International Paper Co.	100	17,442,900	.....	..	..	10	10¼	9¼	10	12	2,800
61½	41½	56⅜ Jan. 16.	45 Apr. 18.	49	49½	+ ¾	International Paper Co. pf.	100	22,539,700	Apr. 15, '11.	½	Q	46½	46⅞	45	46⅞	50⅜	580
54⅜	36⅝	44 Feb. 8.	38¼ Apr. 18.	40½	41	+ 2	International Steam Pump Co.	100	17,762,500	Apr. 1, '05.	½	Q	39¼	40½	38½	40½	42⅜	1,200
90⅜	78½	89⅜ Mar. 20.	84½ Jan. 26.	87⅜	88	— 1½	International Steam Pump Co. pf.	100	11,350,000	May 1, '11.	1½	Q	87⅜	87⅞	87¼	87⅞	..	500
30	15	19⅞ Feb. 3.	16 Apr. 22.	15⅜	16¼	+ ⅜	Iowa Central.	100	8,524,400	.....	..	..	16¼	16⅜	16	16⅜	20	1,600
54¼	25	33⅜ Feb. 7.	28 Apr. 24.	28	29	— 1⅛	Iowa Central pf.	100	5,673,700	May 1, '00.	1½	..	28	29⅜	28	28⅛	38	2,550
80	68	75¼ Mar. 16.	74 Apr. 8.	74	76	..	**Kan. City, Ft. Scott & Mem. pf.**	100	13,510,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1	Q	74	74	74	74	..	43
44¼	23	35½ Feb. 21.	32 Jan. 3.	33½	35	+ ⅞	Kansas City Southern.	100	30,000,000	.....	..	..	32¾	33½	32⅝	33½	32¼	800
45	34	48 Apr. 12.	38 Feb. 16.	42	46	— 2	**Lackawanna Steel Co.**	100	34,978,000	.....	..	..	45½	45½	44	44	..	225
116½	93¾	114½ Jan. 20.	102 Apr. 18.	104¼	104⅝	+ 2¼	Laclede Gas Co.	100	9,500,000	Apr. 6, '11.	10	Ex	102	104⅜	102	104⅜	100¼	3,800
25⅜	15	16¼ Feb. 1.	15 Apr. 21.	14	17	..	Lake Erie & Western.	100	11,840,000	.....	..	..	14	14	14	14	17	50
186	173¼	181¾ Feb. 3.	168⅜ Apr. 24.	173	173½	+ 3	Lehigh Valley.	50	60,501,500	Jan. 14, '11.	5	SA	169⅜	173½	168⅜	173	..	23,900
159⅜	131½	148⅜ Jan. 18.	142½ Jan. 25.	146½	146⅝	+ 2½	Louisville & Nashville.	100	60,000,000	Feb. 10, '11.	3½	SA	143⅜	146½	143½	146½	145	3,100
98	79	95 Feb. 2.	90½ Apr. 25.	89	93½	— 3	**Mackay Companies**	100	41,380,400	Apr. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	90¼	90¼	90½	90½	88⅞	100
146	123	141 Jan. 6.	134 Mar. 28.	136	138	— 1	Manhattan Elevated.	100	40,000,000	Apr. 1 '11.	1¾	Q	137	137	135¼	136	134	525
..	..	70 Apr. 28.	70 Apr. 28.	69	71	..	May Dept. Stores Co.	100	15,000,000	.....	..	..	70	70	70	70	..	300
..	..	20½ Apr. 27.	18¼ Apr. 18.	19	20	+ 1½	Miami Copper.	5	3,320,570	.....	..	..	19	20½	19	20	..	7,355
53¾	23	31 Feb. 15.	21½ Apr. 26.	23⅜	24	+ 1½	Minneapolis & St. Louis.	100	6,000,000	July 15, '04.	2½	..	21½	23⅞	21½	23⅞	34¾	2,200
80	40	42 Mar. 22.	35 Mar. 13.	37¼	37⅝	+ ⅛	Minneapolis & St. Louis pf.	100	4,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	2½	..	36⅜	38	36¾	37⅝	..	1,100
145	114	152¼ Mar. 30.	132¼ Jan. 4.	139½	140¼	+ 4¾	Minneapolis, St. P. & S. S. Marie.	100	20,831,900	Apr. 15, '11.	3½	SA	136⅞	140½	136¾	140	137	6,575
155½	144	160 Mar. 30.	147⅜ Jan. 6.	151	153	— 3½	Minn., St. P. & S. S. Marie pf.	100	10,415,900	Apr. 15, '11.	3½	SA	150	153	150	153	..	450
..	..	8⅛ Mar. 31.	6¾ Apr. 19.	..	..	+ ¼	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M. rights.	..	..	.....	..	..	7	7⅝	7	7¼	..	6,728
92⅜	86¼	90½ Mar. 15.	88⅝ Mar. 24.	88½	89⅛	+ ½	M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line.	100	11,145,500	Apr. 1, '11.	2	SA	89¼	89½	89¼	89½	88¼	600
51½	27	36⅜ Feb. 8.	31 Feb. 24.	32¾	34	+ 1⅞	Missouri, Kansas & Texas.	100	63,300,300	.....	..	..	32¼	33	32	32⅞	39½	1,800
74⅝	57	68¼ Mar. 29.	63½ Jan. 16.	64	67	..	Missouri, Kansas & Texas pf.	100	13,000,000	Nov. 10, '10.	2	SA	67	67	67	67	68½	100
73⅝	41	63 Feb. 15.	45⅝ Apr. 19.	48⅝	49	+ ⅝	Missouri Pacific.	100	83,112,500	Jan. 30, '08.	2½	..	48¼	49¼	47⅝	48⅞	68½	30,940
140	125	150 Apr. 20.	140¼ Jan. 19.	146	155	..	**Nashville, Chat. & St. Louis.**	100	10,000,000	Feb. 1, '11.	3	SA	150	150	150	150	..	210
119½	100	141 Apr. 4.	117¼ Jan. 16.	133	136	..	National Biscuit Co.	100	29,236,000	Apr. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	133	133	133	133	106	100
125	118⅜	130 Feb. 4.	124 Jan. 20.	126½	128	— 1⅜	National Biscuit Co. pf.	100	24,804,500	Feb. 28, '11.	1¾	Q	126⅜	126⅝	126⅝	126⅝	122¼	100
89

¶ An individual as executor or administrator is often called upon for services in which he is totally inexperienced.

¶ When we act in either capacity it is with the knowledge that comes from twenty-five years' training in such work.

¶ The fees are established by law. A trust company receives no more than an individual.

LONG ISLAND LOAN & TRUST COMPANY
TEMPLE BAR, 44 COURT ST.
BROOKLYN

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY
Wall Street Corner Nassau
Authorized to act as Executor under Wills, Administrator, Guardian.
Trustee for Individuals, Corporations and Municipalities. Fiscal Agent.
Transfer Agent and Registrar of Stocks and Bonds.
Receiver, Assignee or Committee.
Temporary Offices
113 BROADWAY

The Washington Trust Co.
of the City of New York.
253 BROADWAY.
Allows Interest on Deposits.
Guardian, Executor, Trustee, Administrator.

Guaranty Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N. Y.
London Branch, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital and Surplus.....$23,000,000
Deposits.....133,000,000

Trustee for Personal Trusts
Astor Trust Co.
Fifth Avenue and 36th St., New York

The Niagara Falls Power Co.
6% DEBENTURES,
CANADIAN COLLATERAL, SERIES B,
AND
6% DEBENTURES,
CANADIAN COLLATERAL, SERIES C,
CALL FOR PAYMENT AND REDEMPTION
AT NOVEMBER 1, 1911.
15 Broad Street, New York, N. Y.,
April 24, 1911.

To the Holders of
6% Debentures issued by The Niagara Falls Power Company,
CANADIAN COLLATERAL, SERIES B,
CANADIAN COLLATERAL, SERIES C,

Please Take Notice:

That pursuant to the provisions and reservations of the debentures above named and of the respective trust indentures hereinafter referred to hereby The Niagara Falls Power Company CALLS FOR REDEMPTION AND PAYMENT on November 1, 1911, all of the outstanding 6% Debentures, Canadian Collateral of Series B, issued under and secured by two certain trust indentures executed and delivered by the undersigned to Morton Trust Company, as Trustee, dated July 1, 1904, and November 17, 1904, respectively, and also all of the outstanding 6% Debentures, Canadian Collateral, of Series C, issued under and secured by a certain trust indenture executed and delivered by the undersigned to The Standard Trust Company of New York, dated November 1, 1906.

On the said first day of November, 1911, at the office of Bankers' Trust Company, 7 Wall Street, New York, hereby designated as the agency of the undersigned in the City of New York, N. Y., for such purpose, the undersigned will redeem all of such debentures and will pay the principal amount thereof in full, together with all interest accrued thereon up to that date and unpaid.

In accordance with the provisions of the said trust indentures, severally and respectively, all interest on any such debentures will cease on November 1, 1911, and the undersigned may deposit with the trustee of the respective indentures securing the same, to the credit of each such debenture then remaining unpresented, designated by its serial number, a sum of money equal to the principal thereof, together with all interest thereon accrued to the first day of November, 1911, and remaining unpaid; and such deposit shall be full payment of such unpresented debentures and all coupons belonging thereto, as between the undersigned and the respective holders of such debentures.

By order of the Board of Directors,
THE NIAGARA FALLS POWER COMPANY.
By EDWARD A. WICKES, President.

6% GOLD MORTGAGE BONDS
A Safe, Stable Investment
Denominations $100—$500—$1000
Secured by a Trust Mortgage on Entire Assets of Company
NEW YORK REAL ESTATE SECURITY COMPANY
42 Broadway
Write for Information—Circular "56."

Nat. R'way of Mexico 4½% Notes
Chesapeake & Ohio 4½% Notes
Mo., Kan. & Texas 5% Notes
Otis El. Convert. 5% Bonds
Crocker-Wheeler Common
Studebaker Preferred
SIEGEL & CO
Tel. 3354 Broad 40 Broad St., N.Y.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society
Come and visit our new and larger offices in the Potter Building, 38 Park Row, New York City.
4½%

WHEAT WAITING ON NEW CROP

Prospects Good for Bumper Yield with Government Report Almost Due.

CORN AND OATS HEAVY

Cotton Meets First Crop Scare of the Season While Demand Increases.

With the first of May here the wheat market is losing steadily the influence of the old crop and getting more and more under the influence of the new crop. Harvesting of new Winter wheat in the Far Southwest is barely six weeks off and the reports from the Far Southwest, Texas and Oklahoma indicate much improved prospects of the wheat standing for harvest. In Oklahoma the improvement has been so marked that there is now believed to be a possibility of a large crop. The prospects in Tennessee and Kentucky are good. The Kansas State report, which was issued during the week, was better than the Government report for April 1, and promises but little under the previous high record outturn.

The situation new-crop-wise is certainly very promising. In portions of Kansas the crop is thin, but that is in the far western part, and is thin in some sections of Ohio. Otherwise, the outlook is for possibly a record Winter wheat crop outturn. A factor to be reckoned with this season is a probable revision of the acreage figures. The Census Bureau will before long have the figures for the actual acreage of the crops and if history repeats itself there will be a revision upward in the figures for the areas planted.

Of course the report, which will be issued on May 8, will give the estimated abandoned area, based on the Government figures reported in December. The Kansas State report made the area abandoned in that State 23 per cent., or something like 1,600,000 acres. The abandonment elsewhere is not expected to be particularly heavy. The actual area abandoned last year, as reported by the Government, was 4,432,000 acres.

During the last ten years the amounts reported abandoned have varied from 954,000 acres minimum up to 4,932,000 acres maximum. The average abandonment for ten years has been 8.6 per cent. The per cent. last year was 13.3. An abandonment of 8.6 per cent. this year which would average for the last ten years would be 2,965,000 acres. It may prove, however, that the final areas as they are revised on the Census Bureau findings may show a large enough increase, providing history repeats itself, to possibly offset such abandonment. The Census Bureau reports have in the past made the farm areas devoted to crops considerably larger than the Agricultural Department has reported. The reason for this is that the Agricultural Department figures are based on percentages of increases or decreases from year to year dating back to the previous census, and before the ten years are up they have heretofore been below the actual areas devoted to the crops.

In the Northwest the situation has been extremely favorable for the completion of seeding. There has been ample rain for the early germination and growth of the crop, and the weather conditions have been almost perfect for field work and the rushing forward of the seeding. Private reports generally indicate some increase in the wheat area of the American Northwest. The completion of seeding does not make the crop, but if it is completed under favorable weather and soil conditions it's a good start. In the Canadian Northwest the conditions have been equally favorable, and the increase in acreage in the Canadian Northwest is estimated at over 10 per cent. An estimate made up at the close of the week by a Northwestern milling authority placed the acreage in the Canadian Northwest at 9,750,000 acres, which is fully three-quarters of the area devoted to wheat in Minnesota and North Dakota.

The old crop situation is complicated by the congestion in the Chicago May delivery and possibility of further manipulation. As a result of the premium on wheat, brought about by this manipulation the movement of wheat has increased fully 50 per cent. this week over last year, this being the first gain since Jan. 1. The movement up to this week has shown a steady decrease. Reports indicate that farmers are more willing to sell as a result of the very favorable promise for the new crop, while the distribution from interior points shows a decrease compared with last year. Abroad the markets have been irregular. The European distribution of wheat continues large, but there has been by no means the anxiety shown this week that there was last, and European demand has been for rather limited amounts of American wheat. With the very favorable promise for the new American crop, the question of the foreign demand for the old crop is of unusual importance. Foreign crop prospects are somewhat irregular. There are complaints from Germany, Austria-Hungary, and Russia. As a result of the uncertainty the foreign situation will be a very important factor in the price movement for some time.

CORN.

The corn market has maintained a very firm undertone, and prices have slowly improved. The improvement has been the result of an oversold, speculative position, trying to slowly right itself, while the demand for cash corn has been persistent, and cash prices have advanced more rapidly than the futures. From the low point on July corn at the West the market has gained about 6c, while the May corn gained 7c, and cash corn gained from 7c to 10c. The demand for corn for export continues. Only a moderate amount of the business done is reported, as so much of it is for forward shipment based on a contract delivery, and these sales extend through the Summer. This absorption of corn has been a very important factor in the strengthening of the cash position. The advance in the nearby deliveries has been accompanied by a material increase in Western receipts, notwithstanding the fact that farmers have been extremely busy with field work. Letters from country points indicate that there will be a free movement probably, if planting is completed in good shape. The weather conditions have been most excellent for the advancement of field work, and the preparation of land for corn has been advanced rapidly. Two weeks more of reasonably fair weather will make a vast difference with the situation. The weather therefore must be carefully studied. The next important factor will be the size of this movement of corn, and whether it will be sufficient to fill the foreign demand and leave a surplus still for sale.

OATS.

The oats market has ruled very steady. Futures have been influenced materially by the firmness of wheat and corn, and there has been a disposition to keep off the selling side until the new crop was seeded and farmers were showing disposition to merchandize the balance of their old crop. The weather has been extremely favorable for seeding operations, and the early oats are reported up and looking well through the Central West while in the Northwest seeding of oats has followed rapidly after the seeding of wheat. The situation so far has been about all that could be desired. Ten days more of good weather in the American and Canadian Northwest will see seeding practically complete. The movement of old oats has been increasing, and this week the receipts at interior points have gained 1,100,000 bushels, showing that the recent improvement in price and the favorable development of the new crop is having effect on the country movement.

PROVISIONS.

The market has developed a much steadier undertone in hog products during the past week. The actual improvement in futures has been small, but the market has shown a resistance and a fairly ready recovery from declines. This steadiness has induced some change of feeling as to the possible low point in product values as a result of the enormous increase in packing. The packing last week showed an increase of 185,000 hogs over last year, and the increase since March 1 has been about 1,250,000 hogs. This with the increased weights has brought a material accumulation in stocks of product, and the recent estimates have indicated a large gain for the past month at Chicago. The supplies of hogs in the country are now generally admitted to be materially more than last year. Reports by those who have made careful inspection and investigation of the Western condition show that there are not only a larger increase in number of hogs, but the number of pigs is largely increased, so that the supply which will be available for market during Summer and Fall will undoubtedly be of very liberal proportions.

COTTONSEED OIL.

The advance in the cottonseed oil market the past week was characterized by the gradual upward movement of prices and the maintenance of the gain rather than by spasmodic spurts and subsequent reactions that have been witnessed on various other occasions. The enhancement of values was all the more impressive when the lard market is taken into consideration, especially as it is generally conceded that fluctuations in pure lard will be a factor of importance in determining the demand for cottonseed oil for the balance of the season; it being realized that consumers of the compound articles will not change their cautious attitude materially, so long as pure lard is unsettled.

The cottonseed oil market shows gains of slightly over 25 points from the low of the season, while the gain in lard values from the low at Chicago has also been almost 25 points, so that the movement of both products, while somewhat irregular, has not been entirely disproportionate. Crude oil at the South developed a great deal of strength and shows an advance of approximately 40 points from the low of the season, the gain of last week amounting to about 27 points, while futures in the interior have only gained approximately 17 points.

There has been a slight change for the better in the consumptive inquiry, with demand stimulated by the steadiness displayed in values, especially as the leading refining interests showed a disposition to render support to the future market at various times. Foreigners have evinced an improved inquiry, while the new crop months in cottonseed oil reflected less favorable conditions in the cotton belt, although the apprehension expressed was not great enough to result in important buying, as it is realized that at the worst the plant is only a little late, potent offsetting features being an increased acreage and larger use of fertilizers.

COTTON.

Developments last week in the local cotton market taking in their entirety, received a bullish construction, or at the least there was an indisposition toward giving especial attention to factors of bearish import. The control of the near months was looked upon as being quite complete with large interests working in harmony, and incidents transpiring on the first notice day for May delivery were of a character so as to lead to a belief that leading holders at present contemplate extending their campaign for higher prices into July and possibly August. Notices to the extent of 40,000 bales were in circulation, and while in the course of their routine passing, some scattered liquidation occurred, the cotton was finally taken in by spot interests and other bulls, with additional contracts purchased openly in the future market. The first crop scare of the season was also witnessed, and as a result of the abnormally heavy rain in many sections of the belt, there were many private dispatches stating that the plant was receiving a late start with considerable replanting necessary. On the other hand The Journal of Commerce had returns from 1,600 correspondents, showing that the acreage increase is quite general at the South, and averaging 5.5 per cent., while the increased use of fertilizers is placed at 10 per cent. Norden & Co. estimated the enlargement over last year's acreage at 7 per cent., while Miss Giles in her preliminary report placed the increment at 5 per cent. All authorities generally spoke of the lateness of the plant, although in conservative quarters it was believed that with a period of warm and clear weather this can be overcome, while undoubtedly the immense acreage sown in conjunction with improved farming methods should prove an important offset to a certain percentage of damage claimed, or probable. It will be remembered that it was just a little over a year ago when the South was visited by a severe rain and hail storm, accompanied with unseasonably low temperatures, necessitating considerable replanting, so that there are many inclined to the belief that farmers have benefited from the experience of last year, preferring a start not quite so early.

Latest predictions, however, were for unsettled conditions over the South, and the period of unfavorable weather being experienced in connection with the strength of the old crop months has awakened outside interests which the past week has been in greater volume than for some time and has been mainly on the buying side. The strength in the new crop months, even prior to this increase in outside demand, was impressive, as despite favorable crop reports which were then being received, bears made little headway in depressing values, and when attempts were made to cover commitments it was realized that the buying had been of a better character than the selling, partly credited to spinners who were hedging future requirements. Straddling operations also accounted for a good proportion of the demand for the new crop months, as the price level at Liverpool was such as to make the purchases locally and sales abroad attractive.

The domestic trade situation, despite the improvement in the raw material, has not changed materially, the advance in cotton only tending to result in higher asking prices, but in more instances increased curtailment, which at present is greater than at any time during the season. These conditions, however, are not receiving much attention, as spinners' takings continue in excess of last year, although the proportionate increase from week to week is smaller. Owing to the advance in the new crop months to above 13 cents there is apprehension as to conditions that will exist in next season's trade circles, especially as many authorities express the opinion that a 13,000,000-bale crop cannot be looked upon in the same as two or three years ago. There is on the other hand, a general tendency for mill conditions to improve, as it is being emphasized by the efforts being made toward conducting business on a more economical basis, one of the principal steps in this direction being the merging of many organizations. Prices in cotton goods can be more readily sustained as a result, with less competition in securing supplies of the raw material.

The fact that less cotton has been shipped from the South on the advance in values than was earlier anticipated has been a potent factor in imbuing confidence among bulls. The light shipments have been partly due to the good demand from abroad, which has resulted in southern spots advancing quite as rapidly as futures, and the incentive therefore for delivering cotton on New York contract has been lessened by the enhancement in values rather than increased. On March 1 spots at Galveston, New Orleans, and Memphis were quoted at 14¾, 14 9-16, and 14⅞, respectively. May in the future market locally was then quoted at 14.58. In the early part of April Galveston and New Orleans spots were 14¾, with Memphis 14⅞, while May in the New York future market was 14.40. Latest spot quotations for Galveston are officially given at 15¼, New Orleans and Memphis also 15¼, and May in New York is quoted at 15.27.

Exports so far this year are 1,592,000 bales greater than last year, the amount on shipboard, according to The Chronicle, being 65,000 bales against 82,000 last year. Into sight is 1,391,000 bales larger than last year, total to date being 10,915,000 bales. Spinners' takings of American cotton 628,000 bales greater, and of all kinds of cotton 404,000 bales in excess of last year. The visible supply as a total amounts to 3,728,000 bales, according to The Chronicle, against 3,623,000 last year and 4,541,000 two years ago. Great Britain stocks are 381,000 bales larger than last year, and Continental stocks practically the same. Port stocks in this country are 108,000 bales smaller than last year, interior stock about the same as in 1910, the total stock being 733,000 bales.

NEW PENNSYLVANIA TRAINS.

Company Announces Important Changes in Its Service.

Several changes in the train service of the Pennsylvania Railroad went into effect yesterday. Some of them affected the through trains, but most of them were in the commuting service, caused by the advent of Spring and the removal of city workers to their Summer homes.

Train 19 will now be called the Chicago, Cincinnati, and Cleveland Express instead of the Cleveland and Cincinnati Express.

The service to St. Louis was affected by the substitution of a new train—the Southwestern Mail—which will leave the Pennsylvania Station at 6:30 P. M., for the St. Louis Limited, which left at 11 A. M. and arrived at St. Louis at 12:55 P. M. The latter will be taken off, as will also the New York Limited, which left St. Louis at 1:02 P. M. and reached the Pennsylvania Station at 4:56 P. M.

Both the Florida Special, via the Atlantic Coast Line, for St. Augustine, Fla., and the Florida Limited, via the Seaboard Air Line, for Jacksonville, Fla., have been dropped.

For the sake of commuters two new Saturday afternoon trains have been put on. The Half-Holiday New Brunswick will leave the Jersey City Station each Saturday at 1:20 P. M. and will arrive at Millstone Junction at 2:21 P. M. The Half-Holiday Rahway will leave Jersey City each Saturday at 2:23 P. M. and will arrive at Perth Amboy Junction at 2:56 P. M.

Two new trains have been put on between Haddonfield Junction and Morris Junction. One will leave Haddonfield Junction at 4:59 P. M. and will reach Morris Junction at 5:09 P. M.; the other will leave Morris Junction at 3:25 P. M. and will arrive at Haddonfield Junction at 3:34 P. M.

A new train, to be known as the New York and Trenton Local, will leave the Pennsylvania Station at 4:24 P. M., arriving at Trenton at 5:56 P. M., and another new local will leave Trenton at 9:12 A. M. and arrive at the Pennsylvania Station at 10:30 A. M.

Those who wish to go to Atlantic City will be able to take, on Saturdays only, the New York and Atlantic City Express at the Pennsylvania Station at 1:20 P. M., which will arrive at Atlantic City at 4:30 P. M., and can return from Atlantic City on Sunday afternoon, leaving at 4 P. M. and arriving at the Pennsylvania Station at 7:16 P. M. The Sunday afternoon train will not have any day coaches.

WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

The very interesting and expectant situation of the market for bonds, with its significance in connection with the general business situation, is described in a special article in to-day's NEW YORK TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL AND QUOTATION REVIEW.

The problem of the investment stock holdings of the life insurance companies, whether or not they must put the securities on the market or be relieved by the repeal of the insurance law of New York, is discussed. The refusal of railroads entirely within States to make traffic agreements covering inter-State commerce, in order to avoid coming under authority of the Commerce Commission, is explained. Other articles deal with the iron and coal traffic, the new system of paying customs duties, foreign investments in Germany.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

WHEREAS THE UNDERSIGNED ARE partners in and propose to continue to conduct the business of Hollister, Fish & Co., a partnership in this State, having business relations with foreign countries, upon the dissolution thereof by limitation and the retirement therefrom of Messrs. Harold L. Fish and Livingston Whitney, on April 30th, 1911, and make use in the continued partnership of the firm name of Hollister, Fish & Co., pursuant to Article 8, Chapter 44, Laws of 1909, (Partnership, Law, Consolidated Laws, Chapter 38,) and acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto,

Now, therefore, we, the undersigned, whose names and places of residence are as follows, viz.:

GEORGE TROWBRIDGE HOLLISTER, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York.
HENRY H. HOLLISTER, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York.
EDWIN MORTIMER BARNES, Ridgefield Park, New Jersey.

Do hereby certify, purusuant to said statute, that we are persons intending to deal under said firm name of Hollister, Fish & Co.

Dated, New York City, April 27th, 1911.

G. TROWBRIDGE HOLLISTER. [Seal.]
H. H. HOLLISTER, [Seal.]
E. MORTIMER BARNES. [Seal.]

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this 27th day of April, 1911, before me personally appeared George Trowbridge Hollister, Henry H. Hollister, and Edwin Mortimer Barnes, to me known and known to me to be the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they severally duly acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

[Seal.] FREDERICK S. HURST,
Notary Public Kings Co. Cert. filed in N. Y. Co., and in Kings and N. Y. Co. Reg's Offices.

THE FIRM OF
HODENPYL, WALBRIDGE & COMPANY
has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

ANTON G. HODENPYL,
HENRY D. WALBRIDGE,
GEORGE E. HARDY.

April 30th, 1911.

The undersigned announce that they have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of

HODENPYL, HARDY & COMPANY,
with offices at Seven Wall Street, New York City, and are engaged in the business of operating and acquiring public utility properties and dealing in Bonds, Stocks, and other Securities.

ANTON G. HODENPYL,
GEORGE E. HARDY.
BERNARD C. COBB.
JOHN C. WEADOCK.
WILLIAM H. BARTHOLD.

May 1st, 1911.

We beg to announce that we have this day become associated in business under the name of

H. D. WALBRIDGE & COMPANY,
with offices at Seven Wall Street, New York, for the purpose of acquiring, financing, and operating Railway, Gas, and Electric properties and dealing in Securities.

HENRY D. WALBRIDGE.
JAMES K. ANDREWS.
HIRAM S. BROWN.
FRANCIS E. HAAG.

May 1st, 1911.

TAYLOR, AUCHINCLOSS & JOOST,
30 Broadway, New York, May 1st, 1911.

The Limited Copartnership existing under the firm name of TAYLOR, AUCHINCLOSS & JOOST expires this day by limitation.

HENRY F. TAYLOR,
SAM SLOAN AUCHINCLOSS,
SHERMAN B. JOOST,
JAMES C. AUCHINCLOSS,
General Partners.
ALEXANDER HARVEY TIERS,
Special Partner.

TAYLOR, AUCHINCLOSS & JOOST,
30 Broadway, New York, May 1st, 1911.

The undersigned have this day formed a limited copartnership under the firm name of TAYLOR, AUCHINCLOSS & JOOST, for the transaction of a general brokerage business in securities:

HENRY F. TAYLOR,
Member of N. Y. Stock Exchange.
SHERMAN B. JOOST,
WILLIAM R. GELSTON,
JAMES C. AUCHINCLOSS,
Member of N. Y. Stock Exchange,
General Partners.
ROBERT STEWART CROCKER,
Special Partner.

We have pleasure in announcing that Mr. T. Towar Bates has to-day been admitted to partnership in this firm.

GRAHAM, VAUGHAN & CO.,
44 Pine Street.
May 1, 1911.

Houston & Texas Central First Mortgage Bonds.

Notice of Bonds Drawn for Payment

The Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company, having in its possession cash proceeds from sales of lands covered by Trust Indenture between Frederic P. Olcott, the Central Trust Company of New York, and the Southern Pacific Company, dated April 1, 1890, which are applicable to the purchase of the Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company's First Mortgage Bonds, secured by such indenture to an amount sufficient at the price limited in said Trust Indenture to purchase and retire 85 of such bonds, and, it having been found that such bonds cannot be purchased at or below 110 per centum of the par value thereof and accrued interest thereon, there have been drawn by lot, under the provisions of such Trust Indenture, Bonds secured thereby bearing the distinguishing numbers hereinafter stated, to be paid for out of such proceeds of such land sales at the said rate of 110 per centum of the par value thereof and accrued interest thereon.

The distinguishing numbers of the bonds so drawn are as follows, viz.:

15	987	1765	2208	3333	4323	6334	7481
132	1026	1830	2216	3493	4802	6434	7571
203	1150	1831	2487	3508	4845	6591	7621
206	1245	1840	2526	3546	5210	6621	7692
272	1263	1988	2578	3563	5445	6629	7826
422	1268	2000	2721	3920	5508	6879	7841
516	1339	2015	2894	3928	5600	6880	8028
676	1411	2029	2916	3977	5751	6969	8063
692	1414	2042	2953	4026	5798	7084	
762	1536	2107	3011	4153	6004	7255	
770	1647	2163	3310	4190	6284	7347	

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The bonds bearing such distinguishing numbers will be paid for at the rate above mentioned, viz., 110 per centum, and accrued interest, upon presentation thereof, with all unmatured coupons attached thereto, at the office of the Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company, 120 Broadway, New York City.

The bonds so drawn will cease to bear interest from and after sixty days' published notice of such drawing, viz., from and after the 29th day of May, 1911.

Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company
By R. S. LOVETT,
President.

New York, March 30, 1911.

To the Bondholders of the Fairmont Coal Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Guaranty Trust Company of New York has resigned as Trustee under the First Mortgage from the Fairmont Coal Company to it, dated June 27th, 1901, and the Mortgage supplemental thereto dated February 8th, 1902, and that pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions thereof, the Fairmont Coal Company has appointed the United States Mortgage and Trust Company as new or substituted Trustee under said Fairmont Coal Company First Mortgage dated June 27th, 1901, and Mortgage supplemental thereto dated February 8th, 1902.

FAIRMONT COAL COMPANY,
By J. H. WHEELWRIGHT, President.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE KENTUCKY FIRST MORTGAGE 5% SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS OF THE CONSOLIDATION COAL COMPANY

Secured by its Kentucky First Mortgage or Deed of Trust, dated December 1, 1908.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that THE CONSOLIDATION COAL COMPANY will redeem ALL of its outstanding Kentucky First Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds on the first day of June, 1911, that being a semi-annual interest date, in accordance with the provisions contained in the Kentucky First Mortgage or Deed of Trust, dated December 1st, 1908, from The Consolidation Coal Company to The Fidelity Trust Company, (Baltimore, Md.,) Trustee.

Said bonds will be redeemed and payment therefor made at the office of The Fidelity Trust Company, Trustee, 200 N. Charles Street, Baltimore, Md., or at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, New York, the place at which said bonds and the interest coupons thereto attached are made payable.

Holders of the said bonds are notified to present them for payment at the office of the Trustee or of said Guaranty Trust Company of New York, on the first day of June, 1911, at which time and place they will receive, as provided in said Kentucky First Mortgage or Deed of Trust:

106% of the face or Par value of each bond with accrued interest to June 1st, 1911, and at which date all interest on said bonds will cease.

Dated at Baltimore, Maryland, the 21st day of Feoruary, 1911.

J. H. WHEELWRIGHT,
President, The Consolidation Coal Co.

The Company having deposited funds with the Guaranty Trust Company of New York for the redemption of the above bonds, holders thereof may present them to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, at any time on or after this date, and will receive therefor 106 and accrued interest.

T. K. STUART,
Assistant Treasurer.
Baltimore, Maryland, February 21st, 1911.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE CORPORATE BONDS OF THE SOMERSET COAL COMPANY

Secured by its Mortgage or Deed of Trust, dated Jan. 29, 1902.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the said SOMERSET COAL COMPANY will redeem ALL of its outstanding bonds on the first day of August, 1911, that being a semi-annual interest date, in accordance with the provisions contained in the Mortgage or Deed of Trust, dated January 29th, 1902, from the Somerset Coal Company to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Trustee.

Said bonds will be redeemed and payment therefor made at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, New York, the place at which said bonds and the interest coupons thereto attached are made payable.

Holders of the said bonds are notified to present them for payment at the office of the said Guaranty Trust Company of New York, on the first day of August, 1911, at which time and place they will receive, as provided in said Mortgage or Deed of Trust:

110% of the face or Par value of each bond with accrued interest to August 1st, 1911, and at which date all interest on said bonds will cease.

Dated at Baltimore, Maryland, the 23rd day of February, 1911.

J. H. WHEELWRIGHT,
Vice President, Somerset Coal Company.

The Company having deposited funds with the Guaranty Trust Company of New York for the redemption of the above bonds, holders thereof may present them to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, at any time on or after this date, and will receive therefor 110 and accrued interest.

T. K. STUART, Treasurer.
Baltimore, Maryland, February 23rd, 1911.

GEORGIA AND FLORIDA RAILWAY.

This is to give notice that Georgia and Florida Railway has, pursuant to the provisions of the mortgage, or deed of trust hereinafter referred to, by due corporate action, appointed THE BALTIMORE TRUST COMPANY, a corporation duly incorporated under the laws of the State of Maryland, and having its principal office at No. 25 East Baltimore Street, in the City of Baltimore, Maryland, successor in the office of Trustee under a certain mortgage or deed of trust executed and delivered by this Company to International Trust Company of Maryland, as Trustee, dated August 16, 1907.

The said The Baltimore Trust Company was formed by the consolidation of the International Trust Company of Maryland and The Baltimore Trust and Guarantee Company, all of them being Maryland corporations.

GEORGIA AND FLORIDA RAILWAY,
By JOHN SKELTON WILLIAMS,
President.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF LIQUIDATION OF THE CITY DEBT.

Room 206, City Hall Annex.
New Orleans, La., April 4th, 1911.

The Board of Liquidation of City Debt, acting under authority of Act No. 19 of the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana for the Session of 1904, and Act No. 3 of said General Assembly for the Session of 1908, and Act No. 23 of said General Assembly for the Session of 1910, as amended by Act No. 5 of said General Assembly for the Second Extra Session of 1910, which said Acts No. 19 of 1904 and No. 116 of 1908 have been adopted and ratified by Constitutional Amendment, and have become part of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, will receive sealed proposals at its office in the City of New Orleans, State of Louisiana, up to twelve o'clock noon on the eighth day of May, 1911, for the purchase of $7,000,000.00 in face value of New Public Improvement Bonds of the City of New Orleans, authorized by and to be issued under and subject to the provisions of the acts aforementioned, and the Constitutional Amendment ratifying same.

Said bonds are of the denomination of One Thousand Dollars each and bear interest at the rate of four per cent. (4%) per annum, evidenced by interest coupons attached, payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July of each year respectively. Said bonds are by law exempt from taxation, State, Parish, and Municipal.

Said bonds are payable January 1, 1942, and are subject to call at the option of the City of New Orleans after January 1, 1928, and are and will be issued under and subject to the statutes aforementioned, all of which are hereby referred to and made part of this advertisement for greater certainty and particularity.

Said proposals shall be received under and subject to the following conditions to wit:

1. That no sale shall be made of any of the said bonds unless the aggregate of bids received shall be for the full amount of said bonds, to wit, $7,000,000.00 in face value.

2. Said bonds shall be adjudicated to the highest bidder or bidders, provided that said bonds, or any part thereof, shall not be adjudicated for less than par and accrued interest, less a commission or deduction not to exceed six per centum (6%) on the principal thereof.

3. All matured interest coupons on said bonds shall be cut from said bonds and canceled, and the successful bidder or bidders shall pay the interest which may have accrued on said bonds up to the date of delivery.

4. Said bonds shall be paid for by the successful bidder or bidders in cash as fast as they can be signed and delivered, and all of said bonds shall be delivered in not more than sixty days from the date of the opening of said bids.

5. No bid will be received or considered unless accompanied by a certified check on some chartered bank in the City of New Orleans for an amount equal to three per cent. of the amount of the said bid; said check shall be made to the order of the Board of Liquidation of the City Debt, and the check or checks of the successful bidder or bidders shall be cashed and the proceeds retained by the Board of Liquidation of the City Debt as a guarantee that the successful bidder or bidders, respectively, will comply with its or their bids, and the said proceeds shall be applied to the payment of the bonds last delivered to the said bidder or bidders respectively. In case of the neglect or refusal to comply with any bid the proceeds of said check shall be forfeited to the Sewerage & Water Board.

6. Any local bank or banks that may bid for said bonds may stipulate in its or their bids that it or they desire to be awarded the custody of the Public Improvement Fund, as provided by Act. No. 23 of the General Assembly for the Session of 1910, amended by Act No. 5 of said General Assembly for the Second Extra Session of 1910.

7. If any local bank or banks should, pursuant to the statutes aforesaid, be awarded the custody and deposit of the Public Improvement Fund, as established by law, the said local bank or banks shall be required to pay the rate of interest on daily balances as may be fixed by the Board of Liquidation of the City Debt, pursuant to the statutes aforementioned, and shall comply with all the provisions of said statutes as to security and other matters.

8. The Board of Liquidation of the City Debt reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Mark all bids "Proposals for the purchase of New Public Improvement Bonds."

Further particulars and information will be furnished upon application to T. Wolfe, Jr., Secretary Board of Liquidation, City Debt, Room 206, City Hall Annex, New Orleans, La.

(Signed.) T. WOLFE, JR.,
Secretary Board of Liquidation, City Debt.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK
54 Wall Street
Capital and Surplus, $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000 has been earned)
Authorized to act as Executor, Trustee, Administrator or Guardian.
Receive Deposits, subject to check, and allows Interest on Daily Balances
Acts as Transfer Agent, Registrar and Trustee under Mortgages.

TRAVELERS
We Furnish Domestic & Foreign
LETTERS OF CREDIT
and issue
TRAVELERS' CHEQUES.
THE
STANDARD TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK
25 Broad Street, New York, N. Y.

SAFETY AND CONVENIENCE
Families or individuals planning to be absent from the city for the summer and who wish to store their valuables while away, or who for any other reason are desirous of availing of safe deposit and storage facilities, thoroughly modern and up-to-date in all respects, will find that these requirements are met by the
United States Safe Deposit Company
THIS COMPANY IS OWNED AND CONTROLLED BY THE
UNITED STATES MORTGAGE AND TRUST COMPANY
AND ITS OFFICES ARE IN THE SAME LOCATIONS
B'way & 73d St. 55 Cedar St. 32 Liberty St. 125th St. & 8th Ave.
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JAMES TIMPSON
2nd Vice Pres. Mutual Life Insurance Co.
Chairman
JAMES G. CANNON, President Fourth National Bank
CHARLES D. DICKEY, Brown Brothers & Co.
HENRY R. ICKELHEIMER, Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co.
WILLIAM A. JAMISON, Arbuckle Brothers
LOUIS C. KRAUTHOFF, Counsellor at Law
MORTIMER L. SCHIFF, Kuhn, Loeb & Co.
EBEN B. THOMAS, Pres. Lehigh Valley R. R.
JOHN W. PLATTEN, President
Total Resources $60,000,000

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Company of New York
MAIN OFFICE: 80 BROADWAY.
Uptown Office: 425 Fifth Avenue, corner 38th Street,
With Modern Safe Deposit Vaults.
Capital $1,000,000 Surplus (earned) $7,800,000
ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.
Acts as Executor, Guardian, Trustee, Administrator, and in all Fiduciary Capacities on behalf of Individuals, Institutions or Corporations.

Travelers' Letters of Credit
PAYABLE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.
TRAVELERS' CHEQUES.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE.
CABLE TRANSFERS.
The Farmers' Loan & Trust Company,
16 to 22 William St. NEW YORK 475 Fifth Avenue.
LONDON: 15 Cockspur St. 28 Bishopsgate.
PARIS: 41 Boulevard Haussmann.

DIVIDENDS.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.
59 CEDAR STREET,
NEW YORK.

THE FOLLOWING COUPONS AND DIVIDENDS ARE PAYABLE AT OUR BANKING HOUSE ON AND AFTER MAY 1ST, 1911.

The American Cotton Oil Co. Deb. 4½s.
Cleveland & Pittsburgh Rd. Co. Gen. Mtge. 3½s.
Cambridge City, Ind., Water Wks. & St. Imp. Bonds.
Electric Boat Co. 6% Gold Notes.
Greenfield, Indiana, School 6s.
Massillon & Cleveland Rd. Co. quarterly divd. 2%.
Marion County, Indiana, Bridge Bonds.
Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. 7s, Series "E."
Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Ry. Co. 2nd. Mtge. 7s, Series "L."
Portsmouth, Ohio, Water Works.
Portsmouth, Ohio, Refunding Bonds.
Rushville, Indiana, Water Works 6s.
Starke County, Indiana, Court House 8s. MAY 12TH, 1911.
Portsmouth, Ohio, City Building 5s. MAY 15TH, 1911.
Dearborn County, Indiana, Funding 5s.
Posey County, Indiana, Gravel Road.
Starke County, Indiana, Gravel Road. MAY 21ST, 1911.
Marion Co., Indiana, Refunding 3½s.

UNITED STATES OF MEXICO
$25,000,000 U. S. GOLD COIN
CAJA DE PRESTAMOS PARA OBRAS DE IRRIGACION

Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; Y—No information at hand. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. §Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. *Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Apr. 29, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Albany So. 5s..	$1,250,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	99½
Am. Cit. R.&L.	10,761,165	†2½	S	Jan. 2, 11	73	75
Do preferred	6,906,178	1½	Q	Jan. 2, 11	98	99
Am. Pow. & Lt.	6,598,800	..	..	.....	70	75
Do 6% cum.pf.	2,708,100	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	81½	82½
Ariz. Power....	3,000,000	..	..	.....	20	24
Do preferred..	825,000	..	..	.....	55	58
Do 1st 6s, '31	1,798,000	3	S	M. & N.	85	93
Atl. Av. 5s, '31	2,241,000	2½	S	A. & O.	100	102
Aub'n & Syr. E. R.R. "T.E." 5s	1,460,000	2½	S	A. & O.	99	101
Aug. R & E 5s.	1,000,000	V	V	V	100	..
Aur., El. & Chi.	3,100,000	¾	Q	Jan 10, 11	40	44
Do preferred.	3,100,000	1½	Q	Jan 10, 11	83½	86
Do 5s, '41....	3,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	100	101
Balt. Co. Water & Elec. 5s, '46	615,000	2½	S	M. & N.	93	95
Birmingham R., L. & P. Co. 4½s	8,720,000	2¼	S	A. & O.	90	91½
Birm. R. & E. 5s of '24.....	982,000	V	V	V	102	..
Bleecker St.&F. Ferry stock..	900,000	V	S	V	18	25
Do 1st 4s, 1950	700,000	2	S	J. & ..	50	60
B'way& 7th Av.	2,100,000	2½	V	Oct 10, 10	120	..
Do 2d 5s, 1914	500,000	V	V	V	100	103
B'way Surface guar. 1st 5s,'24	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	104
B., B. & W. E gen. 5s, 1933	121,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97	102
Brklyn C.R.($10)	12,000,000	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	165	170
Buf. Cr't'n 1st5s	2,974,000	2½	S	V	103½	104½
Buff. Gen. El.5s	2,375,000	2½	S	F. & A.	100	101
B. & Lockp. 5s.	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	100
B. & N. Falls E. L.& P.1st5s,'42	500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98	..
Capital Trac...	12,000,000	V	V	J. & D.	126½	126½
Do 1st 5s, '47	4,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	112¼	112½
Can. Crosstown	600,000	4%	Q	Oct. 1, 07	90	140
Do 1st 6s,1922	250,000	V	S	V	80	95
Central Maine Power 1st 5s..	1,100,000	..	S	M. & N.	96½	98½
Charleston Con. R.,G.& E.($50)	1,500,000	2	S	V	30	50
Do con 5s, '99.	1,734,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96	98
Chas. City Ry. 5s, 1923.....	766,000	2½	S	M. & S.	102	103
Chattan'ga Rys	3,000,000	..	..	.....	35	39
Do preferred	2,000,000	1¼	Q	Jan. 1, 11	72	77
Do 1st 5s '56.	2,165,000	2½	S	M. & N.	96	96
Citi's L.H.&P.5s	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99	101
Clev. El. Ry. 5s, '15.....	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	100¼	100¾
Columbia G.&E. Do 1st 5s, '27	50,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	14	15
Columbus (Ga.) Elec. 5s	14,980,500	2½	S	J. & J.	62	65
Col., Nwk. & Z. 5s, '24.....	V	V	V	V	..	90
Clev. Ry. 5s, '31	1,250,000	2½	S	J. & D.	96	97½
Do 1st 5s, '31	3,151,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	100¼
Conn. R. & L. 1st 4½s, 1951, st. red m'bie..	10,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99¼	100
Do unstamp.	10,682,000	2¼	S	J. & D.	101¾	102½
C. P. N. & E.R.	1,869,378	2½	S	J. & D.	101¾	..
Chris. & 10th St	1,800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	10	..
Col.Spgs. L, H.& P.1st con.5s,'20	650,000	2	Q	July 1, 10	90	115
Coney Isl. & Cn. Do 1st con 4s	2,983,900	V	V	V	91	94½
Con. Gas,E.L.& P. (Balt.) 4½s	2,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	78	83
Con. Tr. of N.J. Do1st 5s,1933	9,831,000	2½	S	J. & J.	88¾	89
Dallas E. C. 1st col. tr. 5s, '22.	15,000,000	2	S	Jan 15, 11	74½	76
Detroit & Flint 5s, 1921.....	15,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	104	104½
Dry D., E. B. & B. 1st 5s, 1932	3,658,000	2	S	M. & N.	92½	93
Duluth Ed. El. Co. 1st 5s, '31	1,400,000	2½	S	V	90	92
E. Penn. Rys.5s	1,103,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	100
Economy L.&P. 1st mtg. 5s,'56	3,186,000	2½	S	V	79	76
Eighth Av.R.R. 5s of '24.....	1,546,000	2½	S	J. & D.	94	96½
Elmira Water, L. & RR.1st 5s	1,000,000	V	V	V	290	..
Do con. 5s....	1,661,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	103
El Paso El. 5s, '32	V	V	V	V	92½	95
Emp. Dist. El.Co	V	V	V	V	95½	98
Do preferred	1,756,500	V	V	V	80	82
Do 5s.....	501,100	V	V	V	77	79
42d St. & Gr.St.	1,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	74	76
42d St., M. & St. N.Av.1st 6s,'10	748,000	13½	N	Aug 6, 10	190	..
Do inc.6s,1915	1,200,000	V	V	V	98	100
Gas & El.Sec.Co	1,600,000	..	..	.....	50	60
Do preferred	1,000,000	..	..	.....	100	102
Gt. W. Pow. 5s	9,300,000	2½	V	V	83	86
H'b'g Ry. 4s, '26	V	V	V	V	..	..
Harwood El. 5s, '99	700,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	97
Helena R. & L.	V	V	V	V	42	46
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	61	69
Do 5s of '25..	V	V	V	V	87	90
Int. Ry.of Buf.:	4,706,000	2½	S	F. & A.	104½	105
Buf. Div.5s,'31	1,000,000	3	S	M. & S.	104	104½
Do deb. 6s,'17	800,000	2½	S	J. & J.	95	100
L.&O.Div.1st5s	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	100
B.&L.Div.1st5s	750,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	104
B.& N FDIst5s	18,335,000	2	S	J. & J.	74	74¾
Int. Trac. 4s,'49	14,061,000	2	S	M. & N.	76¼	77
J. C. H. & P.4s	1,750,000	2½	S	M. & S.	93	95
Joplin & Pit.Rv 5s	500,000	2½	S	M. & S.	90	95
Kankakee G & E. 1st and ref 5s, '80	700,000	2½	S	M. & S.	20	21½
Kan. C. R. & L.	9,543,080	1¼	Q	Mar. 1, 11	68¼	69½
Do preferred	9,407,500	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	98
Do 1st L.r. 5s	10,200,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99½	100¾
Do cv. 6s, '12	5,478,000	3	S	J. & J.	107	108
K. C. Belt L. 6s	2,500,000	2	S	J. & J.	84	86
K. C. Elv. 4s,'22	2,000,000	2	S	M. & S.	84	87
Kan. C. West.5s	1,650,000	2½	S	M. & N.	90¼	99
K.C. Met. St.Ry. cn.ex.1st 5s,'13	7,243,000	2½	S	M. & N.	90¼	99
K. C. & Westpt. 1st 5s, 1926....	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93	95
Kings Co. E. L. & P. 5s, 1937.	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	102	103
Knoxv. Trac. 5s	824,000	2½	S	A. & O.	102½	..
Leavenworth L., H. & P. 5s..	V	V	V	V	93	96
Lit. Rock Ry. & El. 1st 5s, '33.	1,072,000	2½	S	A. & O.	103½	..
Lockport L., H. & P. 5s, '38..	V	V	V	V	90	95
Los A.G. & E.5s	1,100,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95½	97½
Memph. St. R.5s	7,394,000	2½	S	M. & M.	97	97
Met. Elec.(Reading) 1st 5s. '39.	2,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	94	97
Metrop. St. Ry..	52,000,000	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 07	7	..
Mich. Un.Rys.5s	1,900,000	V	V	V	86	91
Min'p's Gen. E. 1st con 5s, '33.	5,486,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99½	99
Nash. R.& El.5s	4,054,000	V	V	V	101	103
Nashv. R. & L.	4,000,000	¾	Q	Apr. 1, 11	66	67
Do preferred	2,500,000	1¼	Q	Apr. 1, 11	89¼	90½
Do ref. 5s, '58	1,785,000	2½	S	J. & J.	95¼	96½
Nassau L. & P. 1st 5s, '27.....	619,000	2½	S	A. & O.	99¼	102¼
N. Orl. Rys....	V	V	V	V	85	85½
N.Y. & Q. Elec. Lt. & P.....	1,250,000	..	..	.....	50	55
Do preferred	1,250,000	1¼	Q	Dec. 1, 10	78	83
Do 1st 5s....	2,350,000	2½	S	F. & A.	101½	103
N. Am. Co. 5s, notes, 1912....	1,922,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	..

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Apr. 29, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
N. Falls Hyd. & Mfg. 5s of 1917	1,200,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	101
N. F.Pow.5s,'32	10,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	102½
Do 6s, '32...	V	V	V	V	106½	107½
NY & Westch'r Ltg G M4s,2004	10,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	83	85
N'hmtn, East'n & Wash Tr 5s	550,000	2½	S	M. & N.	92	96
Nor. Hudson Co. Ry. ext. 5s...	100,000	2	S	M. & N.	77	79
Ninth Avenue..	V	V	V	V	150	..
Nor. Jer. St.Ry. 1st. 4s, 1948..	15,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	76¾	77¾
Nor. Tex. Tr. 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	100
Om. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st 5s, '28.	6,533,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94	95
O. & C. B. Ry. & B. 1st 5s,'28.	1,616,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97½	95½
Ontario Pow. 5s	6,355,000	2½	S	F. & A.	95¾	100
Oreg. Elec. Ry.	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Pacific Lt. & P. (Los Ang.) 1st 5s, '42.....	88,827,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	100
Peoria Ry. 1st ref. 5s, '21, '26	.....	2½	S	F. & A.	94	97
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st 5s, '30	7,603,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99	99
Port. R., L. & P. 5% notes,'12	2,624,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	100¼
Port. Gen. El.5s	7,178,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
Pot'm'c El. Pow con. mtg.5s,'36	3,941,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99½	100
Do 1st 5s, '29	1,700,000	2½	S	J. & D.	107½	109
Pub. S. Cor.ctfs	19,940,830	2½	S	Nov 1, 10	104¾	105¾
Puget Sd. El. Ry Do preferred	3,500,000	V	V	V	15	25
Do 1st con. 5s, '32.....	3,000,000	V	V	V	83	86
Roch. Gas & El. 1st 5s, 1912...	4,170,000	V	S	V	88	90
Roch. Ry. 1st con. 5s.....	2,000,000	2½	S	V	100	..
Do 2d 5s, '33	2,700,000	2½	S	A. & O.	103½	..
Roch.Ry.& L.5s	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	101	..
Same bond, tax exempt, N.Y.	8,575,000	2½	..	J. & J.	99¼	..
Roch..Syr.&E.5s	4,828,000	2½	S	M. & N.	85	87
Rockld.L.& P.5s	555,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Rutland R., L. & P. 1st 5s,'46	1,700,000	2½	S	M. & S.	93¼	96½
St. Jos.(Mo.)R., L., H. & P. 5s	4,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	99
Sagn. Val.Tr.5s	813,000	2½	S	F. & A.	97	99
Salt L. & Ogd. 1st 5s.....	1,000,000	..	S	F. & A.	95½	97½
San Diego Con. G. & E.....	700,000	1¾	Q	Dec 15, 10	92	95
Do preferred.	1,000,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 11	95	100
Do 1st 5s, '39	1,925,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	97
San Joaquin Lt. & P. 1st 5s,'45	2,695,000	2½	S	J. & D.	94	97½
Savan. El. Co. 1st con. 5s, '52	2,051,000	2½	S	J. & J.	70	75
Scioto Val. Tr. 1st 5s, '23....	1,600,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	99
Scranton El. 5s	2,271,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	102
Scran. Ry. ($50)	2,000,000	1¼	Q	Apr. 1, 11	62½	70
Do pf., ($50).	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
Do con.5s,'32	1,100,000	2½	S			
Seat. El.Co.con. 5s, '29.....	4,643,000	2½	S	F. & A.	96¾	98½
Seattle Lig. 5s..	3,368,000	2¼	S	A. & O.	94	96
Seat.-Tac. Pow. 1st 5s, '25.....	1,963,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99½	101
Second Av. stk.	1,862,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 09	5	..
Do 1st con. 5s	5,184,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 09	45	55
Do 1st 5s, 1909	1,600,000	2½	S	May, 1908	95	100
Sierra & San F. Pow. 1st 5s...	6,500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	92	94
Sixth Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	V	115	..
S. Boul. 5s, 1945	250,000	2½	S	V	60	85
So.Cal.Ed'n 5s	5,364,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93	95
Do pf. stock.	4,000,000	2½	S	Jan 15, 11	69	71
So. Ferry 1st 5s	350,000	2½	S	Mar 1, 10	85	93
South'n Pow. 5s	3,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	100
Spokane & Inland Emp. 5s..	4,035,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Stein'y Ry.1st 6s	1,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	102	105
Syracuse R. T. Do preferred	V	V	V	V	..	62
Do 1st 5s, '45..	V	V	V	V	..	98
Superior W.,L.& P. 1st 4s, 1931.	1,600,000	2	S	V	100	100½
Tampa El.1st 5s	882,500	2½	S	M. & N.	82	83½
34th St.Crosst'n 1st guar.5s,'96	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98	99
28th & 29th St. 1st 5s, 1996...	1,500,000	2½	S	V	70	80
23d Street.....	600,000	4½	Q	V	20	30
Tri-City R. & L. Do preferred	9,600,000	..	..	.....	200	250
Union Ry. 5s...	2,826,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 11	34	35
Unit. El. Ry. & P. (Balt.) 4½s...	2,000,000	2	S	V	93	94
UG & E of N.J.5s	4,375,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	102
Utica & M'h'k V. Ry. 4½s,'41	2,268,000	V	V	V	92½	100
Virg. R. & P.5s	V	V	S	M. & S.	97	97½
Wash., Alex. & Mt. V. Ry. 5s.	2,450,000	2½	S	M. & S.	94	97
W., Balt. & A.5s	V	V	..	.....	81¾	82½
Wash. R. & El. Do preferred	6,500,000	1	..	Dec. 1, 10	35	35½
Do gen.5s,'51	8,500,000	2½	S	Dec. 1, 10	88	90
Wash.-Va. Ry.. Do preferred	10,244,000	2½	S	J. & D.	85	85¼
W'chest. El. 5s	2,000,000	3	V	V	37¾	37⅞
West'n Power.. Do 6% cum.pf	1,000,000	3	V	V	68	..
West. Unit.G. & E.1st ref.5s,'50	12,000,000	..	..	.....	65	75
West. Penn.Rys 1st 5s, '31....	5,220,000	..	..	.....	..	33
Yonkers Ry. 5s	8,671,000	2½	S	A. & O.	98	59
	1,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	78	100

n Three semi-annual dividends of 4½% were paid together.

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Apr. 29, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Chicle...	6,000,000	1	M	Apr 20, 11	236	240
Do preferred	3,000,000	1½	Q	V	103	106
Am. Malt. 6s...	3,078,000	3	S	M. & N.	100	101¼
Am. Screw.....	3,250,000	2½	Q	Dec 31, 10	166	170
Am. Shipb'g pf.	7,900,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 11	112	113
Am. Typefd....	4,000,000	1	Q	Apr 5, 11	48	51
Do preferred	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr. 5, 11	97	101
Am. Un. Telph. (H'g'g) 5s, '57	1,244,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 10	20	25
Am. Writ. Pap.	9,500,000	..	..	.....	1½	2½
Ast. Sheer Mls. & Dock 6s, '41	500,000	3	S	J. & J.	100	105
Atlas Port.Cem. 1st s. f. 6s, '25.	4,600,000	3	S	M. & S.	101	..
Babcock & Wilcox, stk.....	15,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr. 1, 11	95	105
Barney & Smith Car 5s of '36..	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	92	95
Bliss EWCo.($50) Do pf., ($50).	1,250,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	120	125
Bon Air C. & I. gen. 5s of '54..	1,250,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	120	130
Do 5s of '36..	387,000	2½	S	J. & J.	65	75
Bord. C. Milk... Do preferred	780,000	2½	S	Feb 15,11	120	122
Case Th. Mach. 1st 5s.....	21,250,000	4	S	Mar 15,11	107½	100
Celluloid	7,500,000	1½	Q	V	..	..
Cen. Coal&Coke Do preferred.	2,600,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99½	100
Cen. Fireworks.	5,925,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	127	131
Cen. Foundry...	5,125,000	1½	Q	Jan 14, 11	83	88¾
Central Leather	1,875,000	1¼	Q	Jan 14, 11	78	80
Do preferred.	1,406,800	1½	S	V	2	5
Cen. Typewriters	1,267,200	3½	S	Sep. 1, 09	15	30
Cent. Fdy. pf...	6,650,000	..	..	.....	⅛	¼
Cent. Fdy. 6s...	3,863,000	3	S	V	31	40
Cen. Un. Telph.	5,450,927	1	Q	Apr., 1896	..	50

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Apr. 29, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Do 1st 6s....	2,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	103	105
Do 5s of '19.	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97¼	800
Cheseb'gh Mfg.	500,000	10	Q	Mar 15,11	725	..
Chi. Pneu. Tool	6,485,800	1	Q	Jan 25, 11	47½	49½
Con.Coal 4½s,'34	5,141,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	95	97
Con. Cot. Duck	V	V	V	V	4	5
Do preferred	6,000,000	..	..	.....	18	19
Con. Rub. Tire.	4,000,000	..	..	.....	3¾	4
Do preferred	2,149,500	1½	Q	Dec., 1909	24	30
Do deb. 4s...	2,880,000	3	A	J. & J.	44	48
Con. Tel. (Buf.)	8,595,200	..	..	.....	10	11¼
Con. Tel. (Pa.) 1st 5s, '31.....	2,292,300	2½	S	A. & O.	80	85
Crocker-Wh'ler.	V	V	V	V	85	100
Cudahy Pkg. 5s	4,525,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99	99½
Cumb. T. & T..	19,680,150	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	148	149½
Cuyah'a Tel. 5s	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	87	88
Empire St. & I. Do preferred	1,254,770	..	..	.....	10	15
Fair. Coal5s,'31	2,500,000	2	S	Jan. 1, 11	55	62
Frontier Tel. 5s (Buf.) of 1922	5,288,000	3	S	J. & J.	97	98
Hav. Tobacco..	2,500,000	..	..	.....	70	71
Hav. Tob. pf...	30,000,000	..	..	.....	3	7
Internat. Salt.. Do 1st 5s....	5,000,000	..	..	.....	8	14
Int. Nickel pf.. Do 1st con.5s	18,281,390	1	Q	Dec. 1, 06	5	8
Interoc. Tel. & Tel. 1st 5s, '33	3,999,900	2½	S	A. & O.	51½	51
Kan.C.HomeTel Do 5s, '23..	9,206,837	2½	S	May 1, 11	91	94
Kan. C. L. Dist. Tel. 5s, '25..	8,912,626	1½	Q	A. & O.	93½	94½
K. C. Stocky'ds Do cv. 5s, '13	1,199,500	2½	S	Jan. 1, 11	88	89
Kinloch Tel.(St. Louis) 6s, '28	8,156,000	1½	Q	Feb. 1, 11	98	99
Lan. Monotype.	619,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99	100
McArthur Br.pf	2,000,000	3	S	F. & A.	..	104¾
May Dept. Store	6,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 30,11	95	95¼
Do preferred	3,000,000	3½	S	Mar. 1, 11	98	100
Mergenth. Lino.	15,000,000	..	..	.....	Listed.	
Mo. & Kan. Tel.	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr. 1, 11	Listed.	
O'Gara Coal 5s.	12,796,800	‡3	Q	Mar 31,11	219	219½
Otis Elevator..	13,627,700	1½	Q	Nov 5, 06	42	44
Do pf.....	2,833,000	2½	S	M. & S.	77	79
Pabst Bwg. pf..	6,375,300	1½	Q	Apr 15, 11	66	69
Paint Cr. coll.5s	6,310,000	1½	Q	Apr 15, 11	98	100
Poc. Con. Col. inc. 5s of '57..	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Mar 15,10	105	107
Proc. & Gamble Do preferred.	2,913,000	2½	S	J. & J.	51	53
Producers' Oil. Do conv. 6s..	3,187,300	2½	S	J. & J.	84	84
Royal Bak. P.. Do 6% cum.pf	10,500,000	3	Q	May 15,11	398	402
SafetyCar Heat & Lighting..	2,250,000	2	Q	Mar 31,11	90	100
Schwarz. & S. 6s, '16.....	3,000,000	3	S	Jan. 1, 11	184	..
Singer Mfg....	9,862,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	121	123
Std. Cord. 1st 5s	60,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31,11	290	300
Stand. Coupler. Do preferred	5,251,000	V	V	V	102¼	102½
Stand. Milling.. Do preferred.	2,805,373	2½	S	Oct., 1907	15	18
Do 1st 5s....	1,200,000	2	S	Dec 30, 10	20	30
Standard Oil...	300,000	4	S	Dec 30, 10	100	115
Stern Bros. pf..	4,600,000	2	S	.....	14	17
Studeb'kr Corp. Do preferred	6,900,000	2	S	Apr 15, 11	45	50
Temple Iron 4s	3,174,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	83	86
Tenn. Pottemes. Do preferred.	13,500,000	$15	Q	Mar 15,11	670	676
Underw'd Typ. Do preferred.	1,750,000	1¾	Q	Mar. 1, 11	98	99
Un. Typewriter. Do 1st pf..... Do 2d pf.....	1,250,000	5	..	.....	47	48½
Unit. Banknote Corp., ($50).. Do pf., ($50)..	8,500,000	1	Q	Apr. 1, 11	101¾	102
Unit. Cig. Mfrs. Do preferred.	4,000,000	3	S	Apr. 1, 11	88	92
U. S. Play. Cd.	5,000,000	1	Q	Feb., 1893	5	8
U. S. Ptg. Co...	1,250,000	1	Q	Apr 25, 11	48	55
U. S. Tel. Co.. (Clev.) 1st 5s.	4,490,000	1¾	Q	.....	65½	66¼
U.S.Worsted pf.	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr. 1, 11	104½	105¾
West. Elec. 1st. 5s, '22.....	8,500,000	1½	Q	Oct. 1, 07	36	38
Worth'n R.R. pf	4,000,000	3½	S	Apr. 1, 11	60	111
	5,000,000	4	S	Apr. 1, 11	103	105
	8,750,000	2½	..	J. & J.	101	101½
	2,000,000	3½	S	May 1, 11	106	110

‡Extra stock dividend of $9,000,000, or 50%, paid June 30.
a Also extra bi-monthly 1%, payable Nov. 19.
c Also cash dividend of 25% paid July 15.
s Stock div. of 100% to holders of former $30,000,000 capital stock

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Apr. 29, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Lt. & Trac	$10,395,400	2½s	Q	May 1, 11	284	287
Do preferred	14,236,200	1¼	Q	May 1, 11	104½	106
Auburn 1st 5s..	V	V	V	V	98	101
Binghamt'n Gas 1st 5s, 1938...	750,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97	99
Bklyn Bor. Gas Do 1st mtg.5s	500,000	V	V	V	70	..
Buffalo Gas...	7,000,000	..	..	.....	95	98
Buffalo Gas pf.	1,713,000	..	..	.....	4	5
Buf.G. 1st 5s,'47	5,900,000	2½	S	A. & O.	60½	20
Burlington Gas	V	V	V	V	86½	61
Cent. Un.5s,1927	8,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	89
Centr. Service.. Do preferred	4,889,825	½	M	May 1, 11	66	103
Colum. G. & F. Do preferred	8,779,850	½	M	May 1, 11	77½	66½
††Con. G.ofN.J. 1st con.5s,1936	2,750,000	1	Q	May 1, 10	80	78
Dayton Gas 5s.	5,500,000	1¾	Q	Apr. 1, 11	75¼	81
Denver G. & E. Do gen. 5s..	971,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90	75¼
Det. City Gas prior lien5s,'23	1,200,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97½	95
Gd. Rap. G.L.5s	1,350,000	2½	S	F. & A.	99¾	99½
Houston G.5s,'20	825,000	3	S	M. & S.	98	101
Hud. Co. Gas.. Do 1st 5s...	10,500,000	4	S	Dec. 1, 10	140	100
Indiana Ltg. Co Do 1st 4s,1958	10,500,000	2½	S	M. & M.	103½	142
Ind'apolis ($50) Do 1st5s,1952	4,500,000	..	..	.....	34	103¾
J'ksonville 5s, '37	8,000,000	2	S	F. & A.	66	36
Kansas Nat. G. Do 1st 6s, '16	4,250,000	2½	S	A. & O.	77	67½
Lincoln G. & E.	1,098,000	1¼	Q	Mar, 1911	92¼	80
Madison (Wis.) 1st 6s, 1926...	12,000,000	..	..	.....	20½	97½
Mass. Gas..... Do preferred	2,000,000	3	S	M. & N.	99	21½
Mich. Light pf.	2,000,000	3	S	J. & J.	75	100
Milwaukee Gas Lt. 1st 4s, '27.	2,800,000	3	S	J. & J.	23¼	82
Minneap. Gas 5s	2,250,000	3	S	J. & J.	24	24
Mobile Gas 1st 5s, '24.....	400,000	3	S	A. & O.

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Charles P. Northrop, Esq., Atty., 31 Nassau St., N. Y. City.

Elmore S. Banks, Esq., Atty., Fairfield, Conn.

Evarts, Choate & Sherman, Attys., 60 Wall St., N. Y. City.

Henry F. Miller, Esq., Atty., 44 Pine St., N. Y. City.

Frederick P. Forster, Esq., Atty., 852 Broadway, N. Y. City.

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SIXTH AV. & 53D ST. — 929 6th Av., 25x100. 102 West 53d, 20x50. Old Bldgs. Poss'n. Easy Terms. H. J. SACHS & CO., 28 W. 22d St.

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Creditors offer Connecticut village farm of 140 acres; fields level as a floor and fertile as a garden; large barns; brick house, 14 rooms; porcelain bath, furnace. Former owner spent $10,000 overhauling the buildings. It's yours for $6,000, and is the bargain of the year. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

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Six-room farm house, furnished; use of barn and garden; grand view of mountains, lake, and valley; elevation, 1,300 feet; $30 per month. W. C. Johnson, Winsted, Conn.

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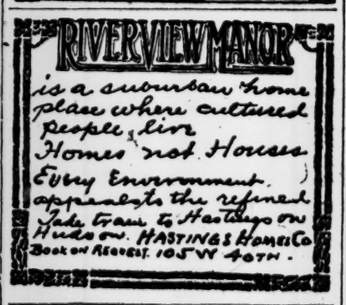

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$500 CASH

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TITLE GUARANTEED FREE OF CHARGE.

ABSOLUTELY NO ASSESSMENTS GUARANTEED.

The exquisite finish will appeal to you who have seen what is commonly termed "up to date." In operating our own mill we install many extra features which help to beautify the home, and our experience eliminates faulty construction and finishing that is found elsewhere. The streets are improved and in building on both sides there is uniformity in height. Here we have every imaginable improvement; selected hardwood trim, dining rooms and foyer in solid panel wainscoting, parquet floors, showers, electric light, tiled kitchens, burglar proof doors, laundry and extra toilet in cellar, heat, and Meyer's Specialties.

Only One Stairs for the Tired Housewife to Climb.

Selected Section. EASY-KEPT-IN-ORDER HOUSE Trees and Hedges.

Over 1,100 Houses Finished and Sold.

We are 2 blocks east of Flatbush Av., 2 blocks west of Rogers Av., 4 blocks west of Nostrand Av. trolley lines. Few minutes' walk to Brighton Beach "L" station.

Office of Builders AVENUE "D" AND EAST 25TH ST. ALWAYS OPEN.

READ THIS

and don't miss rare chance to get one of these fine 2-family houses; every modern improvement; beautiful houses and select location; park view; a home and income both; only $1,500 cash needed; look to-day at 7,504 7th Av., near 75th St. Boulevard.
F. C. SAUTER,
5th Av., corner 9th St., Brooklyn.

PALATIAL RESIDENCES,
In the Aristocratic Stuyvesant Section.

Beautiful stone porched semi-detached houses; they are equal to best on Riverside Drive or Fifth Avenue, New York; ten large, sunshiny, airy rooms and two baths; parquet floors, electric light; hot water heat; automatic hot water supply; porcelain wash basins in sleeping rooms. CHARLES TRITSCHLER, Builder, on premises, Stuyvesant Av. and Bainbridge St., Brooklyn. Take Fulton St. "L" to Utica Av. station.

NOW $5250 WAS $5900 — SEE THIS BARGAIN
Plot 46x100, FLATBUSH
New, Modern House
E. 28th St. & Kings Highway
3 car lines, 5c. fare. Ocean Av. or Nostrand Av. car to Kings Highway.
SNAVELY CONSTRUCTION CO.

Ready for occupancy, in perfect order; asphalt block, 2-story and basement dwelling; is a snap; don't fail to see it. Only $1,500 cash needed. F. C. Sauter, 5th Av., corner 9th St., Brooklyn.

Must sell two-family brownstone house on Park Slope, above 7th Av.; in "apple pie" condition, cheap at $6,950; only $1,500 cash needed. F. C. Sauter, 5th Av., corner 9th St., Brooklyn.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

IF

You are thinking of investing in Suburban Real Estate

ANYWHERE

this Spring, either for a home or for an Investment, we will gladly **mail** you, upon request, a little book calling attention to the many important things that should be considered, entitled "How to Buy Suburban Real Estate Intelligently."

GAGE E. TARBELL,
320 Fifth Avenue

Queen Anne Cottage

Overlooking Long Island Sound; 8 rooms; all modern improvements; sewer, water, gas, electricity, sidewalks, curbs, &c.; privilege of beautiful bathing beach, dock, anchorage, &c.; 30 minutes from centre of Manhattan; price, $6,300; terms, $500 down, balance $40 to $50 monthly. Stephenson, Box 202 Times Downtown.

Actual Frontage
Directly on the Water
At Wampage Shores

on Manhasset Bay, Sands Point, L. I. Ready This Spring.

No road or reservation in front. Plots ¼ acre up, with every possible convenience—running water supply, electric light, power and telephone lines in conduits. Splendid macadam roads; trees, hedges, shrubs planted.

Write for Illustrated Booklet.

S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.
Tel., Bryant—5610. 542 Fifth Av., New York.

TANGIER

South Shore, Long Island
THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE CENTURY.
FORMAL OPENING SUNDAY, MAY 7TH

Special Train at 10 A. M. from Pennsylvania Station, New York.

Reservations in advance on application. 'Phone 7020 Madison Square.

Tangier Development Company
Cameron Building, 34th St., New York.

GREAT HOUSE BARGAIN

$5,500 BUYS HOUSE VALUED AT $7,900.

A beautiful new home, built by "day's work"; gas, electricity, running water; parquet floors; beamed ceiling; large wardrobe; many special features; a large plot on an attractive avenue; in private residence park; fine surroundings; half hour to Herald Square or Battery on the Pennsylvania tunnel line; near depot; very easy terms and small deposit; or will rent with privilege of buying and applying rent payments on purchase. Call, write, or 'phone T. I. M'NEECE, 150 Nassau St.
Phone 4070 Beekman

SUBURBAN HOUSE BARGAIN

$1,000 below value; just completed; best quality large, light rooms, parquet floors, high class in every way; moderate cost; small deposit and easy monthly payments. Will rent with option of applying payments on purchase. Near Jamaica, in Queens, 3 minutes from station, 30 minutes from Manhattan. Restricted residential park in select Christian neighborhood. Schools, churches, stores convenient. Write or call P. P. Edson, Hollis Court Boulevard, Queens, L. I.

SHORE FRONT COTTAGE, COMPLETELY FURNISHED,

Asharoken Beach, near Northport; 11 rooms, bath, all improvements, garage, boathouse; 25-foot power launch; magnificent location, near W. K. Vanderbilt property; $16,000—want offer. Owner going abroad. Photos, full details. Allee Realty Co., 759 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

GENTLEMAN'S ESTATE, GLEN COVE.

40 acres, large house, almost new; white mahogany trim; other features in keeping; high elevation, fine views. Land and buildings worth $175,000; asking $120,000, $25,000 cash; Family considerations cause of sale. Allee Realty Co., 759 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

BAY SIDE PARK, on the north shore of Long Island, 30 minutes from Pennsylvania Station, 10-room house, garage; all modern improvements; overlooking sound; shore front privilege; large plot; exceptionally easy terms. Owner, 208 East 48th St.

FOR SALE.

Shore front on Cold Spring Harbor; 7 acres high land; 2 houses; one 23 rooms, one 12 rooms; view of L. I. Sound and Connecticut. Valentine & Walters, Cold Spring Harbor, L. I.

Stony Brook Association

offers a special opportunity to early buyers of Summer cottages sites. Get booklet No. 2. 324 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Was $7500 Now $6500

2 new modern 2½-story, 10-room frame houses.
EAST 27th ST., FLATBUSH
Between Avs. M. and N; 3 car lines. W. S. ROEBUCK, 1825 N. 2d St., Harrisburg, Pa., or H. E. MEISLAHN, 1825 E. 27th St., Flatbush. Take Ocean Av. or Nostrand Av. car to Av. M.

W. A. A. BROWN'S
DUPLEX HOUSES

The Most Perfect House Ever Built for Two Families.

TRIMMED IN THE FINEST SELECTED HARD WOODS.

The Privacy of a One-Family House.

Separate entrances, street numbers and every modern improvement.

Parkside Av., between Flatbush and Bedford Avs.,

overlooking Prospect Park; convenient to Brighton Beach "L" and six trolley lines; rent from one apartment pays all carrying charges; representative always on premises. Office, 738 Flatbush Av., (corner Woodruff Av.) Tel., 4026—Flatbush. Get off at Woodruff Av. station, 22 minutes from Manhattan.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

A Remarkable Achievement

The total sales of the Windsor Land and Improvement Co. from Jan. 4, 1911, to April 26, 1911, amounted to the colossal sum of $500,491.

In a single week the huge sum of $90,000 worth of land was sold to investors, which proves that the public will at all times buy Long Island Real Estate provided the property is offered by a firmly established institution of indisputable integrity.

WINDSOR LAND and IMPROVEMENT CO.,

TIMES BLDG., New York. 44 COURT ST. Brooklyn.

CHICKEN FARMS
PAY AT
HEMPSTEAD
¼ ACRES $225

$5 Down; $5 a Month.

Write, call or phone for Free Railroad Tickets, Illustrated Circulars, and a copy of "How to Make Money on a Small Suburban Chicken Farm." Mailed Free.

O. L. SCHWENCKE LAND & INV. CO.
277 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

SHORE FRONT ESTATE.

Great Neck.—A "Stanford White" mansion, on bluff, overlooking Bay and Sound; beautiful grounds; $125,000. Want offer. Allee Realty Co., 759 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Bayville, L. I.—Shore property for sale. F. A. Tagliahue, Bayville, L. I.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

A Boat and $400 to A Bungalow! $1250.

A bungalow site close by the Hudson, with a magnificent view of the river and all the conveniences of a high-class town within an hour of the city and close to yacht club. Send for folder and information to
Howard Goldsmith, Nyack, N.Y.

Farms!

Let me send you information of the opportunities in Rockland and Orange Counties; fruit and poultry or large stock and dairy farms with fruit. Ask for "On the Farm."
Howard Goldsmith, Nyack, N.Y.

$18,500—Gentleman's Farm.—Rockland County, 1 hour out from New York; depot 15 minutes' walk; 50 acres fertilized, producing soil; Colonial house, modern improvements, beautiful fireplaces; large barn, chicken houses, granary, shop, tenant house; 600 apple, peach trees; grand views, overlooking Palisades, Westchester hills, Ramapo Mountains. Detailed photographic views and particulars. ALLEE REALTY CO., 759 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

400 ACRES, famous Lebanon Valley, (same section Vanderbilt holdings,) between Albany and Pittsfield.—Two fine adjoining farms; 2 houses, sets outbuildings, (one house cost $10,000;) asking $25,000; easy terms; will exchange one farm, 200 acres, for city income property subject to one mortgage. Want offer. ALLEE REALTY CO., 759 Fulton St., B'klyn.

Hudson River Estate, opposite Poughkeepsie. Magnificent property; high elevation; house 12 rooms, 3 baths; open fireplaces; 110-foot verandas; 20-mile view; 14 acres land; fruit, beautiful garden. Offered for sale account death of owner. $20,000. Details, photos. ALLEE REALTY CO., 759 Fulton St., B'klyn.

BREWSTER, N. Y.—Fine farm, 300 acres ½ mile from station; modern house, fine barns, several tenant dwellings. Budd's Real Estate Agency, Brewster, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Wanted charge of several houses; will reside on premises; references and security. Address for particulars by letter; "Experienced," 2,960 3d Av.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Summer Cottages
Fisher's Island, N. Y.
Off New London, Ct.

Sound and ocean boating, bathing; fine roads; golf course, tennis courts; all outdoor sports; very accessible; cottages nicely furnished; modern conveniences; meals at Mansion House if desired; housekeeping and a la-housekeeping.
Booklet. The most desirable place to spend the Summer. WM. F. INGOLD, MGR., Hotel Arlington, 18 West 25th St., New York.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

WILD, WOODSY Waldwick, N. J. Accessible, comfortable, superlatively healthful country home, without mosquitoes. Fifteen miles northwest Manhattan. Two blocks Erie (60 trains); trolley one block. Acres:—Garden, lawn, grove. Seven rooms, improvements, $25. TYNDALL, 141 Broadway.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET | NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

WHY NOT BECOME A BUNGALOFER AT

Beautiful MANASQUAN PARK, New Jersey

The Ideal Bungalow Colony, Located on the Wide Stretches of the Manasquan River.

Here are a few of the many reasons why Manasquan Park is so different. And why it will appeal to you at once:

Half mile of water-front. Excellent boating, bathing, fishing and crabbing.

Thousands of large trees: Chestnut, pine, oak and holly. Great quantities of laurel.

A most attractively located clubhouse and deck.

This is for the free use of all residents of Manasquan Park. No better place for motor-boating can be found anywhere.

The beach is a delightful place where children can play in the sand and paddle in the water.

Manasquan Park is but a short distance from the well-known coast resorts, Sea Girt, Point Pleasant, Belmar, and Asbury Park.

Prices are very low considering the extremely desirable character of the property.

Lots, 25x100 feet, $100 and up, easy payments.

Restrictions are not burdensome. Moderate priced bungalows may be erected.

The water-front plots are large, containing an area equal to twelve lots or more, fronting directly on the bluff overlooking the water.

Title guaranteed by the Fidelity Trust Co. of Newark.

Let us arrange to show you this attractive place at your earliest convenience.

Address MANASQUAN PARK, 906 Marbridge Building NEW YORK

FOR SALE AT
HOLLYWOOD PARK—HOLLYWOOD LAKE, WEST END, N. J.

New tapestry brick and concrete houses—open fireplaces—just leaving the builder's hands; also two frame cottages, parklike grounds, best of neighbors, the late John A. McCall and Guggenheim mansions in the immediate section. Land and cottages situated directly south of Hollywood Lake—Hoey, Overlook, Woodgate and Highland Avenues. Finest location on Jersey Coast. Rising ground. No mosquitoes. Liberal terms. Prices of houses on application.

APPLY TO YOUR OWN BROKER OR TO
JOSEPH P. DAY, 31 Nassau St., New York.
HOLLYWOOD PARK—D. W. HEATH, Agent, Brighton Ave. at R. R. Crossing, West End, N. J.
B. W. ROWE, 71 Broadway, New York.

WEEQUAHIC PARK TRACT, NEWARK, N. J.

The beautifying and constant improvement of the Weequahic Park makes this part of Newark most attractive as a place of residence.

There is no section of Newark where in the immediate future development will be more rapid or real estate values increase to a greater extent.

BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED PLOTS for sale; all restricted. Title guaranteed by Fidelity Trust.

Take Pennsylvania, Central, or Lackawanna trains to Newark and Mt. Prospect cars to property.

Maps and further particulars.

FRANK J. BOCK, General Manager, Firemen's Building, Broad and Market Sts., Newark, N. J.

GREENVILLE HEIGHTS

Distant four and one-half miles from New York City Hall.

UNSURPASSED FOR RESIDENCE

Semi-detached one-family houses seven rooms, bath and laundry, eight rooms, bath and laundry, Parquet floors, all improvements.

$25 TO $35 PER MONTH

JOHN E. McARTHUR, Boulevard and Fulton Ave., Jersey City.

A STRIKINGLY BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY HOME, $20,000, cost $40,000; $5,000 cash; duplicate of Castle "Le Blanca" on Bay of Naples; 16-room mansion; trim solid mahogany and other hardwoods; brick, covered with [illegible]gle; roof garden commanding beautiful [illegible] best section; millionaire town; neighborhood leading New York financiers; convenient to station; forty minutes out; eighty trains daily; rare opportunity. Allee Realty Co., 75 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Cranford.—New house, 8 rooms and bath, just completed, up-to-date in every detail, in the best residence section of Cranford, 34 minutes out on the Central Railroad of New Jersey; immediate occupancy; all improvements, sewer, water, gas, electric lights, and fixtures; street macadamized and has sidewalks, curbs, &c.; price, $5,950, easy terms; $400 cash; balance $40 a month, includes all carrying charges. Write for photo and complete details. S. Gourley, owner, 210 East 23d St., N. Y.

Bungalow Farm $99

10,000 square feet of land, $10 down, $5 monthly; boating, bathing, fishing; fare 14c.; 4-room bungalow, $365.
C. NICHOLS, 238 Broadway, N. Y.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE — 35 minutes Broadway, 8 rooms, bath, laundry, servants' toilet. Gas, electric light, heat, stable, fruit, shade trees; $5,500. Easy terms. Boating, bathing, field club. Owner, Room 459 Fifth Avenue Building.

Farm, fully equipped, containing 35 acres, with good 7-room house and outbuildings; with this farm goes 2 horses, 1 cow, 75 chickens, 12 acres growing rye, all implements, wagons, harness, &c.; 1½ miles from depot, village churches, and school; a bargain at $4,600. Write or call on W. W. Kirby, Hightstown, N. J.

ROSELLE, N. J.

A few lots in this highly restricted Suburban town; 30 minutes from New York. Fine location. Beautiful homes. All improvements. Cheap to quick buyers. "J." 71 Times downtown.

ON THE PEQUANNOC—$75.

BUNGALOW FARM, 3,750 sq. ft. of land, high, dry; 35 minutes from Broadway; one minute from station; fare 13c.; mountain scenery, boating, bathing, fishing; title guaranteed; $10 down, $5 monthly. Address LACKAWANNA, 63 Times Downtown.

KEYPORT, NEW JERSEY ON RARITAN BAY.

Desirable houses and lots at very attractive prices; healthiest climate in New Jersey. For particulars address Publicity Bureau, Keyport, N. J.

SOMERVILLE FARM $99

10,000 square feet of land; rich soil; 100 peach trees with each acre; fare 15c.; $10 down, $5 monthly. Address MOUNTAIN VIEW, 75 Times Downtown.

$7,500, Easily Worth $12,000.—200-acre farm, one hour out, Pennsylvania R. R.; PROFIT of $15,000 in five years; timber, horses, &c., can be sold now for $8,000; 120 acres high state cultivation. No house. Allee Realty Co., 759 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Do not purchase a plot until you see one at Fanwood, right at the depot; all street improvements, very fine, very cheap, easiest terms; send name for map and free tickets. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

$5,000 HOUSE, $500 cash; balance like rent; 8 rooms, bath, gas, electricity, decorated, all improvements; plot 50x125; half hour out; two trolley lines block from house. M. E. WILLIAMS, owner, Lawrence Av., Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.

A real old Colonial house at Westfield; 10 very large rooms, rebuilt into a magnificent home with every convenience and luxury; big plot on a commanding hill; $12,000; $2,000 cash; also new house at $5,250; payments like rent. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

New house, sale or rent, Bloomfield, N. J.—Eight rooms, all improvements; large shade trees; good location; eight-minute walk to Lackawanna Station; four minutes to electric road; $5,400. Wm. R. Ward, 86 Beach St., Bloomfield, N. J.

Special Spring discount to inquiries this week for a Westfield plot, 100x100, near depot, close to many houses, &c.; on a hill; $10 cash, $8 monthly; be sure to send name this week. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Farm tract 5½ acres, suitable for poultry, fruit, garden; no buildings; near station; hour out on Lackawanna; commutation 14 cents; $300 per acre. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

COUNTRY HOUSE TO LET IN NEW YORK CITY,

within five minutes' walk of 180th St. Subway Station.

Large stone house, spacious grounds and garden. Stable, garage, greenhouse and gardener's cottage; on high ground and exceptionally attractive location. Apply Manhattan Leasing Co., 149 Church St., N. Y. C.

Brooklyn.

Three-story basement and cellar brick, bay window, twelve rooms and bath, within two minutes' walk of Brooklyn Borough Hall Subway entrance; only $55. Henry L. Redfield, 16 Court St., Brooklyn. Telephone 3814 Main.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

For Bankers, Brokers, Lawyers and Real Estate Operators

Suite and Single Outside Rooms

TIMES BUILDING

(Times Square)

FOR RENT

Most Accessible, Best Lighted and Best Ventilated Office Building in New York

APPLY TO RENTAL AGENT, TIMES BUILDING

DOUBLE COMMISSIONS TO BROKERS

134 TO 140 WEST 29th St.
100x100 Bldg.
2 BIG LOFTS E. G. SOUTHWICK, Tel. 7960 Mad. Sq.
ONE TO BE SUBDIVIDED. LIVE STEAM.

Small Offices

with perfect natural light; rents $300 to $400; modern fireproof office building, 95-7 Liberty St.; a stone's throw from Broadway; best for money down town. CHAS. F. NOYES CO., 25 William St. Tel., 80—John.

AT ENORMOUS SACRIFICE

Will Sublet
2,458 square feet on the 4th floor of
25 BROAD STREET,
suitable for broker's office.
Will Divide.
Apply to WARREN & SKILLIN, 174 Fulton Street.

STORE AND BASEMENT
17 MADISON AVENUE,
Between 24th and 25th Streets.

A desirable store in a desirable location, 1,551 square feet of net usable space in store and 1,000 square feet in basement. Reasonable rental. Apply
L. H. SLAWSON, 17 Madison Avenue.

Broadway and 39th St. Bldg.

SMALL AND LARGE LIGHT OFFICES, $20 to $50. Harris & Vaughan, Agts., 1,416 Broadway.

To Lease in New Factory Building.—Loft 60x100, (6,000 square feet,) with steam power and elevator 6x13; steam heat. Nothing better to be had anywhere. Don't spend your life in dark places; see us for this loft. Wm. Kral & Co., cor. Franklin and Munson Sts., opposite 92d St. ferry, Astoria, New York City.

To let or to lease, large, light manufacturing loft, near water front; terms very reasonable. Apply Lesine & Posner, 533 East 119th St., city.

Just completed, very desirable stores, 20x50, ground and parlor floors, at Nos. 84-86 East 58th St.; attractive rents for immediate occupancy.

28th St., cor. 1st Av.—Two lofts, 100x100; light on four sides; steam power; large elevator; all improvements. Apply on premises.

Will sublet very desirable office, German-American Building. Inquire Suite 709, 128 William St.

Light single loft; light all around. Rent Reasonable. 520 West 46th.

73D ST., 173 WEST.
Parlor, basement; doctor or light business.

NEW JERSEY.

NEWARK, N. J.
Groedel Bldg., 280-284 Plane St., centrally located; five lofts, 60x110; new mill construction; floor space 5,000 square feet each; can be subdivided; light all around; heat, gas, electric light, power; elevator service; mercantile purposes, offices. Inquire premises.

SPEND A SUMMER AT
MONTCLAIR

and enjoy the many advantages of a beautiful suburban town convenient to New York and still far enough away to escape the dust and heat of the city.

FURNISHED HOUSES
may be had for rental from $75 per month upwards.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES
from $50 to $500 per month.
SEND FOR MEMO OF EITHER TO

F. M. CRAWLEY & BROS.
REAL ESTATE BROKERS
Plaza Building, Montclair, N. J.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

Washington and Jefferson

318-332 WEST 51ST ST.—Attractive apartments; four to six large rooms; elevator; telephone; all improvements. Superintendent or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Ave.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

2, 3, 5 AND 6 ROOMS.

Two and three rooms have kitchenettes; high-class elevator apartment; new building; beam ceilings, parquet flooring, tiled baths and showers, telephone, electric lights, wall safes, and all modern improvements.
DAWSON ARMS,
235 West 110th St., Facing Central Park.
Rents $35 to $75. Open Evenings.

VAN PRAAG

522-524 West 112th St.
Between Amsterdam Av. and Broadway.
5-6 Rooms, $36 to $47
Every improvement; telephones, etc.

THE MIDLOTHIAN

353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

East Side.

515 Madison Avenue,

CORNER 53D ST.,
TWO VERY ATTRACTIVE APARTMENTS,
11 Light Rooms and 3 baths.
8 " " 2 "
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
MOOYER & MARSTON,
477 FIFTH AVE., COR. 41ST ST.
Telephone 923 Bryant.

720-728 THIRD AVE.

Flats of seven extra large, light rooms and bath; in these well-kept apartment houses, near 45th St., rents low; possession May 1st.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

Just completed, attractive bachelor suites, two rooms and bath, $45-$65, service included, at Nos. 84-86 East 58th St.; special rates for Summer months.

LEGAL NOTICES.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

To all persons interested in the Estate of LORD ADVERTISING AGENCY assigned to FRANCIS P. SHERWOOD, for the benefit of creditors, as creditors or otherwise, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear in the Supreme Court of the State and County of New York, at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, in the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 26th day of May, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., there and then to show cause why a final settlement of the accounts of FRANCIS P. SHERWOOD, Assignee of the above-named LORD ADVERTISING AGENCY, insolvent debtor, should not be had, and if no cause be shown then to attend the final settlement of the Assignee's account.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto caused the seal of the said Supreme Court to be hereto affixed.

Witness, Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, one of the Justices of the said Supreme Court of the State of New York, this 7th day of April, 1911.
[Seal] WM. F. SCHNEIDER, Clerk.
MORRIS & PLANTE, Attorneys for Assignee, 135 Broadway, New York City.

Notice is hereby given that United Bank Note Corporation, a domestic corporation, having its principal office in the City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 8th day of May, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to "American Bank Note Company."

Dated New York, N. Y., April 15, 1911.
United Bank Note Corporation. By D. E. Woodhull, Vice President.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the voluntary dissolution of EXPORT LUMBER COMPANY, a domestic corporation.—In the matter of the Receivership of Export Lumber Company.—Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of May, 1911, the undersigned, as Receiver of Export Lumber Company, the corporation above named, will make a second dividend among the creditors entitled thereto, and which will be a final dividend.

Dated 42 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, April 24th, 1911.
WATERMAN A. TAFT, Receiver.
DAVIES, STONE & AUERBACH, Attorneys for Receiver, 34 Nassau Street, New York City.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 Months for $5

and upwards. Every machine is in fine working order and will be kept so during term of rental. Initial payment allowed to apply if purchased. WE SELL rebuilt machines, guaranteed for one year, at a saving of 50% to 75%. Send for catalogue.
TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
114 Barclay St., 5 Doors from B'way. Tel. 5915 Barclay. | 345 Broadway, Cor. of Leonard St. Tel. 5408 Franklin.

Horrocks DESKS
Oak Mahogany
All Finishes.
FRANKLIN OFFICE FURNITURE CO., 48 E. 20th St

UNDERWOODS

Remingtons, Smiths, and all other Typewriters sold, $15 to $60. We rent them and allow 6 months' rental to apply if purchased. We take care of them as long as you rent and one year after you buy. TYPEWRITER SALES CO., 5 Cortlandt St., cor. Broadway. Tel. 1983 Cortlandt.

Spring Clearance Sale of Office Furniture at cost.
28-30 West 20th St.

DESKS & OFFICE FURNITURE
NEW AND SLIGHTLY USED.
Budd & Co., 40 E. 20th St.
Telephone 2661 Gramercy.

High-Grade Office Furniture

desks, tables, partitions, telephone booths; new and slightly used, &c.; immense stock to select from. Budd & Co., 73 Spring St. Tel. Spring 5483.

DESKS Roll and Flat Top. Chairs. Filing Cabinets. Office Partition. HAMBURGER, 33 E. 20th St.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.

Highest grade of workmanship; lowest prices. Save money by getting our prices before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. Phone connects.

CLOTHES of DISTINCTION NO FIT NO PAY.
Special SUIT to ORDER $20. Value $30.
Grossman, 84 Nassau St., 1 flight up.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

PIANOS MOVED OR EXCHANGED

Pianos moved by our quick auto service; low prices. Pianos exchanged; send postal; our agent will call and quote highest value. Open evenings. Phone 4952 Main. Goetz & Co., 81 Court St., cor. Livingston, Bklyn.

SCHOOLS.

ET

Effectiveness

¶ The advertisement :

I AM A YOUNG WOMAN of initiative and have had six years of practical experience as stenographer, typewriter and secretary, and on account of a general breakdown in health was forced to resign my last position. For three years and a half I was connected with a large publishing house in this city and had full charge of all the routine work. What I desire now is to connect with a large, reliable concern, preferably publishing, where I can make myself valuable. I know that I have the ability, and my credentials speak for themselves. I am a worker and feel confident that if there were only some way of making a good connection I could do the rest. Now I consider the following a very good and fair proposition: To a responsible concern desiring the services of a young woman in the above capacity I shall take pleasure in rendering my services for one week absolutely without salary, with the understanding, of course, that if I make good I am to have a permanent position. I can hardly afford this, but it seems almost impossible to get in touch with the right kind of people, and I consider this the only alternative. My mother is an invalid widow, and it is absolutely necessary that I make almost immediate connections. K 103 Times.

¶ The proof (two days later):

The New York Times:

In reference to the advertisement in Sunday's issue of The New York Times, I have secured a desirable position.

I also received many other responses, but I will give this place a fair trial.

I assure you that my words in praise of your Effective advertisements are gratefully given.

H. S. L.,
214 Lewis Avenue,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

¶ This young woman used "Effective" advertising once—and got the offer of several positions.

¶ The "Effective" advertising columns are open to all advertisers of character.

¶ Go to any advertising agency or telephone Bryant 1000.

Lost

50c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—On Friday morning, the 28th inst., between 81st St., on Broadway to 70th St., Central Park West, or Broadway car to 100th St., a pearl necklace. Apartment 8E, 318 West 100th St.

LOST—Between 88th St. and 83d St. on Columbus Av., a bar pin 1½ inches long; four Oriental pearls and three diamonds; reward $15. Mrs. W. V. Hill, 171 West 79th St.

LOST.—Diamond brooch, Saturday night, 11:30 P. M., from Hotel Brevoort, 5th Av., Astor Place Subway station, 8th St.; liberal reward for return. L. H. H., 49 East 19th St.

LOST—Lady's ring, set with two large diamonds, between Park Casino and West 79th St., Sunday; liberal reward for its return. L 97 Times.

LOST—Friday, Adelphi St. to Grand Central Station, pendant of opals and diamonds, gold chain. Mrs. W. T. Bingham, 376 Adelphi St. Suitable reward.

LOST.—Grip marked L. Hessler, Rafayette steamer Prince Grand, Hamburg-American line tag. Notify Lyons Express, 201 East 106th.

LOST.—Diamond pin, scroll design, 1 large diamond, several smaller ones; liberal reward for return. L. Barrows, 160 West 59th St.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

50c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—Small brown Pomeranian; answers to name Billie; $10 reward. 66 West 87th St.

LOST—Collie, white collar and feet, bushy tail; reward; Thursday. 43 West 85th St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

50c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, April 28.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—Hudson Tubes. Apply 137 Christopher St.; Package, book, bottles, gloves, purse.

FOUND, April 29.—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J.—April 27—One umbrella. April 28—Four packages.

FOUND, April 29.—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station—Dress suitcase, two rolls, one umbrella, one book, package, two pairs of gloves, commutation ticket, package.

FOUND, April 29.—LONG ISLAND R R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City—Two packages.

FOUND, April 29.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.—One umbrella, five packages, pair of gloves.

FOUND, April 29.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.—One package of papers containing eleven packages, book. Waiting Room—Package of photos. Lehigh Valley Train—Overcoat.

FOUND, April 29.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.—Package blue prints, box of laundry, one tan kid glove, package of blank paper, hat, package of wire.

FOUND, April 29.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.—Pullman—Necktpiece, book, child's coat, straw hat, breastpin, eyeglasses, umbrella.

Help Wanted

EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS

50c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Domestic.

MISS BRINKLEY,
EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
4 East 42d St. Tel. 6892 Bryant.
Supplies housekeepers, governesses, competent household servants. Houses opened, cleaners installed. Circular sent on request.

OLD DOMINION AGENCY, 88 West 134th.—Good, $1,000; guarantee A1 colored help. 1119 Harlem.

Purchase and Exchange

50c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Highest price paid for cast-off gentlemen's and ladies' garments and furs. Address mail to D. Stern & A. M. Pariser, 261 Broadway, City.

Highest prices for diamonds, pearls, old gold; established 1844. Mrs. Linch's Son, 945 Broadway.

Horses and Carriages

50c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Bargain.—Handsome, large opera bus; cost $2,000; also small brougham; perfect condition; good as new. Address, for particulars, Orlando Thayer, 42 Broadway, New York City.

A.—Steinway Upright in splendid order, cheap. 35 West 14th St.

Knabe Upright, good as new, at low price. 35 West 14th St.

Krakauer Upright piano, in good order, $150. 35 West 14th St.

Ward Upright piano. Great bargain. 35 West 14th St.

Business Opportunities

50c. a line 1 time; 85c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

For Sale.—Old-established manufacturing business doing gross business of one hundred and sixty thousand per year; located in small town in New York State; labor conditions the best; producing and selling forces well organized; will earn good profits on one hundred and sixty thousand dollars; no agents or commission men need inquire. Address L 93 Times.

Growing machinery manufacturing business, controlling very valuable patents and staple machinery, has office or sales position paying $3,500.00 to man of ability having few thousand dollars for conservative investment. D 288 Times Downtown.

Restaurant, A1 location, seating 125; established 10 years; can be had by responsible party for almost nothing; write for particulars; long lease. L 96 Times.

WANTED—A real man as executive Secretary for large construction company; must become financially interested. Address Secretary, L 28 Times.

Partner wanted in a profitable, legitimate proposition, from $400 to $800 and services required. Apply Room 305, 391 East 149 St.

A good chance for a young man, hustler, with few hundred dollars, downtown realty office; call evenings. 104 West 122d St.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ANY LADY CAN EASILY MAKE, WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST INCONVENIENCE, FROM $12 TO $30 WEEKLY SELLING OR RECOMMENDING THE MARVELOUS PEETZ FRONT LACE CORSET. ITS POPULARITY AND RECOGNIZED PERFECTION ASSURE A HANDSOME INCOME TO EVERY INTERESTED LADY. INQUIRE 36 EAST 33D ST.

COLORED girl for general housework, small family, apartment; city references. Blackman, 697 West End Av.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

PRINTING OFFICE desires to learn of several ambitious young men with knowledge of printing business to act as salesmen; plant or office experience desired; give particulars. L 17 Times.

SALESMAN to sell Waltham watches on installments; $1 down, $1 weekly; big money; experience unnecessary. United Watch Co., 154 Nassau St.

SALESMEN.—Men over 25 to act as salesmen and collectors; must come well recommended; good paying, steady position. 277 Broadway, Room 601; ask for Mr. Routh.

SALESMEN (2) wanted, over 25, of good education and address, for out-of-town work. Shuman Co., 156 5th Av.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between the ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED—First-class machinists and die makers who can furnish good references from their last two employers. Only men seeking steady and permanent employment need apply. E. W. Bliss Company, 17 Adams St., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A bright young man to learn the advertising business on a daily newspaper; salary to begin with, $10. Address Hardworker, Box L 54 Times.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Quick, correct figurer; understands office work; best references. Clerical, F 209 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, good knowledge stenography; moderate salary; best references; wishes position. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Girl wishes position as chambermaid and waitress in small family. Apply 566 Amsterdam Av., Carr's bell.

COMPETENT GIRL as chambermaid and seamstress; personal references. 1,497 Lexington Av., care of Leahy.

EDUCATED GIRL, 19, desires position as useful companion; prefers travel; German and English; references. L 67 Times.

GERMAN STENOGRAPHER.—German-American girl wishes position as German stenographer and typewriter; can also take English dictation. Mary A. Korn, 301 East 49th St.

GIRL, 17 years old, knowledge of bookkeeping, attends evening high school, neat and very willing, desires a position in an office. Address (D. F.) F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

GOVERNESS.—Experienced governess, excellent references, desires Summer position; accustomed to travel. L 72 Times.

I AM A STRANGER in New York, having come from Deming, New Mexico; my husband has deserted me and our seven-year-old daughter; I cannot trace him, and am without money; I am a capable housekeeper, thoroughly experienced in the care and management of house and servants; willing and able to take entire charge of house, or to be a caretaker, wherever I can have my daughter with me; it is essential to have work soon, for I am without means for daily support. L 33 Times.

MAID.—Present employer would like to find position for middle-aged French maid; most excellent references several years; reliable and trustworthy; accomplished seamstress. Call Monday and Tuesday, 40 East 69th St.

MASSAGE—By Swedish graduate; ladies' residence; highest references. Miss Brostrom, 40 West 62d St.

SECRETARY.—An intelligent secretary to author; literary work. Chartres, H 23 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST.—Competent; seven years' experience in newspaper, advertising and clerical line; accurate; permanent position; good at figures; $15. R. R., 1,125 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; refined young woman of executive ability, rapid typist, versed office routine, wishes position with first-class firm; salary, $15; references. F 235 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' experience, desires position where neatness, accuracy, intelligence, are desired; best reference from last employer; $12. F 236 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, spells and punctuates well, typewrites neatly and quickly; understands office work; references; salary, $8. F 237 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; well educated; given opportunity will prove ability. E 317 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; accurate and thoroughly reliable; references furnished. F 233 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Educational; three years' experience in general lines; moderate salary. F 210 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; any kind dictation, technical, &c. F 211 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; excellent education; best references; salary $8. F 206 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—18; some experience; references for exceptional perfect transcriptions; $8. E 318 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; very best references; $10. F 207 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—First-class; handle any work, however technical; unquestionable references. F 208 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—One at present employed; willing to do some extra work. L 98 Times.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A1 OFFICE MAN, accountant, correspondent, bookkeeper and stenographer; unquestioned references, bond; young Southerner desires position where merit will win. L 68 Times.

ABILITY.—Young man, 27 years, thorough business training, executive, previously well connected; highly recommended; interview desired. L 64 Times.

ACCOUNTANT AUDITOR,
Having eight years' experience in public accounting offices and four years as accountant of electric light corporation, both in works and head office; references. K. C., 313 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.
All branches of work.
Moderate charges.
Room 501, 320 Broadway. Phone Worth 1819.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT. AUDITOR.
HERMANN E. GOLDSCHMIDT.
High grade. Moderate. References.
150 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 4317.

ACCOUNTANT.—Examine accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. George Carlisle, 863 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

AMERICAN, 28, executive ability, understands accounts; English stenographer; two years Brazil; speaks, writes Portuguese, French, German. Address, Brazil Development, D 291 Times Downtown.

BELL BOY, 17 years old, would like a position in a country hotel. Address (M. S.) F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER or assistant; young man, 22, desires position with reliable house; two years' experience; furnish best references. F 225 Times Downtown.

BOY, 16 years old, attending high school, wishes a position after school hours; anxious for work, but desires to continue studies. Address (B. G.) F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

BOY, 16 years old, public school graduate, good penman, some office experience, desires office position. Address (I. L.) F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

BOY, 18 years old, would like position in the country; Jewish. Address (M. S.) Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

BUTLER AND VALET.—Position by young man; just disengaged; best references to date. L 32 Times.

BUTLER, 23, in private family; can be seen at present employer's. 1 West 70th St.

CHAUFFEUR-MACHINIST, single, 21; wages moderate; all repairing; can run motor boats. Schmand, 63 4th St., N. Y.

COACHMAN.—A gentleman giving up horses wishes to place his first-class coachman. Address S., 14 East 57th St.

DETECTIVE takes day's pay, city, country; confidential service. Wagner, 1,243 Lexington Av., New York.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENT OR SECRETARY.
The advertiser, 32 years of age, thoroughly familiar with American business methods, seeks a position in which not only his long office experience but his knowledge of Europe, German, French and Greek languages would be of avail; best of references. L 21 Times.

HOUSEMAN.—Experienced (Chinese young man) desires position with a private family; references. E 219 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—College graduate, 3 years' experience as confidential secretary, knowledge of stenography, wishes position, preferably with author; references. K 168 Times.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.—Benno Phillipson, 21 White St. Telephone 3178 Franklin.

RESPONSIBLE EXECUTIVE POSITION DESIRED.—By man of Education: Academic, technical, and business training. Courteous; diplomatic; untiring tenacity; and executive ability, to deal with men and do things. Able to think, and get at the gist of problems. A train worker. Familiar with real estate values, investments, improvements and financial matters. Cares not how large the force, or responsibility. Would also undertake commissions to investigate and adjust business or private affairs, in Europe. Character, habits, and probity entirely reliable. Only strictly legitimate business propositions considered. No "schemes." Address K 166 Times.

SALESMAN, jeweler, diamond setter, colorer, long experience; capable of taking charge of repair department in retail store, or act as salesman, assistant to buyer or other position of trust; able to make prices on new as well as repair work, wishes position in New York City or vicinity; references A1. Address B. X., 794 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Situations Wanted

EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, High-Grade Office Helpers
BOOKKEEPERS, Office Service Co. (Agency)
STENOGRAPHERS. 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John

Domestic.

BUTLER and COOK.—Couple; competent; reliable; good references; city or country; $65. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

CARETAKER.—For private house; excellent city references. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St.

CHAS. WILSON, 141 East 57th St., Agency for select reliable help. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

COMPETENT HELP.—All trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 99th. Phone 1538 Riverside.

COOK.—Competent, economical, careful, and a good manager; long reference from last place; city or country; $35. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

COOKS, chambermaids, housewokers, waitresses, laundresses. Call Goode's Employment Agency, 472 Columbus Av., near 83d St.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids; good references; city, country. Henderson's, 110 West 134th St. Telephone 486—Morningside.

INSTANT RELIEF EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 131 West 133d St. Telephone 7288 Morningside. Male, female help; colored.

JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 826 6th Av.—Strictly reliable domestic help furnished. Telephone, 3089 Bryant.

MRS. LARSON'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY for select help, with first-class references. 53-51 East 125th, cor. Madison Av. Tel. Harlem—4283.

NURSE.—Swedish; competant; experienced; good reference; Far Rockaway preferred; $25. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

OLD DOMINION AGENCY, 88 West 134th.—Bond $1,000; guarantee A1 colored help. 1119 Harlem.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references thoroughly investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. 2508—Orchard.

SELECT COLORED HELP furnished. Middlesex Employment Agency, 81 West 132d St. Telephone 6370—Harlem.

SHEPHERD AGENCY, 107 West 133d St.; tel. 6916 Morningside.—Domestic help furnished: male, female; references.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

A.—47 57TH AV.—Second floor suites, with baths, single rooms; parlor dining room; small tables; transients and table guests accommodated.

57TH AV., 46.—Beautiful large front room, second floor; excellent board; table guests accommodated; references.

16TH ST., 7 WEST.—Large, cool rooms, elegant surroundings; excellent table.

20-22-33 WEST 16TH ST.
Large rooms, well furnished; excellent board, telephone.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Large room, private bath; also small room; telephone exclusive.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house, table strictly first-class; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large and single rooms; references.

56TH, 320 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms, with or without board; references exchanged.

50TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; references.

57TH ST., 319 WEST.—Rooms, single or en suite; private baths; near Subway, "L," and surface cars; table boarders.

68TH ST., 70 WEST.—Large room; gentlemen only; also parlor, floor; fine location; excellent table.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Large rooms; superior table; high-class house; all conveniences; telephone; references.

72D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable one, two room suites; high-class accommodations; table guests desired.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—Large sunny, also hall, room; parlor dining-room; references.

72D ST., 131 WEST.—Large front rooms; southern exposure; private baths; single room; table guests.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Phone 1336—Columbus. Large, small rooms; board; table guests accommodated; references.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Desirable single rooms; table guests accommodated; home cooking; reasonable; references.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated; private bath, hot water; single and double parlor; dining; excellent table; table guests; telephone; Gentiles.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large front room; also single room; parlor dining; references.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

76TH ST., 105 WEST.—Rooms, with board; high-class; telephone; references; table guests accommodated.

78TH ST., WEST.—$8; large room, with board; conecting bath. Address Opportunity, 390 Amsterdam Av.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms and board; high grade; Summer rates.

80TH ST., 108 WEST.—Unusual offer; delightful room, high-class accommodations; gentlemen or married couple.

80TH ST., 154 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; superior table board; near Subway; reasonable.

80TH ST., 150-152 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; every convenience; ideal location, Subway, L; parlor dining room.

81ST, 116 WEST.—Large, desirable room for gentlemen; strictly high-class board; references necessary.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—In refined Jewish home, first-class room, board; table guests accommodated.

82D ST., 50 AND 52 WEST.—Attractive, newly decorated rooms, with first-class board; private baths; electric light; telephone.

83D 11 WEST.—Large, small, or connecting rooms, front parlor; excellent table.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant room; handsomely furnished; private bath; every convenience; telephone; superior board.

93D ST., 161 WEST.—Beautiful room, dressing room, also single; conveniences; parlor dining; French cuisine.

94TH ST., 144 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, attractive to those appreciating quiet, well-ordered house.

102D ST., 243 WEST.—Private family offer exceptional accommodations; handsome home; aristocratic neighborhood; excellent table.

104TH ST., 29 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms; superior board; refined surroundings; table guests; phone.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms in newly furnished apartment; Soutnern cooking, daintily served.

122D ST., 201 WEST.—Three rooms, en suite or single; private family. 7th Av. Peck.

141ST ST., 212 WEST.—Apartment 1, 5th floor; elegant, large, light room; excellent board; strictly private; Jewish family; homelike; telephone; references.

140TH ST., 544 WEST.—Broadway Subway, Riverside Drive; beautiful Washington Heights; healthiest section. "The Audubon"; rooms, board; accommodations A1. Telephone 2757—Audubon.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—Pleasant rooms, with first-class table board; every home comfort; block from Subway; private house. 'Phone 4078 Audubon.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

ACROPOLIS HOTEL, 519 West 183d.—Singly or en suite; American and European plan; table board.

A.—THE EARLE.
Waverley Place, 103.—Beautifully furnished room, with private bath; excellent meals; central location.

East Side.

15TH ST., 210 EAST, Opposite Stuyvesant Park.—Double front room; table guests accommodated; telephone.

16TH ST., 132 EAST.—Large, small adjoining rooms; elegant board; every accommodation; southern exposure; references.

49TH ST., 9 EAST.—Large room with board; hall room vacant soon; references.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Rooms; excellent board optional; elevator; Summer engagements at reduced rates.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; exceptionally good board; telephone.

MADISON, 694-696, 23 East 63d.—Second floor, large rooms, $18 to $22, two persons, with board; single rooms, $8, $10.

MADISON AV., 71.—Desirable large and small rooms; telephone; references.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE HEIGHTS, 5.—Overlooking water; most accessible locality Greater New York; Subway five minutes; Wall St. and Broadway, twenty; seaside; rooms, apartments, furnished, unfurnished; neighborhood, house, high-class; table choicest products New York markets. 'Phone 905 Main.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Large, small rooms; excellent table; telephone.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

BAY PARKWAY, BENSONHURST.—Six select boarders wanted; overlooking ocean; bathing. Conway, 8,779 Bay Parkway, Brooklyn.

WILL accommodate two refined people; beautiful, private home; East Orange; Lackawanna service. L 95 Times.

SUMMER BOARDERS wanted; pleasant location. Address Mrs. Z. H. Strout, South Poland, Me.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Elegantly furnished sunny rooms, single or en suite, for people seeking superior accommodations; private home.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Very pleasant room; modern; conveniences; telephone; also small single room; $2.50.

9TH ST., 39 WEST.—Room, first floor; private bath; smaller room; running water, telephone.

15TH ST., 207 WEST.—Five light rooms, bath; plenty air and sunshine.

36TH ST., 51 WEST.—Large and small rooms; centrally located; reasonable; telephone.

38TH ST., 52 WEST.—Single rooms, good sized, cool, moderate; large studio; also front basement.

42D ST., 300 WEST.—Large and medium, outside; running water; two flights; reasonable. Rowland's bell.

45TH ST., 9 WEST.—Two large parlors, furnished or unfurnished; also furnished rooms to let.

48TH ST., 134 WEST.—Handsome back parlor, doctor; all conveniences; also large room; bath; gentleman.

48TH ST., 138 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; clean, quiet, private house.

52D ST., 48 WEST, Near 5th Av.—An exceptionally nice large room, private bath, electric light, refined home; central location; rent reasonable.

52D ST., 236 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Exceptionally attractive large room, private bath, refined home.

56TH ST., 68 WEST.—Desirable rooms, single or en suite; near Park; breakfast; references. Delacy.

60TH ST., 22 WEST.—Parlor bedroom; bath; $30-$50 month; meals; Subway; hotel service.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Attractive, homelike rooms, with or without bath; all improvements; Summer rates.

65TH ST., 150 WEST.—Elegant furnished front and back parlor; running water, piano, telephone; near Broadway; also sunny room, with kitchenette; $6, $8.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large front room; southern exposure; cool, airy. Small room; electricity; telephone.

69TH ST., 50 WEST.—Rooms with private bath; electricity; physicians' office; furnished or unfurnished.

69TH ST., 102 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, $6 to $8 weekly; private house; phone.

70TH ST., 273 WEST.—Unusual opportunity for gentleman seeking quarters in elegantly furnished private house, accommodating one only, excellent service; all conveniences.

71ST ST., 116 WEST.—Desirable large front rooms with board; reference; telephone.

72D ST., 302 WEST, Near Riverside.—Extremely pleasant large room; parquet floor; running water; phone; Subway; gentlemen.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large and medium; southern exposure; baths; Subway, elevated stations.

75TH ST., 104 WEST.—High-class, light, airy rooms; large closets; all modern improvements; telephone.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room in first-class neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 104 WEST.—High-class light, airy rooms, nicely furnished; all modern improvements; telephone.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

76TH ST., 59 WEST.—Bright rooms in high-class apartment; reasonable; telephone; all conveniences. Mathewson.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Second-story en suite or single; also medium room; private house; references.

77TH ST., 116 WEST.—Large and small rooms, en suite; single; private bath; board optional; references.

78TH ST., 114 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and single rooms; bath adjoining; all conveniences; reasonable.

80TH ST., 149 WEST.—Beautiful large front room in private residence; all conveniences; references. 'Phone 7514—Schuyler.

85TH ST., 168 WEST.—Desirable rooms in private house; quiet, refined surroundings; telephone; gentlemen only.

86TH ST., 15 WEST.—Beautiful, large, sunny rooms; private baths, closets; Summer rates; telephone; running water.

87TH, 209 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom; private family; all conveniences; block from Subway. Brown.

87TH ST., 176 WEST.—Refined home, two large rooms, running water, $4, $5. Bruns.

94TH ST., 137 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath; clean, well-furnished; private family.

95TH ST., 145 WEST.—Large, sunny front room; running water; private house.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Private house; large, comfortable furnished room, with bath; suitable for bachelors or married couple; select neighborhood; near Riverside Drive.

103D ST., 216 WEST.—Corner Broadway.—Attractive large corner room, suitable two, 'phone. Apart 3.

115TH, (1,115 Amsterdam Av.)—Comfortable single room; all conveniences; opposite Columbia dormitory; $3. Reynolds.

115TH ST., 414 WEST.—Large, bright, front room; small room; kitchen privilege; transients accommodated. Smith.

119TH ST., 420 WEST.—Fine rooms, southern exposure; Morningside; elevator, bath, telephone; Subway. Apt. 39.

121ST ST, 170 WEST.—Cool corner; newly furnished; all conveniences; telephone; Summer rates, $3 to $5.

121ST ST., 503 WEST.—Living room, 2 bedrooms; light housekeeping; opposite Columbia College. Fairhohn Rooney.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Very attractive outside rooms; elevator, telephone; references. Apartment 61.

122D ST., 514 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Large, high-class room, single, double, electricity. Kenyon.

123D ST., 348 WEST.—One or two beautiful, airy, comfortable, homelike rooms, bath; kitchenette arrangement; private house; moderate to refined party; gentleman, married couple. 'Phone 654 Morningside.

136TH ST., 144 WEST.—Elegant large bed and dressing room; bath; 'phone; near Subway; gentlemen; reference; private family.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Rooms, facing river; hotel conveniences, home comforts ideally combined. Pierson.

138TH, 618 WEST.—Cosy furnished room; private house; all conveniences; block from Subway; references.

178D ST., 558 WEST.—Neat room; running water; bath; private house; gentlemen.

AMSTERDAM AV., 289.—One front hall room, overlooking Broadway, and one middle room; one minute from 72d St. Subway express. Kirchner.

ARGYLE, 123D, 524 WEST.—Beautiful furnished roms; Broadway Subway and Hudson; 'phone 987 Morn.

BROADWAY, 1,788.—Single room, next bath, in exclusive apartment house; newly decorated; electric light; $4 weekly; gentlemen only; board optional. Franklin.

BROADWAY, 1,788.—Room, with private bath, in exclusive apartment house; newly decorated; electric light; to gentlemen only; board optional. Franklin.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 343, (corner 127th.)—Elegantly furnished, high-class elevator apartment; attractive furniture, linen, silver, &c.; 4, 5 rooms, low Summer rent, $9 weekly upward; beautifully furnished room, use bath, kitchen, $4-$6 weekly.

East Side.

17TH ST., 180 EAST.—Well furnished large and small rooms for gentlemen.

18TH ST., 118 EAST.—Near Subway station and Broadway; front room; reasonable.

21ST ST., 139 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Furnished rooms, without board; running water; terms reasonable.

24TH ST., 23 EAST.—Handsomely furnished rooms with or without private baths; modern conveniences.

29TH ST., 112 EAST.—Large, newly furnished suites, parlor and bedroom, newly renovated private house, suitable for two persons; heat, telephone, hot, cold running water; references.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Charming large room, first floor; private or professional; references.

48D ST., 13 EAST, (opposite Hotel Manhattan.)—Large, attractive room; running water; also small room.

50TH ST., 7 EAST.—Large and small rooms, furnished; private bath; gentlemen; references.

49TH ST., 88 EAST.—Very desirable rooms for gentlemen in private residence; rates moderate; references.

55TH ST., 24 EAST.—Finely furnished rooms; baths and telephones; suite or separately.

61ST ST., 238 EAST.—Large third-story back, near bath; references; gentlemen only; private house.

1.—76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Attractive rooms; ideal Summer location; board optional; Summer rates.

1.—1.—Exceptional accommodations for gentlemen in private house with owner; no other roomers; one or two handsomely furnished rooms with private bath, or entire floor with two baths; reasonable for Summer; references. 63 West 46th.

HAMILTON PLACE, 97, Near 142d.)—Neat, clean room; private family; bath adjoining; telephone; Apartment 15.

IRVING PLACE, 71.
Large and small rooms, private bath; $3.50 up.

LEXINGTON AV., 580, (52d St.)—Homelike rooms; also back parlor; baths; breakfast; telephone; references; select.

Brooklyn.

A NEW ENGLAND WOMAN has fine, newly renovated rooms, overlooking water, for men; with and without private baths; convenient Wall St. Subway and bridge; popular prices. 8 Montague Terrace, Heights.

MONROE PLACE, 1, (Corner Clark.)—Exceptionally fine rooms; spotless; convenient to Subway and bridge.

Bronx.

201ST ST., 322 EAST.—Bachelor apartment; large single room; every convenience; suburban; reasonable. Telephone 2370—Tremont.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

245 WEST 135TH ST.
125 feet from "L" station; surface cars pass the door; elegant apartments, nine rooms and bath; hot and cold water, steam heat, electricity; $50. Another apartment $45. Wilcox & Shelton, 245 West 125th Street.

At Summer rates, a few desirable suites of three and four rooms, with bath, furnished and unfurnished, in high-class apartment hotel. 'Schuyler Arms, 307 West 98th St.

TO SUBLET unfurnished, 514 W. 114th St.—Apartment 1, facing Columbia University, 6 rooms and bath; light, attractive; liberal concession from June 1st. Lockwood.

159th St., 478 West, Cor. St. Nicholas Av.—7 and 8 rooms; all outside, large, light rooms, with modern improvements; $38.

15th St., 330 West.—Elevator apartments; four, five rooms; $32.50, $42.50. Duross, 155 West 14th St.

To Let.—Apartment of 8 rooms, suitable for dentist or business office; rent, $65; second floor. 241 5th Av.

338 West 28th St.—Private block; three large, light rooms, second floor, in quiet private house with owner; bath, hot water.

21st St., 328 West.—Six light rooms, bath, hot water supply; halls heated; reasonable rent.

46th St., 45 West.—Handsome unfurnished apartment; gentlemen; reference.

Business Notices

50c. a line 1 time; 85c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Multigraph typewritten letters, 300 $1.20; 1,000 $1.50, 10,000 $8, delivered promptly; samples submitted; telephone 6364 Morningside. William Gray, 120 West 116th.

Capital furnished merchants and manufacturers by private bankers. P. O. Box 904.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

CORNER APARTMENT, MORNINGSIDE PARK.
Seven attractively furnished outside rooms to sublet October 1st, seventh floor; southern, western exposure; convenient L and Subway; terms to suit desirable tenant. 40 Morningside Av., cor. 118th. Phone 3447—Morningside. Apartment No. 2, seventh floor.

TO SUBLET, well furnished, 7-room apartment, all large and light, regularly rented $100 per month; will accept $60 from exceptional applicants. Can be seen by appointment. Apartment 18, 256 West 57th St.

Newly furnished, 10-room apartment to sublet for Summer; cool, delightful location, near Park; linen, silver, servant; what will you pay? 'Phone, 5030—Gramercy. Franklin.

West End Av., 752.—Seven attractively furnished rooms overlooking Hudson; 96th St. Subway; sacrifice rental to responsible party; mornings or evenings. Miller.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 116TH ST.—Beautifully furnished four rooms and bath, till Oct. 1 or longer; reasonable. Telephone 6694 Morning. Apart. 114.

To Sublet for the Summer—Furnished apartment; artistic; reasonable rent; references required. Inquire mornings, Mr. Blewett's office, 663 Lexington Avenue.

Beautifully furnished five-room apartment; eight windows; facing Columbia grounds; southern. 440 Riverside Drive. Apartment 36.

Furnished apartment, 7 rooms and bath; electric light, elevator; from now until last of September, $65. Homan, 758 West End Av.

Seven rooms and foyer, overlooking Hudson River; will make big concession till Oct. 1st. The Antlers, 603 West 111th St., eighth floor.

136

Bass' Ale

"Every Time Is Bass Time"

IV. Between Meals—

As a beverage, Bass is delightfully refreshing. It is not only cooling and satisfying to the taste, but "it reaches the spot."

On Draught and In Bottle Everywhere

Bass & Co., 90 Warren St. New York

Avoid Contagious Diseases—

Give proper attention to the best method of preserving your foods. A refrigerator that "really refrigerates" is absolutely necessary to insure the health of yourself and family. The

BOHN Syphon Refrigerator

is handsome, sanitary and modern. The constant circulation of cold, dry air, by means of syphons, prevents contamination of foods. A temperature of 40 deg. is easily maintained, with a saving of ice. All the big hotels, restaurants, railroads and well-known doctors use and recommend the Bohn. So should you. There is no better refrigerator made. Let us demonstrate the superiority and advantages of the Bohn over any other refrigerator. Call at your early convenience. You will find a size, style and price to suit you.

White Enamel Refrigerator Co.

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59 West 42nd St., N. Y.

Wallach Bros.

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The guaranteed Hose of Quality For Men and Women

QUALITY is the paramount characteristic of Kno-tair Hose, it is because of that Quality both of yarn and making that they are guaranteed.

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Men's lisle-like hose, $1.50.
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Men's and Women's silk lisle, $3.00.

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Vaughan's Special Mixtures

Every color; fresh seed; sure to grow.

0z., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., $1.50

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Vaughan's Seeds 25 Barclay Street Catalogue Free

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The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated flour. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

BANK GRAND JURY MAY BE ACCUSED

Another Jury Likely to Investigate Charge That Secrets Have Been Divulged.

INDICTMENT THIS WEEK

Report That Bill Will Be Returned Against a Friend of Cummins—Stock Sales Explained.

The spectacle of one Grand Jury investigating another is likely to be witnessed this week at the Criminal Court Building. The May Grand Jury will be sworn in to-day by Judge Mulqueen of General Sessions, and it was reported yesterday that he would instruct the jurors to inquire into charges that information that should be secret had leaked from the room of the Grand Jury which has for several weeks been investigating the Carnegie Trust Company affairs.

Those who have followed the Carnegie Trust case closely were inclined yesterday to think that such a move would come to nothing unless it could be proved that some of the jurors themselves had divulged secrets of the jury room. The inquiry would be conducted either by District Attorney Whitman in person or by one of his assistants. The District Attorney would be placed in the light of investigating himself in a way, for he has been conducting the Carnegie Trust investigation in person, and has been appearing before the Supreme Court Grand Jury almost every day for a month or more.

Mr. Whitman declined yesterday to comment on the subject further than to say that as District Attorney he was unaware that any crime had been committed, and that he thought it might be difficult for the General Sessions Grand Jury to subpoena the minutes of the Supreme Court Grand Jury.

Important developments in the Carnegie Trust Company case are expected this week. State Supt. of Banking Cheney will be asked to appear before the Grand Jury before the end of the week and explain why he allowed the Carnegie Trust to remain open several months after it had been ascertained that its capital had been impaired. The District Attorney has received no word from Gov. Dix concerning the report which Supt. Cheney is supposed to have made to him on this case. Mr. Whitman may visit Albany this week to confer with the Governor about it, as the Grand Jury wishes to read what the State Banking Superintendent has reported before calling on him to testify.

At least one indictment is expected in the next few days as a result of evidence now in the hands of the authorities. It is said that the man to be indicted is not connected in any way with the Directorate of the Carnegie Trust Company, but is a friend of William J. Cummins and of Joseph B. Reichmann, who have already been indicted on grand larceny charges.

Details of how Cummins, while in control of the Carnegie Trust Company, peddled stock of the institution around to his friends and sold blocks of his holdings on their notes were learned yesterday when the defense of one of the stockholders who is being sued by the State Banking Department became known. This stockholder is James E. R. Carpenter, an architect of this city, whose note for about $15,000 is now in the Carnegie Trust Company.

In answer to the suit, Mr. Carpenter says that he was induced to buy 100 shares of Carnegie Trust stock at $165 a share under misrepresentations. He says that in 1906 Cummins, whom he had known in Nashville, Tenn., assured him that an investment in Carnegie Trust stock would be wise, as it could be had for $165 a share and doubtless would be worth $500 a share in a short time.

Mr. Carpenter says Cummins took him to the trust company, assured him that Andrew Carnegie was financially interested in the institution, and that in the big vaults in the basement were stored the batches of stock and other securities owned by the wealthy ironmaster. Mr. Carpenter purchased the 100 shares of stock, he says, and made a cash payment of $1,500. He gave his note for the remainder.

Mr. Cummins took this note and discounted it in the Carnegie Trust Company. He did not turn over the stock to Mr. Carpenter, however, but deposited the stock in escrow in the Carnegie Trust, with the understanding that when the note was paid the stock would be handed over. The State banking laws prevented the Carnegie Trust from accepting its own stock as collateral for a loan, and that is why, says Mr. Carpenter, his note was used.

HELD HER JOB 46 MINUTES.

New Servant, Accused of Theft, Locked Herself in Bathroom.

Anna Klein, a young Polish girl, went to work at the home of Hermann Kirsch, 130 East Ninety-sixth Street, at 11 o'clock Saturday morning. Mrs. Kirsch told Magistrate O'Connor in the Harlem Court yesterday that she was positive about the time, because she had just laid her watch on the dressing case in her room.

At exactly 11:46 o'clock, she told the Magistrate, she returned to her room, and was astonished to see her new servant take a silver mesh bag containing two unset diamonds, valued at $400; a diamond ring with twenty-one stones, worth $150, and a two-dollar and a five-dollar bill from one of the drawers.

Mrs. Kirsch said that the girl ran to the bathroom and locked the door. Mrs. Kirsch sent for her husband, and he could not induce the girl to open the door. Policeman Siefert of the East Eighty-eighth Street Station broke it down.

The girl was searched, but no trace of the jewelry or bag could be found. She had a two-dollar and a five-dollar bill in her pocket, but that was all. She pleaded not guilty, and would not discuss her case with any one. She was held without bail for the Grand Jury.

Mamie Batchkowski, 17 years old, of 339 West Twenty-ninth Street was held in $1,500 bail for the Grand Jury by Magistrate O'Connor, charged with grand larceny. She pleaded not guilty, although Detectives Hawkins and Thompson say she confessed to taking more than $400 worth of jewelry from her employer, Mrs. Berryhill, wife of Thomas A. Berryhill, a Surgeon in the United States Army, who lives at 575 Riverside Drive.

Tries to Die, Then Changes His Mind.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, April 30.—An old man registered to-day as John Smith of 1,921 Washington Boulevard, Chicago, in the Hotel Brevoort, and after going to his room stopped up cracks of doors and windows and turned on the gas. He changed his mind about suicide later and attempted to open the window, but had inhaled so much gas he fell unconscious. His fall was heard by the proprietor, who burst open the door. At the hospital the man would not explain his action.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 30.—No John Smith resides at 1,921 Washington Boulevard, and no one at that address knows of any such person being at Atlantic City. The city directory fails to show any John Smith living in Washington Boulevard.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.		Loss.
1:10—1,268	Clay Av.; Marie Doll	Trifling
1:15—2,440	Amsterdam Av.; Louis Wendel	Trifling
1:30—1,858	2d Av.; Henry Bursch	Trifling
2:10—391	Fort Washington Av.; John Haynes	Trifling
2:35—1,831	2d Av.; Peter Labbarian	$25
3:40—615	W. 138th St.; H. Youngling	$1,000
3:55—301	Cherry St.; A. Miller	Trifling
5:35—1,878	7th Av.; John Haran	Trifling
5:20—325	E. 9th St.; Max Shin	$25
5:25—15	1st St.; Joseph Domico	$400
7:00—1,823	Broadway; Benjamin Salvi	$500
7:45—2,600	8th Av.; Mrs. Martin	$25
7:50—292	Monroe St.; H. Gerlinken	$20
9:30—217	E. 43d St.; American Express Company	$500
10:50—728	8th Av.; M. Carroll	$25
P. M.		
1:15—220	E. 84th St.; Matthew Weber	$1,000
3:45—100	E. 38th St.; J. M. Nagle	$2,000
3:55—46	West St.; B. T. Babbitt	$20
4:30—171	Greene St.; Universal Waist Co.	$200
5:00—7	Howard St.; owner unknown	Trifling
5:40—61	E. 115th St.; I. Solomon	Trifling
0:00—153th St.,	between St. Nicholas Av. and St. Nicholas Place; owner unknown	None
7:20—080	9th Av.; Interborough Co.	Trifling
7:30—324	E. 63d St.; N. Schwenk	Trifling
7:30—38-40	Suffolk St.; I. Hemdle	Trifling
7:30—68, 40	Suffolk St.; I. Hemdle	Trifling
8:16—414	West 30th St.; L. Revere	Trifling
10:05—724	St. and Central Park West; Majestic Hotel	Trifling

GOV. WILSON'S WESTERN TRIP

Itinerary of Tour Announced—Not Campaigning, It's Declared.

TRENTON, N. J., April 30.—Gov. Woodrow Wilson will leave Princeton next Wednesday afternoon for his four weeks' speaking tour of the Western States. It is declared in the Governor's behalf that it is not a campaigning trip in any sense. It is not denied, however, that he will discuss political issues on the trip, but he has planned to do so only in a broad non-partisan sense.

Gov. Wilson's first speaking stop will be at Kansas City, where he is to be received by the Commercial Club on the afternoon of May 5 and to be the principal speaker at a dinner of the Knife and Fork Club that evening. Next he goes to Denver, where on May 7 he will address the tercentenary celebration of the publication of the English Bible in the Auditorium, where the last Democratic National Convention was held. Monday afternoon he will be guest of the Government Science Club, an organization composed of prominent women political workers and voters in that woman suffrage city. Monday evening he will be the principal speaker at a dinner of the Denver Chamber of Commerce.

His activities in Denver will be concluded with brief addresses before the Rocky Mountain Princeton Club at a luncheon and reception on Tuesday afternoon and at a dinner of the Mile-High Club that evening. At noon May 10 he leaves for the Pacific Coast. The remainder of his itinerary follows:

May 12—Arrives at Los Angeles for two days' stop as guest of the Princeton Club, the Pasadena Board of Trade, and the Los Angeles City Club, a non-partisan good government organization.

May 15—Arrives at San Francisco to speak at a public dinner arranged by the Princeton, Harvard, and Yale Clubs of the city.

May 16—Will address probably the largest audience of his tour in the open-air theatre at the University of California at Berkeley. The commencement exercises begin on the following day, and a large attendance from all the Far West is expected.

...ay 18—Arrives at Portland, Ore., where his engagements include entertainment by Princeton men, a dinner by the Commercial Club, a luncheon at the Y. M. C. A., and a public meeting arranged by a committee of his admirers.

May 20—Arrives at Seattle, where Princeton men again receive him. Other features include a public meeting organized by Princeton men and other admirers and a reception at the Seattle Press Club.

May 24—Arrives at Minenapolis to be guest of the Publicity Club at a noonday luncheon and of the St. Paul Association of Commerce on the evening of the same day.

May 24—Arrives at Minneapolis, to be address the Commercial Club of that city that evening.

May 28—Arrives at Chicago, and leaves that evening for home.

DEATH BY FIRE NOT SO BAD.

Medical Journal Thinks There Is No Extreme Physical Suffering.

The question is often debated as to whether persons who lose their lives in a fire developing with great rapidity undergo extreme physical suffering. An authoritative opinion is expressed by The New York Medical Journal, which says:

"Unnecessary anguish of mind has probably been felt by relatives of the unfortunate workers who were killed in the recent fire in Washington Place by reflection on the supposedly agonizing pain caused by such a death. Where, however, a great bulk of highly inflammable substances is quickly consumed in a closed space, the result is the production of large quantities of carbon monoxide.

"This gas, it is well known, combines with the haemoglobin of the blood to form a bright scarlet compound that refuses to combine with oxygen. The result is a speedy and probably painless asphyxiation, before the flames have had a chance to attack the bodies of the victims. It is extremely difficult to resuscitate those who are perishing in this manner.

"The mental suffering undergone by those who were attempting to escape had, however, no mitigating circumstances."

ARREST COUPLE IN HOTEL.

Angry Husband Had Traced Them—Both Held for Trial.

Special to The New York Times.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., April 30.—Detectives broke into a room in the Grand Avenue Hotel, to-day and arrested Mrs. May Beardsley Alfriend, wife of W. W. Alfriend, a clerk in the Hanover National Bank, and Ralph Kerr of New York. They were held under $300 bail each. Security was furnished by Andrew T. Van Cleve, an Ocean Grove plumber. When arraigned Mrs. Alfriend pleaded guilty.

"Never mind, I'll marry you," said Kerr.

"Thank you," replied Mrs. Alfriend.

The Alfriends are from Atlanta, Ga. They were married six years ago, and separated six months ago. Mr. Alfriend traced his wife to Asbury Park, and when he found Kerr there threatened to kill both.

BURIED IN STORM CELLAR.

When a Tornado Came Along the Earth Caved in and Covered Family.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., April 30.—A tornado early to-day caused the death of Harvey Deen, 4 years old, and the serious injury of his father, Henry Deen, and the Deen baby at the family home in Avenue City.

A recently completed storm cellar caved in and buried the Deen family beneath several feet of earth. Mrs. Deen escaped with only slight bruises and burrowed her way to the open air and summoned help. Both Deen and the baby were unconscious when removed from the cellar by neighbors.

The Deens recently came from Oklahoma, where they had been frightened by tornadoes.

Fire Ties Up the Elevated.

Trains on the southbound track of the Ninth Avenue elevated were delayed for ten minutes last night when a lighted bundle of newspapers was dropped upon the structure near Forty-seventh Street. The paper was dropped by some one standing on the rear platform of a downtown train. The blaze spread rapidly and ignited the ties. The fire was noticed by people in the street below, and firemen with extension ladders extinguished the flames.

Brewery to Supply City Water.

A preliminary agreement has been reached between Mount Vernon and the Westchester County Brewery, whereby the brewery company will sink six artesian wells, install an electric pump, and deliver from 1,500,000 to 2,000,000 gallons of water daily to the city of Mount Vernon. The agreement will be indorsed by the Aldermen next Tuesday night. The water will cost the city $80 per million gallons.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS.

HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats, $1. Evs. 8. Last Weeks. MARCHING THROUGH GEORGIA—The INTERNATIONAL CUP—BALLET OF NIAGARA—12 BIG CIRCUS ACTS.

WINTER GARDEN Tues., Thurs. & Sat. 2. 50th St. & B'way. Telephone 411 Columbus. MATINEE TO-MORROW. 50c. to $1.50. Evs. at 8. Matinees Ballet, Spectacle, Musical, Variete and Comedy Features. 30 STARS. 250 NEAR STARS. Special Sunday Night Concerts.

LYRIC 42d St., w of Broadway. To-night at 8:15. 4 Weeks Only. WM. A. BRADY'S All-Star Revival of the Famous Union Square Theatre Success. THE LIGHTS O' LONDON By Geo. R. Sims. With this Phenomenal Cast: ROLBROOK BLINN, WM. COURTENAY, DORIS KEANE, MARGUERITE CLARK, THOS. A. WISE, DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS, CHARLES RICHMAN, LAWRANCE D'ORSAY, THOS. Q. SEABROOKE, LEONORE HARRIS, JEFFREYS LEWIS, FRANK HATCH. Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Best Seats $1.50. Mr. Mantell To-night, Tues. & Wed. Nights, 8:15, MACBETH; Wed. Mat., ROMEO AND JULIET; Thurs. Night, KING LEAR; Fri. Night, OTHELLO, (Mr. Mantell as Iago;) Sat. Mat., THE MERCHANT OF VENICE; Sat. Night, RICHARD III.

THE PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Tel. 2628 Bryant. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. OVER NIGHT 5TH MONTH IN NEW YORK

CASINO Broadway & 39th. Evenings 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15. LOUISE GUNNING in A BALKAN PRINCESS

BROADWAY Thes., B'way & 41st. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15. LEW FIELDS IN THE HEN-PECKS

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th, bet. B'y & 6th Ave. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. THE DEEP PURPLE By Armstrong and Manter. "Action swift enough to play the long roll on a snare drum."—Metcalfe, in Life.

39th Street THEA., 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15. JOHN MASON In Augustus Thomas' best play. AS A MAN THINKS.

William Collier's Comedy Thea. 41st, E. of B'y. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-m'w, 2:20. William Collier in The Dictator

Lew Fields' Herald Sq. B'way & 35th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20 EVERYWOMAN (Her Pilgrimage in Quest of Love.) "A MODERN DRAMA AND SPECTACLE THAT GRIPS YOU FROM START TO FINISH."—Commercial.

MAJESTIC Broadway & 59th St. Evgs. 8:15. Popular Prices. 25c-$1.50. ITALIAN COMIC OPERA CO. Palermo To-night, I. SALTIMBANCHI. Tues., premiere of AMORE DE PRINCIPE. In preparation: BOCCACCIO

WEST END TO-NIGHT. 15c. to 75c. Wed. & Sat. Mats., 15c. to 50c. OBT. T. HAINES STOCK CO. in "SOLDIERS OF FORTUNE."

DANIEL FROHMAN'S

MEMORIES OF A MANAGER

Being recollections of plays and players of the past 25 years

32 *Illustrations from Original Photographs Not*, $1.00 (*postage* 10c.)

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Carnegie Hall—Next Thurs. at 3—Adeline GENEE

Only Performance "THE DRYAD" Her London Dream Fantasy Prices 75c. to $2.00. Tickets at box office.

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Ev. 8:15. BURLESQUE—STAR & GARTER SHOW.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Begins 8:30 Matinees Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. MRS. FISKE in MRS. BUMPSTEAD-LEIGH.

KNICKERBOCKER, Broadway & 38th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. RALPH HERZ IN DR. De LUXE The Novelty Musical Comedy Success. By the authors of "Madame Sherry."

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. DAVID BELASCO presents BLANCHE BATES in NOBODY'S WIDOW. Special Matinee TO-MORROW, 4 P. M. COUNTESS de SWIRSKY WILL DANCE HER FAREWELL. Great Orchestra. Seats 50c. to $2, at Box Office.

FOLIES BERGERE 46th St. B'way. DINNER 6 to 8:15. | 8:15 to 11. Revue & Ballet | Ethel Levey & 200 artists | 100 GIRLS 11:15. Supper and Cabaret Performance—10 Acts. Matinee To-morrow—Luncheon 12:30 to 2:15. Then Revue & Ballet; at 4 interm. Tea de luxe.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. LAST WEEK Spectacular Dramatic Triumph. NEXT MONDAY (Seats Thurs.) THAIS FRANCIS WILSON in THE BACHELOR'S BABY.

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Wed. Mat., 50c. to $1.50. THE PINK LADY Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe.

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Overture 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. LAST SIX WEEKS THIS SEASON OF THE YEAR'S TRIUMPH. Christie Macdonald in The Spring Maid.

"EXCUSE ME" AT THE GAIETY 46th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. The Funniest Farce in 20 Years.

THOUSANDS SAY THE SWEET SINGING BROADWAY FAVORITES NORA BAYES & JACK NORWORTH HAVE THE BRIGHTEST MUSICAL FARCE IN TOWN in "LITTLE MISS FIX-IT," with A Laugh or a Song Hit Every Minute at Charles Dillingham's GLOBE B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:20. Wed. Mat. Popular.

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